NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXIX. No. 23091. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, MAY 24, 1939 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1½ cents; abroad 15 cents.) TEN CENTS

東京帝國大學法學部研究室

O Ministro de Portugal e a Senhora de Lebre e Lima recebem os cumprimentos das pessoas da Colònia Portuguesa que desejem apresentá-los no proximo dia 28 de Maio, das 12 ás 13, no edificio do Consulado Geral de Portugal, 15 Route Garnier.

Nao sera expedidos quaisquer convites pessoais.

Shanghai, 23 de Maio de 1939.

12972

GEORGE ROGERSON COUTTS
Deceased,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925 that all persons having claims or demands upon or against the Estate of GEORGE ROGERSON COUTTS deceased formerly on 425 Great Western Road Shanghai who died on the 12th day of February 1937 at Shanghai China who have not already done so are hereby requested on or before the 31st day of July 1939 to send in writing particulars of their claims or demands to the undersigned AND that after the said 31st day of July 1939 the Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to claims and demands of which the undersigned shall then have had notice and will not be answerable for the assets so distributed or any part thereof to any person of whose claim or demand the undersigned shall not then have had notice.

PLATT, WHITE-COOPER & CO.,
Legal Practitioners for
REGINALD FRANCIS
CHESTER MASTER and ERNEST
FROST HARDMAN, the Executors.

Shanghai, May 22, 1939. 12957

To the attention of
the Medical Profession!

M & B 693

(2-sulphanilyl-aminopyridine)

referred to in the "North-China Daily News" article of Saturday May 20, 1939, on Page 7

is known under its trade name

"DAGENAN"

Literature on request from

OLIVIER—CHINE
Pharmaceutical Department
51 Hongkong Road, Shanghai
Telephone 17406

12904

IN THE MATTER OF
The Hongkong Companies Ordinance 1932
AND OF
GROSVENOR TRUST LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Meeting of Members and Creditors of the above-named Company will be held at the offices of Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews, No. 2 Peking Road, Shanghai, on Monday June 26, 1939 at 4 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of having the account of the liquidation, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, laid before such Meeting, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidators, and also of determining by Extraordinary Resolution the manner in which the Books, Accounts and Documents of the Company and of the Liquidators thereof shall be disposed of.

E. F. HARDMAN, C.A.,
H. R. CLELAND, C.A.,
Liquidators

Shanghai, May 23, 1939.

12969

CHINA KENNEL CLUB

NOTICE

The Annual General Meeting of the China Kennel Club will be held on Tuesday, May 30, 1939, at 4.45 p.m. in Room 51, at No. 17 The Bund, Shanghai.

All those interested are invited to attend.

By Order of the Committee,
CHINA KENNEL CLUB.

12969

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. K. Z. Wong (王介唐) doing business under the name of Universal Insurance Underwriters (環球保險行) is no longer an agent of this company.

R. A. KREULEN,
General Representative,

ALLIED INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.

12973

Change of Addresses, etc.

BOHLER BROS. & CO., LTD.

As from May 22, 1939, our office is now located in its new premises at

2 Peking Road
Glen Line Building, Room 418
Shanghai
Telephones 13035-13036

12924

To-day's Events

MAY

24 Shanghai American School Assembly
24 Sino-American Trade Programme
24 Y.B.C. weekly evening game, 5.30
24 *Empire Day*
24 *Derby Day*
24 *Holy Trinity Church foundation stone laid (1866)*

Coming Events

MAY

25 Rotary Club, Foreign Trade Tiffin, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
25 B.U.S.C. 'Principles of Lubrication' by H. G. B. Perry, 114 Peking Road, 6
25 Recital of Asiatic/Indian dances by Slavina-Brown, Indira Devi, Lyc., 9.15
25 Concert, Community Church, 9.15
26 Swimming Bath Cl., ann. gen. mtg., 6.15
26 Am. Chamber Commerce, Am. Univ. Club., Assn. Am. Univ. Women—Tiffin honouring students going U.S., 12-2
26 American Chamber of Commerce Foreign Trade Dinner, 8
27 S'hai. Horticultural Society's Spring Flower Show, Shanghai Race Club
27 Dinner Dance, Floor show, C.S.F., 8.30
27 'Count of Luxemburg,' Lt. Opera by Franz Lehar, Lyceum, 8.45
28 S'hai. Horticultural Society's Spring Flower Show, Shanghai Race Club
28 Y.B.C. v. H.G.C., 1st Div. League
28 Y.B.C. v. B.B.C., 2nd Div. League
28 Last Symphony Concert of Season, Municipal Orchestra, Lyceum, 9
30 B.R.A. half-yearly general meeting, B.W.A. premises, 12 The Bund, 5.15
31 A.D.C. 'The Unguarded Hour,' Lyc., 9.15

JUNE

1 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
1 S.W.A. Children's Party, 4.15
1 A.D.C. 'The Unguarded Hour,' Lyc., 9.15
1 Russian Women's League Annual Ball, Arcadia
2 First Church of Christ, Scientist, S'hai., Lecture, Church Edifice, 6.15
2 A.D.C. 'The Unguarded Hour,' Lyc., 9.15
3 A.D.C. 'The Unguarded Hour,' Lyc., 9.15
4 "B" Coy., S.V.C., Annual Weapon Training Competitions, Rifle Range
4 'Count of Luxemburg,' L. Op., Lyc., 8.45
5 O.E.S. Bridge/Mahjongg, For. Y., 3
5 First Church of Christ, Scientist, S'hai., 2nd Lecture, 20 Museum Rd., 6.15
7 Jumble S., Limbless Fund, U.C. Hall
8 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
9 Shanghai Camera Club, Meeting and Lecture, 330 Szechuen Road, 9
10 "B" Coy., S.V.C., No. 1 Platoon, Monthly Dinner, S.V.C. Club, 8

Charge for items $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event

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CULTY DAIRY
The Home of
Quality Milk
Pasteurised Grade "A"
1567 AVENUE JOFFRE, TELEPHONE 70126

General Managers: KEYLOCK & PRATT
12451

SHANGHAI ENGINEERS' CLUB

"DERBY" SWEEP DRAWING

Ticket No.	*Name of Horse*
1664	KING LEGEND
438	A TOUT MAITRE
942	FAIRFAX
201	ORTIZ
1157	DILBHARAH
1484	SALFORD II
2172	ADMIRAL'S WALK
453	FAIRSTONE
681	LARCHFIELD
1358	MAJOR BRACKEY
1242	BELL MAN
1738	ROGERSTONE CASTLE
1708	MAUNA KEA
420	FOX CUB
1734	TRIGUERO
144	WHEATLAND
301	BLUE PETER
967	SNOW CAP
1148	HELIOPOLIS
1356	VESPERIAN
1665	DHOTI
2003	BUXTON
1324	POINTIS
358	FAIRCHANCE
753	CASANOVA
1585	HASTINGS
2158	ROMEO II
1189	HYPNOTIST

12956

GLUE

Glue, various grades, for sale. Large stock available. Suitable for match and hat-making industry and cloth finishing, etc.

For particulars, apply
Shanghai Glue Factory
147 Hamilton House,
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-7090

HALL & HOLTZ, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

DIRECTORS' REPORT
and
STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS
for the
YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 1939

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 47th Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office, 190 Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai, on Wednesday, May 31, 1939, at 12.15 noon, to receive and consider the Directors' Report, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet and to transact the ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from May 25 to May 31, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. H. R. FAULKNER,
Secretary.

Shanghai, May 17, 1939.

12819

PIANOS
Tuned, regulated and repaired
Telephone 19225
SAM LAZARO BROS.
232 Nanking Road

12801

AN ART CRITIC

considers that many modern paintings should be burnt. He thinks hanging too good for them. The same might be said for those who neglect to protect their homes by adequate Fire and Burglary insurance.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

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British and Best

NORGE
for refrigeration

1939 MODELS
NOW ON DISPLAY

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865

12450

To-morrow

CONCERT

Community Church Auditorium
(53 Avenue Pétain)

Frau Bella Resek .....*Contralto*
Prof. A. Wittenberg .....*Violinist*
Herr Hans Baer .....*Pianist*
Mr. R. Vyvyan Dent .....*Organist*

Two thirds of the proceeds of this Concert will be given to the Jewish Refugee Fund and one third to the Community Church Organ Fund.

Tickets $3, $2 and $1 on sale at Messrs. Moutrie & Co., Ltd., or from the Church Secretary, Telephone 70975.

12961

MATSUYA HOTEL
KARATSU, JAPAN

Ideal summer resort, 4½ hours from Nagasaki by rail or car. Comfortable family hotel, surrounded by pine trees. Splendid swimming beach, ideally suitable for children. Every attention to comfort and cuisine. Terms very moderate. T. Okazaki, proprietor.

WEDNESDAY

Roast Beef Tiffin	$1.20
Baked Beans	80 cents
Beef Curry and Rice	$1.00
Caramel Cake	30 cents
Pumpkin Pie	30 cents
Chocolate Malted Milk	40 cents

Freshly baked home-style Coffee Cake served at 11 a.m. at 10 cents a cut.

JIMMY'S, 133 Nanking Road

-7153

"Quality Wins"
DAIRY—Grade "A" (T.T.)
COWS—New Zealand Jerseys
MILK—Richest in Cream

For orders apply to
Lucerne Dairy Farms
381 Great Western Road. Tel. 20470

12449

BEEHIVE BRANDY
Low in Cost, High in Quality
Agents: GANDE, PRICE, LTD.

12641

DENTAL SURGEON
Dr. M. YAGATA
Artificial Porcelain Teeth
(Jacket Crown)
50 Kiukiang Road, Mitsui Bank Building, 1st Floor
Hours: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Telephone 14273.

-5562

THE TEBONG RUBBER ESTATE, LIMITED.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Nineteenth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above-mentioned Company will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road, Shanghai on Wednesday, May 24, 1939 at 4 p.m. for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended January 31, 1939, declaring a Dividend, electing Directors and Auditors and transacting any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from May 18 to May 24, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, May 8, 1939. 12639

SIRDIR LIME JUICE
Healthy, delicious and costs little
ONLY $25
Per case of 12 Quarts

Obtainable from all Compradore Stores and from
CALDBECK'S
44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

EXECUTOR OR TRUSTEE
CONTINUITY OF SERVICE
EFFICIENT ADMINISTRATION
THE YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LTD.
Trustee Department 26 The Bund

A Repeat Performance
By Popular Request
ASIATIC and INDIAN DANCES
by
SLAVINA BROWN and INDIRA DEVI
To-morrow at 9.15 p.m.
at the LYCEUM THEATRE
Booking at Moutrie's
Prices: $1, $2, $3 and $4

-7129

HOARSE VOICE?
USE
VALDA
PASTILLES

12677

HARVEY'S WHISKY
At all Compradores and
Lane, Crawford & Co. (Prov.) Ltd.
90 NANKING ROAD—Tel. 11934
866 BUBBLING WELL ROAD—Tel. 36218

12448

FOR
PHILCO
RADIO SERVICE
TELEPHONE 11463

Animals

That Shanghai loves animals, especially dogs, is illustrated daily in this section of the small advertisements. If you want a good dog or to find a good home for a dog, to buy or sell a pony or a Persian kitten this is the agency you need.

CLARKES AGENCY

Services:—

Armoured Car with armed foreign guards for transporting bullion, payrolls, valuables etc.

Commercial enquiries, Credit reports.

Outstanding Accounts and Claims.

Insurance, all classes.

Watchmen for ships, properties, factories.

Billiard tables and all accessories.

88 Nanking Road
Telephone 10092

12291

PHOTOGRAPHS

U.S.S. Augusta Inspected by American School Children
M.C.L. Bazaar Opened
Rowing Club Spring Regatta
Cathedral Boys' School Play
S.R.C. Cup Presentation
"Music Hall 1900-39"
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

COST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

4 x 6 enlargements	$1 each
6 x 8 enlargements	$2 each
8 x 10 enlargements	$2.50 each
10 x 12 enlargements	$3 each

Obtainable from Watson's

ROAST BEEF TIFFIN, $1.20

Plain Steak and Eggs,	$1.30
Caramel Cake,	30 cents
Chocolate Malted Milk,	40 cents

JIMMY'S, 11 Rue Montauban

-7055

Model Dairy
for
Model Milk
"As standard as sterling on silver"
Licensed to sell Grade "A" Dairy Products
8 TIFENG ROAD, TELEPHONE 21997

12452

EWO GIN
Distilled in England
Obtainable at all Compradore Stores

12500

To-day's News

World Radio Page 2

North-China Daily News

Radio Broadcast over
Station XMHD
Shanghai

12.45 p.m. 9.00 p.m.

760 kilocycles 395 metres

Remember—

When you come to Shanghai:
When you join a new firm:
When you take a new house:
When you change your address:

One of the first things you should do is to send particulars to the

DIRECTORY DEPARTMENT,
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE,
17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI.

This information will then appear in the next edition of the *China Hong List* and the *Shanghai Directory.*

No charge is made for insertion of this; it is a convenience to your friends and may be of value to you.

The following details are needed from business firms:—

Name in English and Chinese
Nature of business or organisation
Address in English
Telephone number
Telegraphic address
P.O. Box No.
Names of foreign and senior Chinese staff

The following details are needed from individuals:—

Names of members of family (excluding children) and other occupants
Private address

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
DIRECTORY DEPT.
17 The Bund, Shanghai

HIGH GRADE
TYRES
HALF PRICE
Obtain Details of our Liberal Guarantee

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A
615 Ave. Foch, Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

TO LET unfurnished house on Columbia Road, (near Great Western Road), five bedrooms, three baths, dining, sitting, study, garage, garden etc. Rent US$65 per month. Available June 2. Address Box 4210, NCDN. -7164

WANTED: an experienced sales-manager-executive, preferably British or American, capable of controlling a sales force and ultimately managing the Shanghai office of an old-established British specialty selling organization. Commencing remuneration $800 per month, plus home leave privileges. Really excellent prospects for the right man. Box 4189, NCDN. 12964

SWIMMING Bath Club share for sale. Apply Box 4177, NCDN. -7103

SWIMMING bath club. One share for disposal. Replies to Box 4199, NCDN. 12965

COMPLETELY furnished house to be disposed of; four rooms, garage, garden, French Concession. No dealers. Address Box 4166, NCDN. 12949

REQUIRED by firm of doctors about 5,000 sq. ft. of office space. Preferably on the Bund. Address Box 4146, NCDN. 12942

COOL, furnished house, Amherst Avenue, quiet location, large garden, all modern conveniences. Upstairs three bedrooms, three baths, one sitting-room, one maid's room, large attic. Downstairs: large entrance hall, washroom, den, large living-room, large dining-room and breakfast room, double garage, to let to responsible party from June 15 to November 30. Rent $450 plus taxes. Address Box 4168, NCDN. 12955

PARTNER wanted with $50,000 capital by advertiser, recent arrival from Germany, where he owned one of largest raincoat and other impermeable factory; with annual turnover of two million Marks, and employing (according to season) 400-800 workers. Advertiser finds many of his former key employees also here, so that actual manufacturing could be started very soon of all kinds of impermeable materials, such as raincoats, gabardines, silk-impermeable, oiled-silk, oil skins, rubber coats, mackintoshes, etc., etc., for children, ladies and gentlemen in various qualities, to suit all pockets, for China market and export. In Germany he sold, on an average, 15 to 20 thousand articles per week. Advertiser has highest references and capital would be entirely under sole control of partner. Address Box 4131, NCDN. -7049

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 14

GREASING
Your car plus a general check-up is what we suggest regularly.
FRASER MOTORS, LTD.
Telephone 21949

12546

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER (EXTREME-ORIENT) S.A.
(Affiliated to the Société Générale de Belgique)

Capital: Frs. 30,000,000
Reserves: Frs. 3,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS
Branches:
SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, HONGKONG
Correspondents in all parts of the world.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED
(Established 1880)

CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y138,400,000

Head Offices: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND
Branches:

Alexandria	Kobe	Rio de Janeiro
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Batavia	Los Angeles	San Francisco
Berlin	Manila	Seattle
Bombay	Moji	Shanghai
Calcutta	Mukden	Singapore
Canton	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Dairen	Nagoya	Sydney
Hamburg	New York	Tientsin
Hankow	Osaka	Tokyo
Harbin	Otaru	Tokyo
Hongkong	Paris	(Marunouchi)
Honolulu	Peking	Tsingtao
Hsinking	Rangoon	Yingkow
Karachi		

G. KISHINAMI, *Manager*

華僑銀行有限公司
OVERSEA-CHINESE BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in the Straits Settlements)
120 Kiukiang Road

CAPITAL:
AUTHORIZED Sts. Currency $40,000,000
PAID-UP Sts. Currency $10,000,000

Successors To
The Ho Hong Bank, Ltd.
The Chinese Commercial Bank, Ltd.
The Oversea-Chinese Bank, Ltd.

Head Office—SINGAPORE
Branches and Correspondents At Principal Cities of the World

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business transacted.

G. L. TAN, *Manager.*

TIME TO THINK OF HOLIDAYS AGAIN!

Time to plan where you're going and, equally important, what togs you'll need fully to enjoy the season. Whiteaway's is just bulging with items you'll want—and need—to get the most out of Summer.

FOR WOMEN:
Swim Suits from $14.50, Caps from $1.95, Play Suits from $12.50, Beach Pyjamas from $6.95, Shorts from $4.50, Slacks from $6.50, Beach Sandals from $6.95.

FOR MEN:
Swim Trunks from $7.95, Sports Shirts from $2.25, White Gabardine Trousers from $15.50, Tennis Hats from $1.95, White or Khaki Shorts from $5.50.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

MacGregor, Pringle and Company
THE FIRM THAT GUARANTEES
all their Whiskies and Gins are sold in Shanghai exactly as they leave Scotland or England.

"ROYAL BRAEMAR" WHISKY	$5.00 a bottle
"CLUB ROYAL" WHISKY	$6.50 a bottle
"M.P." WHISKY	$8.00 a bottle
BROWNING'S DRY GIN	$3.00 a bottle
BROWNING'S OLD TOM GIN	$3.00 a bottle

CASE LOTS ON APPLICATION
Obtainable at all Compradores and Stores
133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road Telephone 14528

12929

LOSS OF FRENCH MUNICIPAL COUNCIL DEBENTURE CERTIFICATES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Debenture Certificates hereunder specified have been declared to be lost and the public is warned against their negotiation.

Application has been made to the French Municipal Council, Shanghai, for the issue of duplicate certificates, and should no objection be lodged with the Head of Finance Department within 4 months from date hereof, the application will be complied with and the original certificates will be treated as cancelled.

Loan of 6½% 1926—Certificate No. 742—3 Debentures Nos. 2148-2150 @ Tls. 100 each.

Loan of 6% 1931—Certificate No. 734—3 Debentures *(2nd issue)* Nos. 9541—9543 @ Tls. 100 each.

Above were registered in the name of Gavin Lindsay Campbell.

In the reissue of the above Certificates, the words "Duplicate Certificate" will be added thereon.

PLATT, WHITE-COOPER & CO.,
Legal Practitioners for Montgomery Reader Harris, the Attorney of Elsie Forbes Caie or Campbell, Executrix of the estate of Gavin Lindsay Campbell, deceased.

Shanghai, May 3, 1939.

12514

EWO MALTONIC

for all seasons. A pleasing non-alcoholic drink, rich in digestive and nutritive qualities.

Obtainable at all leading department stores, compradores and druggists.

Prevention of

HONGKONG FOOT

The regular use of that highly germicidal, curative TI-TREE OIL SOAP, and dusting the feet every morning with PEDIBUS Foot Powder, will prevent the onset of "Hongkong Foot" and keep your feet in a cool, healthy condition throughout the Summer.

Ti-Tree Oil Soap:—90 cts. per cake
Pedibus: 85 cts. and $2.

WATSON'S

MUNICIPAL ORCHESTRA LYCEUM THEATRE
SUNDAY, MAY 28, 1939, at 9 p.m.
31st and LAST SYMPHONY CONCERT
of the 1938-1939 season

First Part: First performance in Shanghai of
Brahms' "REQUIEM"
for Solo, Chorus and Orchestra
Soloists:
RUTH FULLAM, *Soprano* G. V. KUDINOFF, *Baritone*
CHORUS OF 100 VOICES

Second Part:
Beethoven's "EMPEROR" CONCERTO
for Piano and Orchestra *Soloist:* Miss FAUSTA SAHAROVA
Conductor: MAESTRO MARIO PACI

Special Prices: *Balcony $2, Stalls $1*

MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)

Head Office: London **Shanghai Office: 4 The Bund**

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,800,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	1,050,000
RESERVE FUND	1,075,000

Branches throughout India, Ceylon, Malaya, Hongkong and Mauritius. Agencies in all principal countries of the world.

Interest allowed on Local Currency Current Accounts @ 2% p.a.

Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts opened in sterling as well as in local currency. Banking and exchange business of every description transacted. Trusteeships and executorships undertaken.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and marked "Letters to the Editor"

Bus Manners:
Chivalry Not Dead

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Complaints against certain alleged misbehaviour of the employees of the Bus Company have frequently appeared in your correspondence columns. Unfortunately some of these complaints were coloured by national prejudices.

Chinese complainants were vociferous that foreign employees were treating Chinese passengers badly and a foreign ticket inspector has actually been charged with the ungentlemanly attempt of ejecting a Chinese woman passenger from a crowded bus. Some foreigners were equally loud in complaining that the special privileges to Chinese passengers over foreign passengers, to wit: Chinese passengers were said to be permitted to board west-bound buses in front of Sassoon House (the very home of the downtown offices of the Bus Company) and also to stand on the stairs of the double deckers while similar facilities were denied foreign passengers.

I recall one day I rode downtown with a furious foreign gentleman who was loudly berating the Chinese conductor of the bus for permitting several passengers (all Chinese to be sure) to stand on the rear staircase of the bus. According to the said foreign gentleman, he was prohibited one day so to stand by a Chinese conductor on one of the company's buses. Yes, he was going to write the company all about it and that the conductor had better look out, etc., etc. I think he may be one of those who wrote to you on the subject. I was tempted to remind him that the Bus Company employs hundreds of Chinese conductors, and although they may look alike in their uniforms to foreign eyes, probably no two of them react identically, but as I was dubious that he was in the mood to listen to reason, I refrained from saying anything.

I am glad to be able to present some pleasanter pictures of bus commuting in Shanghai—a picture of international courtesy and chivalry. I have seen among other things, Chinese conductors helping foreign ladies loaded down with children or packages to board and alight from the bus. I remember seeing a foreign inspector write a note for a Chinese lady who had forgotten to bring her "season" with her so that she would not have to explain the situation again and again to the inspectors to follow before she reached her destination. Only the other day, I saw a foreign gentleman purposely get out of the line to let a Chinese young lady board the crowded bus before him. He followed her to the bus but on finding that the bus was terribly crowded he backed down rather than jostle her. Yes, Sir, chivalry is not dead.

A COMMUTING CHINESE.

Shanghai, May 22.

Universal Language:
Means to Understanding

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—As today is the anniversary of the manifestation-day of Bab, founder of the Baha'i-Religion in Iron (1844), I should like to mention this as I believe that his teachings are the remedies for all troubles in the world. I cannot, of course, engage your Paper for a full explanation of this matter, but if any of your readers should be interested he may read some works about it.

One of the teachings of Bahaullah is a universal language. I believe that this idea would not bring any harm to peoples or their governments, but be a general help for all people.

A striking example for this is our Shanghai. There are many languages (each of them with different dialects) used in this city. Many people know four or five languages, and even the members of the lower classes know mostly two or three idioms. But even if one knows 10 or 12 languages, I do not believe that he would be able to make clear himself to all people. As the great part of your readers, as I believe, belongs to influential circles in the Far East, I should like to ask them to join in helping the whole world by asking their respective governments and teachers or philosophers, and especially all newspapers to urge a conference in order to create or to choose one language which ought to be used in all countries of the world as an official language. This conference could be at work independently at any time, even in war-time.

It is understood that this would mean no loss for anybody but would be useful for the League of Nations, for international conferences of all kinds, for the Olympic Games, for travelling purposes, for the spreading of science, and would facilitate business.

There are so many men who are working for many other ideals, but this is a matter which would be more useful and more important than all other lines.

As Bahaullah said, this matter must be carried out by a world-conference joining all nations of the world and their governments. Esperanto has not had great success so far, because this language has not been generally accepted, as the governments have made it a matter of their legislation by making the study of Esperanto an object of teaching in the schools of their countries.

H. OUSKOULL.

Shanghai, May 23.

Wedding Presents:
Why Not Gifts to Charity?

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—One of the most praiseworthy efforts towards charity are the contributions to various societies recorded in your journal in memory of those who have crossed the great divide.

May I suggest that similar contributions might be donated in memory of those who broadcast their invitations to be present when crossing the greater divide between single blessedness and the doubtful double. Surely the future of the one is as obscure to many as the outcome of the other. Anyway the ceremonies are equally depressing.

I have before me two more wedding invitations, thus bringing up the total to ten in about eight months. At six of these functions, it had not been my previous privilege to meet either of the contracting parties, and in only one instance had I broken crust or crumb at any of their respective parental domiciles.

It was indeed a wonderful thought which originated the diversion of money to charity hitherto wasted on coolie gardeners. Why not then—always excepting the family circle or kith and kin—should not the many of us who have but slight acquaintance with the connubial aspirants similarly donate our contributions to charity?

Maybe my suggestion may not appeal to those who contemplate setting up house, and who nowadays supply a list of their requirements to the local purveyors, but so few of them ever do remain in this Port.

SATIS.

Shanghai, May 23.

The White Paper:
British Empire Aid

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It is plainly evident that the editorial chair must creak audibly when its occupier creates a leader which creates the breeze which causes the Union Jack bravely to flutter in it.

D.R. aims his shafts at Great Britain, but generously states that the Jews have been persecuted by the Christian World for nearly 2,000 years. That is true. They will be "persecuted" for many years yet unborn, but the British Empire, of which Palestine is merely a Versailles boil ready for lancing, has always offered and continues to offer safe shelter to the followers of the Jewish faith; their Tabernacles are sacred and, when required, the Faithful will be evacuated, without fee or favour, on the grey weasels which keep open the trade routes of the seven seas for all nations.

It is pleasant to learn that, in Palestine, string quartets may be heard playing Mozart, Beethoven, and Schubert, and it is sincerely hoped that the weird sound of the bagpipes does not unduly disturb the musical harmony of the pastoral scene depicted.

JOCK.

Shanghai, May 23.

Thanks:
Money for Western Slums

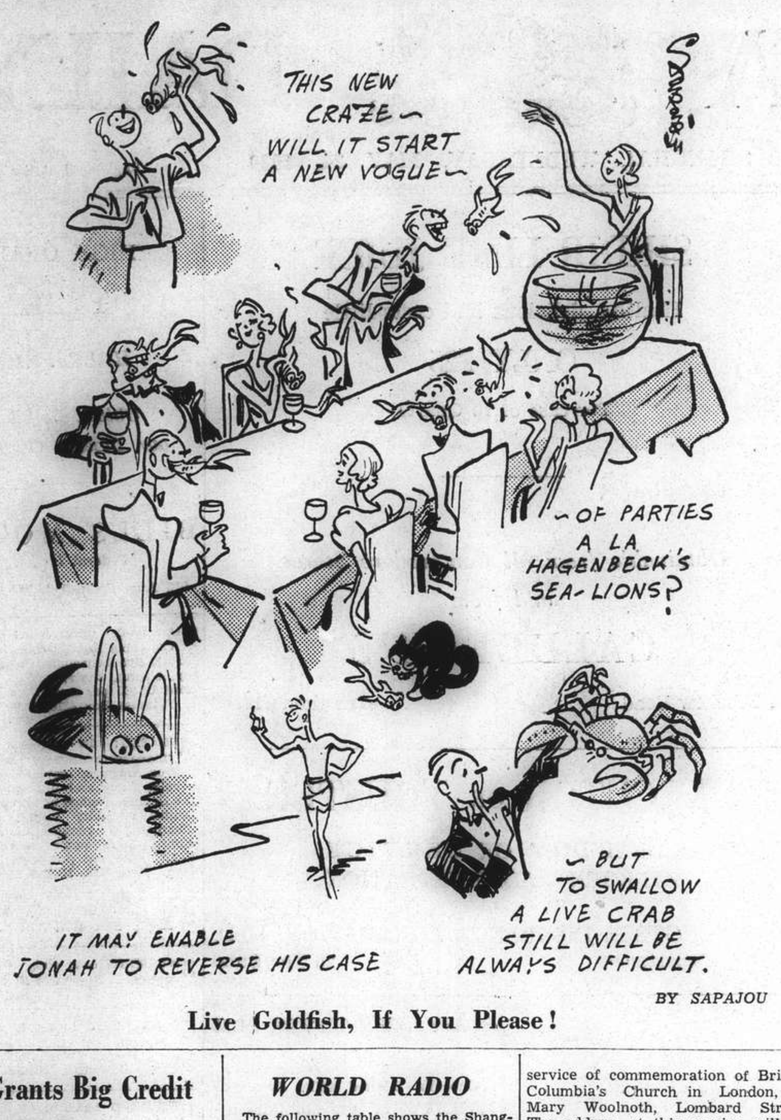
To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—We beg to acknowledge with thanks donations received to enable us to carry on our medical relief work and elementary education amongst the slums of the Western District. Previously acknowledged $669.

S. N. Wang	$10
Y. C. Zee	25
K. S. Kum	10
Chen Hung	10
F. S. Lee	5
M. W. Yen	15
Shiao Tsze	20
Y. Y. Su	20
Junior Lee	10
K. Y. Chen	5
T. L. Sen	5
Y. L. Chu	5
T. Y. Woo	5
M. S. Ling	10
M. T. Meng	10
Dr. Amos Wong	10
Dr. P. T. Chen	10
Parlow Beauty Parlor	10
M. Lee	3

The following contributed $2:—Mrs. Sze, Mrs. Tsze, M. L. Lee, P. H. Chen, P. K. Chen, Y. P. Chu, F. C. Shen, Y. L. Chen, H. C. Yih, S. L. Chen, Mr. Koo and Dah Sun Rice Shop.

K. W. CHEN,
Secretary.
Yangtszepoo Social Centre


THIS NEW CRAZE— WILL IT START A NEW VOGUE—
—OF PARTIES A LA HAGENBECK'S SEA-LIONS?
IT MAY ENABLE JONAH TO REVERSE HIS CASE
—BUT TO SWALLOW A LIVE CRAB STILL WILL BE ALWAYS DIFFICULT.
BY SAPAJOU

Live Goldfish, If You Please!

U.S. Grants Big Credit To Nicaragua
Canal to Be Constructed; Fiscal Agreement

Washington, May 23.

President Roosevelt announced yesterday that the United States and Nicaragua had reached a fiscal agreement under which the United States would extend to Nicaragua a $2,000,000 credit through the Export Import Bank.

Part of the credit will be used to construct a canal along the San Juan River bed, creating a shallow draft waterway to link the Atlantic and western Nicaragua.

President Roosevelt pointed out that "it is obvious such a waterway will have a very important bearing on the defence of the Western Hemisphere."

War Department quarters pointed out the new canal development might become the basis for the long discussed inter-ocean canal through Nicaragua. Such a canal, it is pointed out, would be of invaluable assistance to the United States Navy in the event of damage to the Panama Canal in time of war.—United Press.

Underground Line Links Peiping and Tientsin

Peiping, May 21.

The newly-completed underground telephone line between Peiping and Tientsin has been opened to the public, according to Chinese reports. This line was recently completed by the North China Telegraph and Telephone Company after nine months of incessant effort. The total cost was $4,000,000.

The Peiping-Tientsin section is reported to constitute the first stage of an engineering project for an underground telephone line between Peiping and Shanhaikwan for direct telephone communication between North China and Manchoukuo.—Reuter.

WORLD RADIO

The following table shows the Shanghai times at which *news* is broadcast in the principal countries of the world, together with the wave-lengths and frequencies used. We shall be glad to receive comment or suggestions from listeners, which should be addressed or telephoned to the Radio Editor of the "North-China Daily News" (Tel. 11055).

PLACE	P.M. (SHAI. TIME)	METRES	CYCLES
London*	(Trans.1) 1.00-3.30	19.76	15.18
	(Trans.2) 6.45-9.50	16.84	17.81
	(Trans.3) 10.00-12.00	19.76	15.18
Paris	7	19.68	15.25
Rome	5.30 9.30 12	25.40	11.81
	7	31.13	9.63
Berlin	3	19.63	15.28
	8 10	31.45	9.54
San Fran.	8.30 10.30	31.48	9.53
Manila	6.30 11	31.35	9.57
Melbourne	5.15 8.30 9.20	31.32	9.58
Tokyo	1 2 3.30 4.30 10 11	25.42	11.80
Hongkong	12.30 2.15 7 11	31.49	9.52

*Afternoon's BBC Programme

2.30 News
2.45 "Food for Thought," topical talk
3.15 Sports news and markets
6.40 Empire Day celebrations
7.30 "At the Black Dog," play
8.00 "Health for the Nation," survey
9.15 News
9.30 Sports news and markets
9.50 The Derby commentary
11.00 "History of the Jews," talk

Empire Day

Culminating in the broadcast by his Majesty the King, speaking from Winnipeg, the "Round-the-Empire" programme that is to be the premier event of the Empire Day programmes in the Transmissions from Daventry, will be, in the words of Major Gladstone Murray, General Manager of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, a programme of simplicity and spontaneous family greeting, creating, by means of greetings from average citizens in all parts of the Empire, the family atmosphere "that makes binding the bonds of this great experiment in human relations, the British Commonwealth."

Among the other programmes marking Empire Day for Daventry listeners are a children's ceremony at Guildhall, London, and the annual service of commemoration of British Columbia's Church in London, St. Mary Woolnoth, Lombard Street. The address at this service will be given by the Archbishop of Canterbury.

The children's ceremony in Guildhall—an assembly of children attending elementary schools in the City of London—will be attended in State by the Lord Mayor, Sir Frank Bowater, the Sheriffs, and members of the Corporation of the City. Listeners will hear the Lord Mayor's address of welcome, and messages of loyalty to the King and Queen and of friendship to the school-children of the Empire, proposed and seconded by the children themselves. The address and messages will be linked by the singing of patriotic songs and hymns.

The Derby

From Epsom at this time of year could come, of course, only that classic of British sport, the Derby. The "156th renewal of the Derby Stakes" will be run today, and, as usual, a BBC commentator—T. B. R. Woodrooffe, this year—and a race-reader will be on the course to picture for listeners the unique scene and the historic event.

In 1780, year of the Derby's inception, there were only thirty-six subscribers, each contributing fifty guineas. A century later 278 people subscribed, and the value of the stakes was over £7,000. Horses are usually entered in their first year (the race is for three-year-olds) and forfeits, varying in amount according to the notice given, are payable in the event of withdrawal.

Success in last year's race, won by the Hon. P. Beatty's Bois Roussel, C. Elliott up, was actually worth £9,228 15s., and the owners of the second and third horses received 10 and 5 per cent., respectively, of the whole stakes—officially described as "100 sovs. each, with 3,000 sovs. added." But to the British racehorse owner, success in the Derby is primarily a matter of honour—the unique distinction of capturing the "blue riband" of the British turf.

Reconstruction Plans In North China
$12,000,000 Will be Spent On New Highways

Peiping, May 20.

The Reconstruction Administration of the "Provisional Government" is spending $23,750,000 for the present fiscal year on reconstruction projects.

Highways claim $12,500,000. They include the construction of highways linking Peiping with Tungchow and Tientsin; with Shihchiachwang; with Nankou and Kalgan; and with Kupeikou and Shihchiachwang.

A sum of $7,500,000 will be spent on water conservancy. Water transportation on the Grand Canal and the Yungting River will be developed and the Haiho will be deepened to make Tientsin a better harbour.

Reconstruction projects costing about $3,750,000 will be undertaken to modernize Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Hsuchow, Taiyuan and Shihchiachwang. Streets and the sewage system will receive particular attention.—Reuter.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF MAY 24, 1869

One of the best contested and most interesting matches of the Cricket Club was played on Friday and Saturday last week. The capability of the club to bring forward two such teams proves the popularity of cricket in Shanghai. We have never seen a match where the men came up to time with such alacrity, and which seemed to give such satisfaction not only to the players themselves, but to the visitors whom we gladly welcome, and whom we now thank for favouring us with their company. The presence of spectators, and more specially of the fair sex, gives a great stimulus to cricketers. The game resulted, after a close contest, in favour of the Racquet Court by 27 runs. This is the third match which has taken place between the new Racquet Court and Cricket Club. The first was won by the latter by one innings and 44 runs, the second drawn in favour of the Racquet Court, and the third just finished won by the Racquet Court by 27 runs. We hope next time to see the Racquet Court appear in their own colours. We cannot conclude without thanking the efficient umpires, Messrs. Tate, Biain, and Lieut. Hardings, R.N., for their kindness in standing through the hot sun of the past two days.

Large Standing Army For Spain

Paris, May 23.

The permanent peace-time strength of the Spanish army will be 300,000, according to a Madrid telegram quoting well-informed circles.—Reuter.

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To-day, Wednesday, May 24, 1939, at 9.30 a.m.

Upholstered double spring couches and arm chairs, curtains, rugs, pictures, oil paintings, mirrors, lamps, tennis and badminton rackets, golf clubs, exerciser, camera, binjo, bicycle, table and ceiling fans, glass and porcelain ware, dinner and tea crockery, modern style dining room and bedroom furniture, hall stands, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, silver ware cabinets, tea wagons, teapoys, flower stands, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, cenre tables, chairs, stools, brass high post double bedstead, Simmons iron and wooden single and double bedsteads, showcases, filing cabinets, writing desks, desk chairs, cupboards, linoleums, wicker furniture, "Perkeo" portable typewriter, calculating machine, electric Rectosanor, valuable books and magazines, bookcases, ice chests, matting, etc., also

1 Fine tone iron framed piano by Moutrie, 1 Zenith 5-tube radio 110/200V. 1 Zerozone Refrigerator 220 volts.

In Cargo Salesroom—Now On View

To-day, Wednesday, May 24, 1939, at 2.30 p.m.

10 Bales Cotton Yarn (Damaged), Chinese Medicine (Damaged), Alligator Men's Raincoats and Boy's Rainproof Trousers, Leather Gloves, Rubber Goods, Key Chains and Holders, Pencil Sharpeners, Screw Drivers, Wrenches, Pliers, Hacksaw Blades, Cutters, Tools, Paint Knives, Ball Bearings, Cycle Pumps, Electric Goods, Cuff Links, Platform Scale, Pulley Block, Oil Heating Stoves, Samovars, Fire Extinguishers, Canvas Hoses, **Compoboard,** Earthen ware Lavatories and W. C. Bowls, Damaged white Zinc Paste Paint, White Gross Paint, Mehiom Grey Graphite Paint, Machine Oil, Tyre, Schriener Paste, Scrap Metal, Fancy Green Asparagus, Spinach, Pork and Beans, Saint Galmier Water, etc.

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On Friday, May 26, 1939, at 9.30 a.m.

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ON VIEW THURSDAY

HUGH MARTIN, *Managing Director*

THE LOONG-FEI AUCTION TO-DAY
Wednesday, May 24, 1939, at 5 p.m.
AT 233 MOHAWK ROAD

Lot No.
1 GREY MARE
2 BAY MARE
3 GREY PONY Believed sound.
4 GREY MARE 13-3, "Z" Class.
5 GREY GRIFFIN A/68, 13-1, aged, "Y" Class.
6 FANTASIA Chestnut Mare 14-3, Well bred and Well Trained. Owner left Town.
7 ROMEO Bay Stallion 14-3, Young, Should make a good hack.
8 KENNY Bay 13-0, A/141, Should make good polo pony.
9 BLACK END Brown 13-1, A/72, Griffin of 1939. Started.
10 GREY PONY 13-0, A/221.
11 RUSSETRAY Dun 13-0, A/106, S.R.C. 1939 griffin, started.
12 TIGER Bay 13-1, A/145, S.R.C. 1939 Sub-griffin, started.
13 EUREKA EXCELLENT Bay 13-0, P/863, "Y" Class.
14 BAY AUSTRALIAN HORSE About 6 yrs. old, Good jumper. Owner leaving.
15 BROWN MARE 14-0, "Z" Class.
16 PLAYBOY Cream, 13-1, A/4, S.R.C. 1939 griffin, started, perfectly sound. Should make good polo pony.
17 LE GORDITO Grey 13-0, A/87, S.R.C. 1939 sub-griffin, started, Perfectly sound. Should make good polo pony.

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SADDLES, BRIDLES, RAIN COVERS, SUNDRIES, Etc., Etc.

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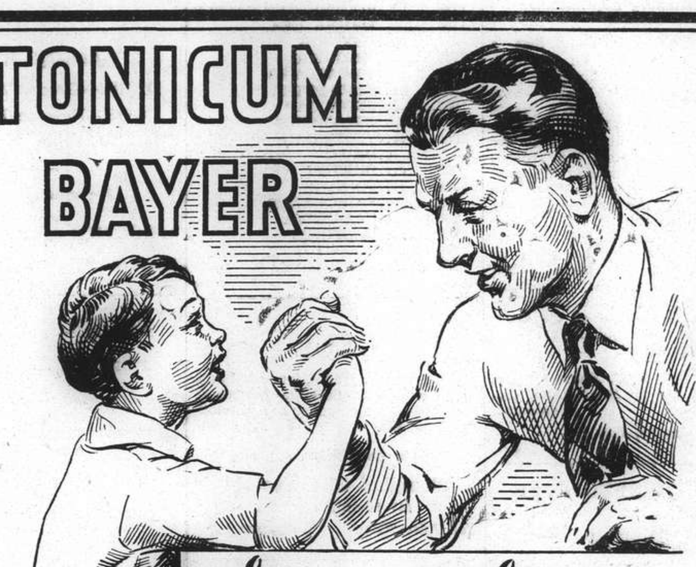

keeps them 'fighting-fit'

BOYS WILL BE BOYS.....
IF YOU GIVE THEM HALF A CHANCE.—

The child that is never naughty is usually not well.

KEEP THEM "FIGHTING-FIT"
so they may know the joys of health and happiness in the years to come.

BAYER

Malaya Building Up Rice Stocks
Export Prohibited Without Government Permission

Singapore, May 21.

The export of padi, or rice in the husk, from Kedah, Malaya's chief producing State, has been prohibited except with the special permission of the Government. At the same time, import duties imposed on padi and rice have been cancelled.

These moves are reliably expected to be followed by similar action in the Federated Malay States, as part of a plan to build up rice stocks in Malaya to prepare for any emergency. Rice is the staple food of the bulk of the Malay Chinese and Indian population.

Although Malaya produces only 33 per cent. of its rice requirements, Kedah and the neighbouring small State of Perlis have a surplus of about 60,000 tons of production over consumption each year. Malaya imports the rest of its rice needs from Siam, Burma and French Indo-China.

Malaya last year consumed more than 900,000 tons of rice, and the cost of imports of rice exceeded £5,000,000.—Reuter.

Banks Hold Half of Japanese Bonds

Tokyo, May 21.

Japanese Government bond issues at the end of 1938 totalled Y.16,222,728,000, or £954,250,000, according to an announcement by the Ministry of Finance.

Of this total financing organizations held Y.8,701,921,000, or 53 per cent., governmental institutions Y.4,992,593,000, or 27.7 per cent., and others, including private persons, temples and shrines, Y.3,028,213,000, or 18.7 per cent.

The total shows an increase of Y.4,329,775,000, or £254,700,000, compared with the figure on December 31, 1937.—Reuter.

Judges Urged to Be Law-Abiding

Peiping, May 23.

Mr. Chu Sheng, Minister of Justice in the "Provisional Government," has issued a circular order to presidents of high courts and chief prosecutors urging them to be honest and law-abiding citizens.

They are also asked to exercise strict discipline over those working under them.—Reuter.

Peitaiho the Beautiful

Recommended as Ideal Summer Resort with All Facilities ; F.R.B. Currency Used

I HAVE no axe of any kind to grind in writing these brief notes, but as a lover of this beautiful, peaceful and very healthy corner of the world I want to tell those who are strangers to it something about it and at the same time endeavour to allay fears which, judging from letters recently received, seem to possess many Shanghailanders in regard to the advisability of coming to Peitaiho this summer.

To those who know Peitaiho beach, there is no need to praise it, but to those who do not I would say that to my mind it comes nearest to the English country and seaside of any place I have yet seen in China. Miles upon miles of magnificent sandy beaches indented with charming bays ; beautiful walks, over the undulating country ; a mountainous background — and the great blue sea stretching out to the horizon on the south.

It is accessible from Tientsin by an excellent service of trains, the running time being about five hours to Peitaiho, where one changes to the waiting beach train for the final fifteen minutes run to one of the most charming and best run of country railway stations. But the simplest way is to come up to Chinwangtao on a K.M.A. steamship—taking about 52 hours direct from Shanghai.

One is met upon arrival by a uniformed Chinese who attends to "everything," and who sees that all concerned—with their luggage—are safely entrained for Peitaiho and the beach ; a run of less than an hour. Truly the K.M.A. deserves the grateful thanks of all who come this way via Chinwangtao and their little shuttle train is not the least of the attractions as between their steamships and the main line station. The medical, passport and Customs examinations can be compared most favourably with any other port in China or out of it.

The foreign residential section of Peitaiho beach stretches along the coastline for a matter of some seven or eight miles, and divides itself into sections : The well-wooded West End ; the central district of Rocky Point ; the more secluded district of Temple Bay (where the British Embassy quarters are) ; the Light House Point ; and lastly East Cliff from which the fairy lights of Chinwangtao can be seen sparking each evening across the great bay which intervenes, and less than ten miles distant as the crow flies.

Children's Paradise

In the season there is an influx of shops catering for most of one's needs, and an open air picture house, showing quite up-to-date talkies. Peitaiho beach is really a children's paradise, not only for its safety—there being no motor cars permitted—but for what in itself it offers. Donkeys, bicycles and rickshaws are the chief mode of transit, other than walking. The beaches are very safe for bathing, which is done chiefly from the summer beach huts and matsheds.

The water used is drawn from wells, and in many of the bungalows, both modern sanitation and electric light are installed. There are also good hotels and guest houses. But most people either have their own home or rent bungalows. In the latter case all one has usually to bring is one's bedding, kitchen utensils and of course one's servants. It is all really a very simple matter in practice, although it may sound troublesome.

It is a place not only for families, but for anyone desiring rest and peace ; however, it is very definitely not for those who seek to duplicate the city life at the seaside. I can imagine no finer cure for jaded nerves than a month in this haven of rest.

Tennis Obtainable

Tennis is obtainable—but mostly on private courts. There is also a small private golf course, six holes I believe, but Peitaiho beach as yet is no place for either a tennis or a golfing holiday. There is plenty of fishing, both from rocks and from boats, the old Chinese boatmen being excellent prototypes of their foreign brethren.

In the season too there is excellent shooting. Peitaiho beach possesses magnificient riding country and for those who bring their horses or ponies, I can imagine nothing more enjoyable than a ride in the varied surroundings. There are no livery stables where ponies can be hired, but bicycles can be had in quantity —in fact the hiring of such is a considerable local summer industry.

The roads are good and the whole place very clean, well looked after and well kept. There is an excellent train, postal and telegraph service. There are two summer libraries here and an extremely good service of books and magazines from the Tientsin booksellers, who open up here for the season. There is, however, no club, and only very occasionally does Peitaiho beach receive a visit from a foreign naval ship—Chingwangtao being the nearest port regularly utilized by foreign warships.

Peaceful Conditions

Despite the fact of a war raging in China, the peace of this place remains unchanged. In certain small ways and in the price of things the conditions have necessarily altered somewhat, but that is only to be expected. The villagers are still as peaceful and as pleasant and friendly as ever, and speaking from my own experience I have received nothing but the most courteous treatment from the Japanese.

There is a small hospital here with a foreign doctor in charge. In the summer the foreign population rises to 6,000 approximately. In winter it drops to about 20. But with more people considering the place as an all-the-year-round home and as a place in which to retire, this will gradually increase.

As I see that the Peitaiho Agency, care of States Hotel, Tientsin—and also here—as well as Rose's Agency, Peitaiho beach, are advertising as such in the "North-China Daily News" I can therefore mention them, without being invidious, as agencies giving an excellent service to anyone wanting bungalows—either to rent or to buy—or as agencies to apply to for any other relative information.

F.R.B. Currency

There are no banks here, but Chinese exchange shops will change the cheques of reputable people for a modest commission. The currency they pay out in would be F.R.B. notes, this being the currency wholly in use here.

The question of exchange rates would depend on fluctuation and the knowledge thereto of the seller of the cheques, but it would be best to arrange for the opening of a current account in F.R.B. currency in Tientsin, thus eliminating a local argument on exchange rates, the rate being settled by one's foreign bankers when feeding the F.R.B. account in Tientsin. Most accounts can be paid by cheque—that it those of any size ; but in what currency is a matter between the parties concerned.

In conclusion, unless something very unforeseen arises, anyone who wants to come to Peitaiho beach for a holiday can do so with the assurance that all is well.

Nine Wuhu Nurses Complete Course

Graduation Ceremony Held In Their Honour ; Relief Work Carried on

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Wuhu, May 12.

The Wuhu General Hospital School of Nursing graduated its 1939 class of nine nurses today, the exercises taking place in the hospital chapel at 4.30 p.m.

The procession formed in the hospital lobby and marched into the chapel to the sound of music. At the head marched Miss Hsu Wei-hsu, superintendent of the school of nursing, accompanied by Miss Florence Sayles and Miss Frances Culley. American nursing advisers, and Dr. L. S. Morgan, acting superintendent of the hospital. Following these came the graduating nurses in new white uniforms and the next three classes of student nurses in their usual uniforms. After these came the nursing school preparatory classes. The procession totalled over 70.

In the chapel were gathered many friends, Chinese and foreign, who had come to celebrate the occasion and to congratulate these young women who had, amid so many difficulties creditably completed the work required for graduation.

The chapel was specially decorated. On the wall back of the pulpit, the legend "Class of 1939" was outlined in harmonious setting and colours, yellow predominating. Covering the whole front of the platform were arranged many large baskets of flowers.

A programme had been prepared in which the opening remarks were made by Miss Hsu Wei-hsu. The graduation address was made by the Rev. Hunter Yen of the American Church Mission.

Brief speeches also were made by Mr. K. S. Lee and Mr. Joseph Wharton of the hospital board of directors, by Mr. E. F. Stewart of the Christian Missionary Alliance and by the acting superintendent of the hospital.

Excellent music was furnished by the School of Nursing who sang the school song, by the graduating class who sang their class song and by Miss Margaret Lawrence who sang a solo in Chinese

Diplomas Presented

Diplomas were presented by Miss Hsu Wei-hsu, superintendent of the school of nursing, assisted by Miss Frances Culley and Miss Florence Sayles.

This is the tenth consecutive class of nurses graduated by the Wuhu General Hospital School of Nursing not excepting the difficult spring of 1938 when the hostilities rendered any regular work most difficult.

Aside from training nurses all other regular work of the hospital was carried on without interruption, all through the difficult months. Though there have been very uncertain moments when the future seemed doubtful indeed, all in all there has been a minimum of interference. As is the case with all mission hospitals in occupied territory the number of patients, specially the very needy and destitute ones, has vastly increased : yet the medical and nursing staff of their hospital has kept pace with increasing need and hopes to continue its usefulness indefinitely.

Hongkong Wholesale Trade "Slow"

Amusement Places Doing Well Nevertheless

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Hongkong, May 14.

Import and export trade in Hongkong has been hard hit since the Japanese occupation of Canton. All foreign firms, specially British, report an exceptionally dull time as compared with a record year in 1938.

No wholesale business can be done as long as Hongkong is out of touch with the hinterland. Some exports managed to slip through to the interior via Macao and Shekki in Chungshan County but the Japanese in the West River delta are threatening to storm Chungshan and cut off Shekki as the main importing centre near the Hongkong regions.

Retail business in Hongkong is still good. Restaurants, tea houses, public conveyances, theatres and dance halls are doing as well as can be expected. While the National Government in Chungking has declared that officials should not indulge in dancing and gambling the local dance halls are frequented by them or children of officials. Even students from Canton universities which were moved to Hongkong are patrons of dance halls. The best dance hall hostesses from Shanghai remain here, doing well.

Merchants hope that Chinese troops will recapture Canton from the Japanese, so that business in Hongkong will become prosperous again. There are reports in the Chinese papers about a counter-attack to retake the city, but this is mostly propaganda. The Japanese seem well entrenched in Canton.

Countess von Reventlow Returns

Countess Haugwitz von Reventlow, the former Miss Barbara Hutton, who gave up her American citizenship, pictured in her stateroom on the Acquitania, when she granted an interview to the press on her return to New York. Her baby son Lance was with her.

London Letter

Budget's Colossal Figures

Burdens Spread Fairly With No Objections From People ; Euthanasia Advocated by Physician

BY O. M. GREEN

(Editor "North-China Daily News," 1911-1930)

London, Apr. 29.

THIS week has been so full of thrills that we are all a little unhinged. It is a sign of the times that the Budget for all its colossal figures has fallen quite flat. Relieved of fears about income-tax most of us bothered little about further details.

But Sir John Simon has for once achieved popularity. It is agreed all round that he has spread the burdens fairly. Even the Socialists had but little to say, beyond a perfunctory demand for more direct taxation. Sir Archibald Sinclair, leader of the Opposition Liberals, called it a "pedestrian Budget." To which Captain Crookshank wittily replied that in dealing with astronomical figures it was best to keep one's feet on the ground instead of soaring into the stratosphere.

The extra tax on tobacco raises a problem of which the Treasury never thought—not that it would have cared, if it had. It is easy enough to charge 7d. for a 6d. and 1d., but this would mean scrapping all the old machines, with heavy loss. Probably the packets will be made up with fewer cigarettes in them. But the tax has indirectly thrown a vivid light on the enormous increase of smoking. Over 500 brands of cigarettes and tobacco are affected by it.

A friend who has been doing business with Italy on rather a big scale for 20 years and knows the Italians intimately, is just back from three weeks in Rome and the north, and he tells me that the Italians are becoming more and more dissatisfied with the Duce's foreign policy.

This feeling is by no means confined to the ordinary public. An official of pretty high position said to my friend "We copy the Germans in everything now ; we copied their uniforms, we copied three goosestep, we copied their anti-Jewish policy, and now we have copied them in invading a helpless country and seizing it. We don't like this sort of thing."

Three times in the past few months it has been announced that the Duce was going to Turin to speak and each time the fixture was cancelled for fear of a hostile demonstration. Meanwhile he is surrounded by a group of sycophants like Count Ciano, who foster his vanity and carefully shut him off from public opinion.

Defacement of England

I have written so often of the defacement of England that I am afraid of wearying you by further mention of it. But my excuse is the Duke of Gloucester's speech the night before last, when he pleaded for more art in our lives, better buildings, better town-planning and more respect for the beauties of the countryside. In spite of laws and ordinances, and new powers put into the hand of local authorities the Duke feared that we were fighting a losing, battle for the old beauty of England.

"Perhaps," the Duke added, "we are not fighting hard enough or we are using the wrong tactics." And he begged the new President of the Royal Academy (an anchitect, be it remembered) to exert all his influence specially against the jerry-builder.

But how hard the fight is. In Surrey, for example, the two charming old villages Ham and Petersham, and Esher Common are threatened by a new motor road which the Surrey County Council wishes to cut. In north Hampshire, the lovely village of Hartley Wintney is protesting vehemently against a proposed deviation of the Aldershot-Reading road, which would take up four acres of its beloved oak wood (the trees were planted over a century ago to provide the Royal Navy with timber for ships) and destroy a great number of oaks.

Saddest of all perhaps is the imminent extinction of what remains of Cranford, the only village in the London area. Half of it, cut off by the Bath Road has long been swallowed up by London. The remainder contains a picturesque High Street, an ancient Church (part of it Saxon) and the loveliest 15th century rectory. The church is spared, but most of the rest is going, together with some of the finest agricultural land in Middlesex because the Air Ministry (which seems to have a genius for pitching on the best farm lands for its aerodromes) wants the ground for the enlargement of Heston airport. The demands of the air must one supposes be regarded as paramount nowadays.

But new motor roads, nine times out of ten, are merely a sacrifice is the demon speed. And as soon as they are made, houses are crowded along them, and their only excuse disappears.

Plea for Euthanasia

That most difficult question, the right of a person suffering from an incurable disease to end his life, or to have it ended by the doctor, has been brought up again by Sir James Purves-Stewart, the well-known doctor. Speaking to the Voluntary Euthanasia Society he told of a woman a very old friend of his, suffering from cancer, who begged him to give her something so that she might go to sleep and not wake again. "I will not say what I did," he continued, "but the next day the sufferer failed to wake." In an interview afterwards with the "Daily Telegraph" Sir James said that instances of doctors hastening an inevitable death are commoner than is supposed.

On the other hand it would probably be the experience of most of us that doctors will fight like demons to save life however hopeless the struggle. An instance came to my personal notice recently of an elderly lady who died after nine months of lingering illness which it was plain almost from the outset, could have only one ending. Yet her doctor strove to save her with a resourcefulness and determination which earned the praise of all who saw it.

Lord Ponsonby introduced a Voluntary Euthanasia Bill in the House of Lords in 1936 but it was rather clumsily framed and came to nothing. Many clergy are in favour of euthanasia ; one of them a very distinguished North Country Canon, came out strongly in favour of it at the time of Lord Ponsonby's attempt. So even on religious grounds there is no clarity about it.

Grants for Children

At the other end of life, grants for children to stimulate the birthrate were warmly pressed at a conference on national nutrition held by the British Medical Association this week. Mr. Lawrence Cadbury, of the great chocolate firm, described how Cadbury's had introduced grants for children among their workpeople a long time ago in anticipation of State grants that must surely come. "Private firms frequently give a lead to the Government" he said. In most families he found on inquiry that the extra money was spent on better food.

Germany and Italy of course are well-known to have given grants in various forms to large families for several years past—which makes their demand for colonies on the ground that their people are cramped for living space rather illogical. We are bound to do the like sooner or later. The real problem is with the working class. The motor car, cinema and cocktail parties are the great enemies of large families.

An amusing speech at the B.M.A. conference was made by Professor Motham on the rooted objection of the British public to eat new foods. It took the potato 200 years to get itself adopted, the banana 30, the grapefruit 20. Excuse for the public may be found in the fact that our dieticians vary so wildly from year to year on what we ought to eat. Just now everyone is crazy about milk. Before long we shall be warned that milk unless taken moderately tends to spots, constipation, halitosis and "B.O." One generation's meat is always the next generation's poison.

New Development For Dairen

Huge Scheme Proposed to Reclaim 2,645 Acres of City's Shareline

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Dairen, May 16.

Eighty years ago a desolate waste, overgrown with rank matted weeds, a few fishermen's hovels relieving the blank, uninspiring sight. Today one of the most modern ports in the Orient having a population of over half a million and ever increasing. Such is the history of Dairen. But the city is not large enough—or so say the powers that be—for plans have just been completed to reclaim 2,645 acres of that same shoreline which formed the origin of the town.

This is no new scheme, for it has been discussed for the past two decades or so but nothing ever emerged from these talks except the fact that if the port went on growing as before it would have to be done some time. The time has apparently come.

The project has probably been spurred on by the present inadequacy of dock space. Not so long ago there were 30 ships anchored outside waiting to berth. And the idea in reclaiming this land is to provide further wharves with comparatively deep anchorage.

Two companies will undertake the work. The larger part of it will be carried out by a new corporation which is expected to come into being this month. It will be named the Kwantung Industrial Land Co. The South Manchuria Railway Company insists upon reclaiming the land it owns along the shore, so that the area of land to be worked on by the new firm will be roughly 2,200 acres.

Large Capitalization

The Kwantung Industrial Land Co. the promoters for which are the S.M.R. and the Kwantung Government, will be capitalized at Y.10,000,000 of 200,000 shares at Y.50 each. One-fourth of this will be paid up when the company is formed. Further amounts will be called up when necessary at the rate development is moving forward.

Approval for the raising of capital is anticipated shortly from the Tokyo Finance Department. The extent of loans to be raised, according to present estimates is Y.6,300,000.

As far as is now known the funds required for the work which will take thirteen years will be Y.56,300,000, which seems an exaggerated amount for a company with capital of Y.2,000,000 and extent of borrowing Y.6,300,000 but the corporation expects to secure an average yearly income from the sale of certain portions of the land that is reclaimed.

The firm is confident that it will be able to finance operations in full. Loans are to be paid up from the fifth year after operations commence on annual instalments of Y.900,000, with the whole amount wiped off by the eleventh year.

Economical Scheme

The shoreline of Dairen where reclamation lends itself admirably to the project, has uplands in the immediate vicinity which are to be used for filling in the area to be brought above sea level, so that there will be no huge cost for the carting of such material from some lengthy distance.

The kind of land included in this development project is as follows : former tidal flats of 1,062 acres ; dry land adjoining, 756 acres ; uplands, the soil of which will be used for filling in, 381 acres.

Piers are to be erected on this reclaimed land, railway sidings will run out there to bring or carry away goods for vessels paved roads are to be laid right to the end of the wharves and all the modern dockyard equipment which is found at the wharves at present is to be installed, such as electric cranes. In addition deep sea channels will be made right up to the docks. Freighters of not more than 10,000 tons will be able to tie up.

Mysterious Death of U.S. Embassy Official

Warsaw, May 21.

Details are not yet available of the mysterious death of Mr. Grotowski, official of the United States Embassy in Warsaw, who disappeared from an express train in Poland on May 13. It will be recalled that the body was later found close to the railway line near Sandomir with the head showing fatal injuries. A satchel belonging to the official and supposed to contain important documents has not yet been traced.—Trans-Ocean.

What A Maternity Nurse Recommends For Children's Ailments

"I am writing this to tell you of my experience with Baby's Own Tablets," states Mrs. R. Kisserow, of 270 Glen Manor Drive, Toronto, Canada. "My children are grown up now and have children of their own, but forty years ago I never used anything else for my babies but Baby's Own Tablets, and always found them safe and reliable in teething or in any baby ailments. Being a maternity nurse myself I have recommended them to very many of my patients."

You may be sure that you have a thoroughly reliable remedy when you give your little one Baby's Own Tablets, for they are the prescription of a British medical child specialist and are guaranteed to be absolutely pure and free from harmful ingredients.

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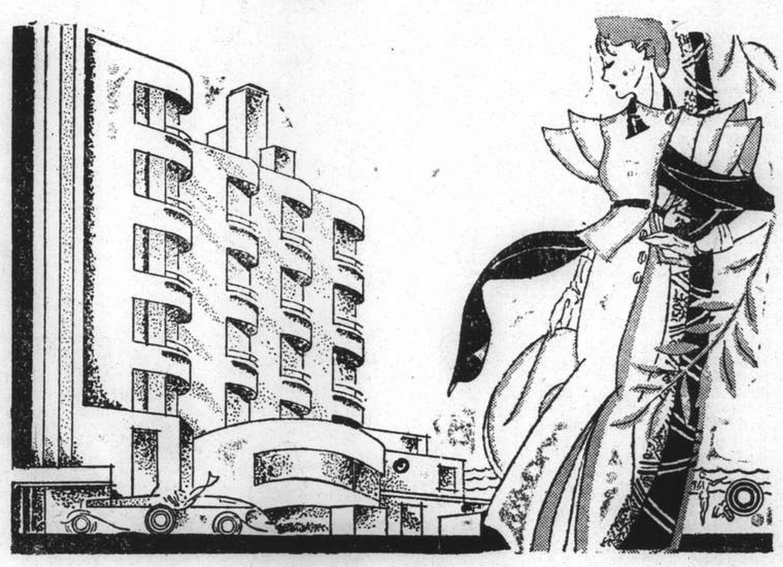

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Glorious Weather for Derby This Afternoon

Heavy Eleventh Hour Backing of Fox Cub; Gordon Richards Dreams of Winning

Epsom, May 23.

FOR the first time in history, the Derby, which will be run here tomorrow, will be raced over exactly one and a half mile. The previous course of one and a half mile and five yards has been moved in order to reduce it to an exact distance. Glorious weather prevails and the famous downs are likely to be well thronged tomorrow. Their Majesties will hear a broadcast of the race while travelling on board the Royal train in Canada.

Wagering in the race this year is very heavy, nearly £200,000 being wagered on the twenty or so runners that are likely to start. There was heavy backing today for Mr. Edward Esmond's Fox Cub, which is being backed to win £20,000, and the Aga Khan's Dhoti, which is being backed to win £18,000.

Fox Cub pleased critics when he galloped over part of the course when ridden by Gordon Richards early today.

It is understood that Richards, who has never yet won the Derby, dreamt that he was at last successful. Fox Cub is the youngest horse in the race.—Reuter.

Secret Precautions

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Epsom, May 23.

Secret precautions are being taken to prevent any Irish Republican Army outrages interfering with the Derby, which will be run here tomorrow.

Plain clothes men are posted on various parts of the course throughout the day and all night-long. There will be between 700 and 800 policemen on duty tomorrow.—Reuter.

Perfect Going Expected

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Epsom, May 23.

Unless it rains heavily, the going will be perfect for tomorrow's great classic, the Derby. Opinions vary considerably regarding the abilities of the favourite, Blue Peter. Some aver that he is a perfect colt and is ideally suited to the course, and that he will assuredly bring the first Derby victory to Lord Rosebery's family since Cicero won in 1905 for the present Earl's father.

There may also be a happy augury in the fact that the present Earl's grandfather won with Favonius when the race was last run on May 24 in 1871.

Others say that the race is very open, arguing that Blue Peter's breeding on his dam's side reveals lack of the necessary stamina, and that there are many others among the 28 probables, which is the largest field for 17 years, with equally good, if not better, chances.

France is making a bid to repeat last year's win by Bois Roussel with Romeo, Salford and Ortiz, the first named of which is backed to win £500,000 to reverse his form in the Two Thousand Guineas, when he was fourth to Blue Peter.

Eire has strong hopes to see Triguero repeat his sire's victory in 1929, while America anticipates that Mr. William Woodward will achieve the unique double of winning the Kentucky and Epsom Derby in the same year.

Mr. Woodward, who has already won the former with Johnston, has Hypnotist engaged tomorrow.—

Popular Superstition

Superstitious persons are backing Fox Cub in view of the fact that Old Moore says that the race is likely to be won by a jockey wearing white, and may possibly be ridden by a champion.

Indeed, fortune-telling is so popular throughout the world that the recent cut in price may be to some extent due to this prophesy.

Owners and trainers at the Press Club luncheon yesterday gave plenty of information, although none expressed supreme confidence.

However, Sir John Jarvis, owner of Admiral's Walk, said that he thought the race would finish as follows—Admiral's Walk, Blue Peter and Casanova.—Reuter.

Notes on Entries

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Three outings this season have not given Wheatland a first. Third behind Fairstone in the Greenham Stakes, and second to Llandaff in the Column Produce, he was unplaced before Newmarket watchers in the 2,000 Guineas, when drawn well.

He is a chestnut colt by the Derby and St. Leger winner Trigo (1926). He finished 6½ lengths behind Fairstone in the Greenham, when giving the winner 13 lb.

As a two-year-old, Romeo II ran six times and won twice, at Deauville in the summer. When second to Prince Aly Khan's Billy of Spain at Le Tremblay, he had Turbulent, winner of the Grand Criterium, behind.

He ran prominently in the 2,000 Guineas, leading the winner, Blue Peter, for part of the race. He is a son of Rodosto, who won the Guineas in 1933. Out to emulate Bois Roussel's great victory.

Triguero, after being up with leaders to the Bushes in the Newmarket Craven Stakes, faded out and finished ninth. In the 2,000 Guineas he failed to find a place among the first nine. He is from the same stable as Wheatland and by the same sire, Trigo.

Fox Cub lost the Craven Stakes at Newmarket by a head to Signal Light, but was unplaced in the 2,000 Guineas. In the former race he led practically throughout, but was beaten in a late challenge up the Hill. He is a good consistent colt by the Ascot Gold Cup winner Foxhunter (1929). He was bred in France by Mr. Edward Esmond and is rather a flash colt, chestnut, with a great deal of white. He is trained by Fred Darling, who already has five Derbys to his credit.

H. H. Aga Khan's lone entry, Dhoti, was very unlucky not to gain a place in the Free Handicap, being shut out at the start by a wall of horseflesh. In the 2,000 Guineas, however, when starting joint favourite with Blue Peter, he was not in the first ten. He is a chestnut colt by Bahram's half-brother, Dastur (1929). He was bred by the Aga Khan, who gave 3,100gns. for his dam as a yearling.

Hypnotist is a bay half-brother to the St. Leger winner Boswell, by the Derby and St. Leger winner Hyperion (1930). Ran only once as a 2-year-old. Was second to Fox Cub in the Criterion Stakes (6 furlongs), and fifth in the 2,000 Guineas.

Casanova is a beautiful colt, bred to stay. Also sired by Hyperion, but out of Double Life. Finished second to Galatea II in the Lingfield Park Spring Stakes, and eighth in the 2,000 Guineas. Likely sort for Epsom.

Call-Over for Derby

London, May 23.

The following is the latest call-over for the Derby, to be run at Epsom tomorrow over a distance of one mile and four furlongs:—

75-20 Blue Peter, offered, 4-1 taken
17-2 Hypnotist, offered, 9-1 taken
21-2 Foxcub, offered, 11-1 taken
13-1 Heliopolis, offered, 14-1 taken
15-1 Triguero, Admiral's Walk
100-6 Dhoti
18-1 Fairstone, taken and offered
19-1 Casanova, offered, 20-1 taken
27-1 Romeo II
28-1 Hastings, taken and offered
28-1 Buxton, offered
35-1 Vesperian
50-1 Atout Maitre, Salford II, taken and offered
50-1 Wheatland, offered, 55-1 taken
Bellman, Major Brackey, Mauna Kea, Rogerstone Castle, King's Legend, taken and offered
66-1 Fairfax, offered
80-1 Fair Chance, taken and offered
100-1 Ortiz, Larchfield, Pointis and Snowcap, offered.—Reuter.

Two Long Chains of Successive Wins

Reds Capture Seventh In a Row; But Cards Remain on Top

New York, May 22.

The Cincinnati Reds won their seventh straight game today over the Brooklyn Dodgers, 6-3, but failed to dislodge the hustling St. Louis Cardinals from the league lead because the Missouri lads had managed to beat the Philadelphia Phillies by a 2 to 1 score. As a result of both their victories, St. Louis maintained a hairline advantage in the percentages, although the won and lost columns show they are on even terms.

The Rhinelanders clinched the game with one run in the seventh and two in the eighth, although the Brooklyn Dodgers staged a rally with a run in the seventh and two in the ninth which knocked Cincinnati's Lee Grissom off the mound.

Home runs were slammed each by Linus Frey of the Reds and Dolph Camilli, the Dodgers' first baseman.

At St. Louis, Johnny Mize's single in the sixth inning right after "Ducky" Medwick's two base clout drove in what proved to be the winning tally.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
New York	9	12	0
Pittsburgh	2	6	4
Batteries: Schumacher and O'Dea; Tobin, Brown, Clemensen, Berres and Mueller.			
Brooklyn	3	8	0
Cincinnati	6	8	1
Batteries: Hamlin, Evans and Todd; Grissom, Thompson and Lombardi.			
Philadelphia	1	4	1
St. Louis	2	5	0
Batteries: Hollingsworth, Millies and V. Davis; Cooper, C. Davis and Owen.			
Boston	5	9	0
Chicago	3	9	1
Batteries: Fette, Erickson and Lopez; Lee, J. Russell and Mancuso.			

AMERICAN LEAGUE

St. Louis	6	13	1
Philadelphia	3	9	1
Batteries: Kennedy and Sullivan; Caster, Pipper, Potter and Brucker.			
Chicago-Washington: rain.			
Detroit-Boston: rain.			
Cleveland-New York: called in 4th because of rain; Indians leading 3-0.			

Standings

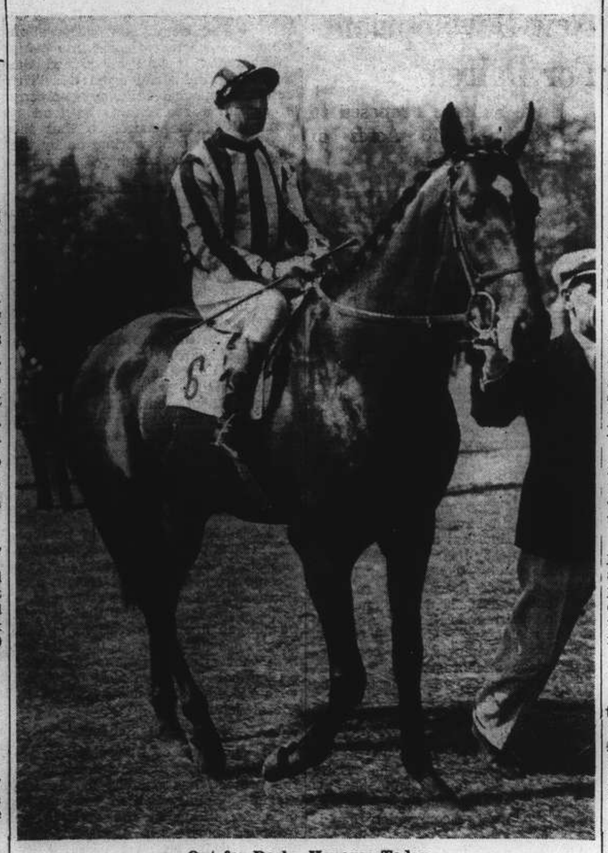
NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pct.
St. Louis	17	9	.654
Cincinnati	18	10	.643
Chicago	15	14	.517
Boston	14	14	.500
Pittsburgh	13	15	.464
New York	13	16	.448
Brooklyn	11	15	.423
Philadelphia	10	18	.357

AMERICAN LEAGUE

New York	21	5	.808
Boston	16	7	.696
Chicago	15	13	.536
Cleveland	13	13	.500
Washington	11	15	.423
Philadelphia	10	16	.385
St. Louis	11	18	.379
Detroit	10	20	.333

—United Press.



Out for Derby Honours Today

Mrs. Lionel Corbett's Bellman is to be among the starters in today's Derby at Epsom. He is seen here with S. Wragg in the saddle.

Draws for Tennis Championships

Arrangements Announced For Mixed Doubles and Ladies' Doubles

Fewer entries than last year were received by the Shanghai Lawn Tennis Association for competitions in the 1939 Shanghai Ladies Doubles and Mixed Doubles Championships, according to an official announcement made yesterday by Mr. M. Spiegler, the hon. secretary.

The Ladies Doubles includes seven teams, one less than in 1938, while twelve are entered for the Mixed Doubles whereas a total of sixteen took part last year.

Mrs. M. Reader-Harris and Mrs. J. N. Lewis Bryan, co-holders of the title last season have broken up their partnership. The former joins Miss M. S. Holwill and the latter is with Mrs. L. Ovadia. Mrs. Reader-Harris and Miss Holwill are top-seeded in the upper bracket and should go through the tournament in winning form.

In the Mixed Doubles, Lewis Carson and Mrs. Reader-Harris become partners again and will undoubtedly retain the title, although Harry Lee and Mrs. B. Krenov also form a strong team.

The draw follows:—

LADIES' DOUBLES

Miss M. S. Holwill and Mrs. M. Reader Harris *v.* Miss I. L. Mottu and Mrs. J. S. Smith; Mrs. J. N. Lewis Bryan and Mrs. L. Ovadia *v.* Mrs. H. E. Heinzerling and Miss B. Harrop; Mrs. H. Collaco and Mrs. B. Krenov *v.* Miss M. Ouei and Miss P. Ouei. Bye for Miss D. Rudge and Mme. G. Mary.

First Round is to be completed by June 19. Semi-finals are to be completed by June 22. Final to be played on Association court on June 24 or 25.

MIXED DOUBLES

Bye.—H. Collaco and Mrs. H. Collaco; Bye.—D. Tsai and Miss Becee Lo; H. K. Fi Li and Mrs. B. Krenov *v.* Z. L. Sia and Miss F. Ouei; D. Green and Miss L. Horsky *v.* H. Tong and Miss M. Ouei; L. D. Carson and Mrs. Reader Harris *v.* A. Romanenko and Mme. Lorel V. G. Taussig and Mrs. L. Ovadia *v.* A. G. Meise and Miss C. Tavares; Bye.—J. G. Forbes and Mrs. J. N. Lewis Bryan; Bye.—L. J. Coulcher and Miss M. S. Holwill.

First Round to be completed by June 12; second round by June 19; semifinals by June 23 and final on Association Court on June 24 or 25.

McAvoy Keeps British Middleweight Title

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Manchester, May 23.

Jock McAvoy, of Rochdale, retained the British middleweight title, which he has held for six years, by defeating Ginger Sadd, of Norwich, on points in a 15-round bout last night.

McAvoy, who will shortly meet Len Harvey for the world cruiserweight title, weighed 11 st. 5 lb. compared with Sadd's 11 st. 4 lb.—Reuter.

Hammond to Captain England

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, May 23.

The English cricket selection committee has appointed Walter Hammond to captain England in the three Tests against the West Indies. The first Test will begin at Lord's on June 24—Reuter.

ATHLETE'S FOOT

CAN QUICKLY SPREAD TO THE ENTIRE FAMILY

You can pass on infectious Athlete's Foot to those you love and never be aware of it. That is because of the infection's comparative mildness when first contracted, or that on a carrier it may not show up at all. Some of the ways this nasty infection shows itself are tiny itching blisters between the toes. Or the skin may become moist, red or white.

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SELLERS and JONES at TWO PIANOS

Tloczynski Hero For Poland

Beats Both Henkel and Menzel of Germany to Level Davis Cup Score

Paris, May 22.

Rallying once again, Poland drew level with Germany at two matches apiece in the Davis Cup encounter today when Tloczynski beat Menzel, 2-6, 6-1, 5-7, 6-2, 9-7, to keep his country in the running.

Previously, each country won one of the opening singles, while the Reich won the doubles yesterday. There now remains the decisive singles match between Henkel, ace German player after Baron Gottfried von Cramm, and Count Baworowski. Polish hope.

They began their match today, but it was interrupted by lack of light when Henkel was leading by 6-4, 6-2, 1-1. They are to resume play tomorrow afternoon.

In the complete singles match played today, Tloczynski started off slowly and the former Czech champion, Menzel, won the first set without much difficulty. Tables were turned in the second set, however, for the early play had tired Menzel.

Thrilling Fifth Set

The third set was a close one throughout and the patriotic spectators were roused to long rounds of applause by Tloczynski's repeated rallies. He failed to win, but made up in the decisive fourth set, which he took handily by 6-2.

In the final set, he had the crowds of Polish enthusiasts up on their feet as he continued his determined drive to victory and, quelling Menzel's powerful bursts of brilliant play, he in turn showed outstanding form and admirable steadiness to eke out a 9-7 victory to take the set and match.

Meanwhile, in Brussels, Belgium eliminated India from further competition by the close score of three matches to two.

Gans Mohamet defeated Nayaert in the first crossover singles this afternoon by a score of 10-8, 6-2, 6-1, his stamina and endurance triumphing over the Belgian player's opening burst.

But Lacroix proceeded to beat Savoor of India in the decisive fifth match by 6-1, 6-2, 6-4, to place his country in the next round of competition against Norway. That match will also take place here and will begin on Saturday next.—Havas.

Michigan Wins Track Championship

Ann Arbor, Mich., May 20.

Led by Capt. Bill Watson, who took three firsts, the University of Michigan swept to its third consecutive Western Conference Outdoor Track Championship today. Michigan's total points, 64¾, were almost as high as the record for the meet. Watson's firsts were won in the broad jump, discus throw and shot put.—United Press.

British Amateur Golf Championship Begins

No Outstanding Surprises In First Round

Hoylake, May 23.

In ideal golfing weather, play in the British Amateur Golf Championship began yesterday on the Royal Liverpool course. Three days will be occupied in reducing the entry of 168 to 32.

There were no outstanding surprises in the first round, although T. Edwards, of Aberystwyth, beat the Hon. Michael Scott, winner in 1933, by two up and one to play; and Calder, of Formby, beat Tony Torrance, former captain of the British Ryder Cup team, by one up.

Charles Yates, the American holder of the championship, had a comparatively easy passage, eliminating Bruce Thompson, of Royal Liverpool, by five and four.—Reuters.

Harvey-McAvoy Bout to Be for World Title

London, May 23.

The date for the bout between Len Harvey, co-holder of the British and Empire heavyweight titles, and Jack McAvoy, the British middleweight champion, has been set for June 22. The fight will be recognised by the British Boxing Board of Control as for the world light-heavyweight championship.—Reuter.

Yugoslavia Eliminates Hungary

Budapest, May 16.

Yugoslavia today eliminated Hungary by four matches to one after taking both singles, and entered the third round of the Davis Cup tennis series. Yugoslavia is to oppose Italy in the third round of the competition.—United Press.

Somerset Beat Leicester By Three Wickets

Losers' Rally Fails to Save Situation

London, May 23.

Somerset won by three wickets against Leicester in a County League match concluded today at Leicester.

Somerset scored 281 runs in the first innings, Gimblett being top-scorer with 108 runs. In her second innings, Somerset scored 106 runs with the loss of seven wickets.

Leicester, skittled out for 81 runs in the first innings, rallied well in the second innings when they scored 304, but this failed to save them from defeat.—Reuter.

Derby Win Easily Against Northants

London, May 22.

Derby won their match against Northants today by ten wickets. Northants made 124 (Mitchell, four for 30) and 95 (Copson, four for 34). Derby made 204, and 6 for no wickets.—Reuter.

LYCEUM

Ed. ELIROFF

presents

"LE SPECTRE DE LA ROSE"

Ballet, music by Weber

"AU CLAIR DE LA LUNE"

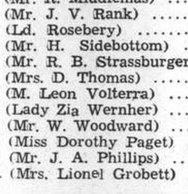
Music by Debussy

Grand

"DIVERTISSEMENT"

Only one performance:

Tuesday, June 6, at 9 p.m.



HAI-ALAI

TO-DAY at 7 p.m.

Events 1-8:	*Events 9-16:*
1. RAFAEL	1. RAMOS
2. GUERNICA	2. ASTI
3. ECHARRI	3. ACHA
4. FERNANDO	4. URANGA
5. URIZAR II	5. ENRIQUE
6. CAREAGA	6. OSA

HINDS & BARR

Turf Accountants and Commission Agents

Telephone 15155 — 100 Central Arcade — P. O. Box 1895

DERBY STAKES

TO-DAY — **Epsom (One mile and a half)**

18	FAIRSTONE	(Sir Abe Bailey)	Cottrill	(C. Richards)	9 0
15	TRIGUERO	(Mr. W. Barnett)	R. Dawson	(Burns)	9 0
50	WHEATLAND	(Mr. W. Barnett)	R. Dawson	(———)	9 0
35	VESPERIAN	(Sir G. Bullough)	J. Jarvis	(Elliot)	9 0
100	ORTIZ	(Mr. J. D. Cohn)	France	(Allemond)	9 0
13	HELIOPOLIS	(Ld. Derby)	Earl	(Perryman)	9 0
100	LARCHFIELD	(Mrs. J. Dines)	Dines	(Sprague)	9 0
21-2	FOX CUB	(Mr. E. Esmond)	F. Darling	(Gor. Richards)	9 0
27	ROMEO II	(Prin. de Faucigny-Lucinge)	France	(Brethes)	9 0
100	DIL-BHARAH	(Sir Yesh. Rao Holker)	J. Hall	(———)	9 0
15	ADMIRAL'S WALK	(Sir J. Jarvis)	J. Jarvis	(Harry Wragg)	9 0
100/6	DHOTI	(H. H. Aga Khan)	Fk. Butters	(Smirke)	9 0
100	POINTIS	(Prince Aly Khan)	Fk. Butters	(D. Smith)	9 0
66	MAUNA KEA	(Mr. R. McAlpine)	V. Smyth	(Beary)	9 0
28	HASTINGS	(M. M. Goudchaux)	Lawson	(Jones)	9 0
80	FAIRCHANCE	(Mr. R. Middlemas)	P. Allden	(Rickaby)	9 0
100	SNOWCAP	(Mr. R. Middlemas)	P. Allden	(Maher)	9 0
66	KING'S LEGEND	(Mr. J. V. Rank)	N. Cannon	(Carslake)	9 0
75-20	BLUE PETER	(Ld. Rosebery)	J. Jarvis	(E. Smith)	9 0
28	BUXTON	(Mr. H. Sidebottom)	Sidebottom	(Stephenson)	9 0
50	SALFORD II	(Mr. R. B. Strassburger)	France	(Hevre)	9 0
66	ROGERSTONE CASTLE	(Mrs. D. Thomas)	Donoghue	(Marshall)	9 0
50	A TOUT MAITRE	(M. Leon Volterra)	Blagrave	(———)	9 0
19	CASANOVA	(Lady Zia Wernher)	B-Rochford	(Nevett)	9 0
17-2	HYPNOTIST	(Mr. W. Woodward)	B-Rochford	(Beastley)	9 0
66	FAIRFAX	(Miss Dorothy Paget)	Nightingall	(Lowrey)	9 0
66	MAJOR BRACKEY	(Mr. J. A. Phillips)	Jellis	(Simpson)	9 0
66	BELLMAN	(Mrs. Lionel Grobett)	O. Bell	(S. Wragg)	9 0

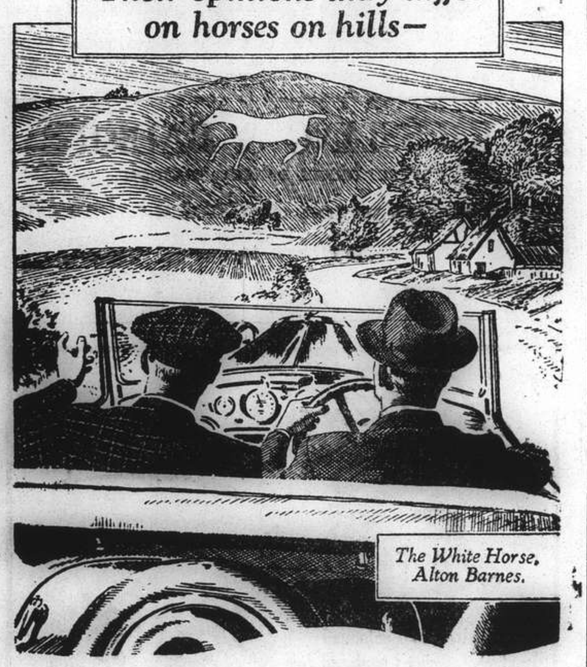
STARTING PRICE ACCEPTED ONLY

The above quotations represent the final call-over prices of the 23rd May, London.

CANIDROME

To-Day at 5 30 P.M

Their opinions may differ on horses on hills—



The White Horse, Alton Barnes.

"That White Horse over there is famous throughout the country."

"Ah! well, I know a White Horse that's famous throughout the world!"

When you feel at the end of a tiring day that a little whisky would do you good, have some White Horse, and it will! It's wonderfully soft and mellow—in fact as fine as a fine liqueur.

—but they ask for

WHITE HORSE

as a matter of course

Screw-cap flasks on sale everywhere

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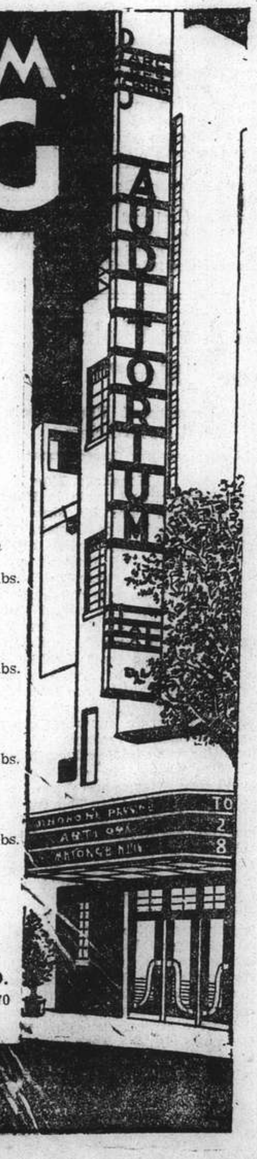

SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1939, at 9 p.m.

LIGHTHEAVY TITLE ELIMINATIONS

Action Packed Card

Main Event: 10 rounds

TONY LIVINGSTONE — *Middle and Lightheavy Contender* — Fourth Marines ..... 160 lbs.

vs.

NICKI WAN — *Lightheavyweight Champion of North China* — Tientsin ..... 170 lbs.

Double Semi-final: 8 rounds

SWEDE GERT ENG — *Former amateur champion* — Gotenburg ..... 170 lbs.

vs.

LEO KUBIAK — *Most improved fighter* — Fourth Marines ..... 170 lbs.

8 rounds

"TIGER" USOFF — *The crowdpleaser* — Shanghai ..... 170 lbs.

vs.

JOE CSANADI — *Lightheavy newcomer* — Fourth Marines ..... 170 lbs.

Special Event: 6 rounds

YOUNG ALDE — *The old maestro* — Manila ..... 155 lbs.

vs.

PRIVATE MARDENSKY — Russian Regiment .... 155 lbs.

And a strong supporting card

MUSIC: FOURTH MARINES' BAND

Through kindness of Col. F. E. Fegan and Officers

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Yen Quoted Here At 90 Cents

Down to 88 Cents Yesterday But Recovers; Chinese Bonds Show Improvement

With the Japanese currency registering another decline in terms of the Chinese national currency yesterday in the Shanghai exchange market, the yen and its affiliated notes have now entered the eleventh day of downward trend and as to their future, uncertainty was the keynote of comments made by exchange circles here.

Local exchange shops were buying at a rate of $90 for Yen 100 as compared with the price $92.30 reported the previous day and at one time in the morning it was quoted at $88.50, the lowest rate ever recorded but in the afternoon a slight upward trend was followed but the rate fluctuated around $90.

It was stated in exchange circles that changes in the rate occurred almost hourly depending on the demand and supply and this opinion coincided with that expressed by the Japanese spokesman at a recent press conference. Pressed for the reasons behind the serious currency situation, they admitted the weakening of the Japanese currency as a result of the issue of notes without much cash reserve by the new Hwa Hsing Commercial Bank in which six Japanese banks participated.

Chinese press reports reveal that the downward trend of the Japanese currency here follows logically the upward trend of the prices of the Chinese Government bonds reflecting the favourable international situation and encouraging news from the front.

Reports to the effect that negotiations for new loans to China from Great Britain and the United States have been successfully concluded have been responsible to a large degree of the increase of prices of Chinese Government bonds and the decrease of the price of gold.

During the past 11 days Japanese currency and its affiliated notes have been following an almost uninterrupted downward trend with the exception of the "Federal" notes issued by the Peiping regime the price of which, the authorities concerned have tried their best to increase. It would appear, however, that the establishment of the new bank in Hongkew has rendered such efforts futile as the upward trend had been a short-lived one.

The following table indicates the value of the Japanese currency and its affiliated money since May 12. (In terms of the Chinese currency.)

Date May	Japan notes	Chosen notes	Federal notes
12	1.005	.875	.806
13	1.000	.863	.819
16	.994	.865	.806
18	.986	.862	.826
19	.965	.853	.833
20	.930	.850	.819
22	.900	.800	.816

Morphine Seized in Police Raid

One Chinese was arrested and two small packets of morphine were seized at 10 a.m. yesterday when a party of detectives attached to Chengtu Road station raided a Chinese residence on Mohawk Road. The raids were carried out after information had been received that morphine was being sold there, but when the party of detectives arrived, only one man was found on the premises. He is at present being questioned at the station with the hope that he will give information which will permit the apprehension of other members of the same gang.

Police Fight Against Crime Continues

Huge Total of Searches Made During April

Maintaining its fight against crime in the International Settlement—a fight that has been waged unceasingly for several months with commendable results—the Shanghai Municipal Police searched over 975,000 persons south of the Soochow Creek during April, states the monthly report of the Commissioner of Police. Of this number no less than 857,648 were searched on all pontoons where the police, aided by armed members of the Russian Regiment S.V.C., exercised great vigilance as tugs, sampans and coastal steamers discharged their loads of passengers from districts outside the jurisdiction of the Municipal Council.

Pedestrians searched during the month totalled no less than 108,178 while police parties also stopped 9,390 cyclists and 8,001 motorists in different parts of the town as the fight against crime continued. Searches on trams, trolley buses and omnibuses totalled 19,356 while 41,204 rickshaws, 314 hotels and lodging houses, 70,729 roof gardens, and 15 other licensed premises were also searched.

A total of 170 arrests were made on the Bund during the month, 59 of these being for larceny and 56 for fighting. Thirty suspects were seized for loitering and 17 were arrested for suspected larceny. Six people were found to be in possession of opium and the remainder were apprehended for extortion.

Peace Commissions in Hainan Island

Central Body Desired by Many Inhabitants

Hoihow, Hainan Island, May 23.

Ten out of 16 hsien on Hainan Island have been brought into the Japanese pacification zones with the organization of more than ten Peace Maintenance Commissions, Japanese army authorities announced yesterday.

One-third of these commissions have organized self-defence corps which guard against operations of troop stragglers of Communist affiliation, in co-operation with the Japanese army.

Establishment of a central administrative body was desired by many islanders, Japanese authorities stated. This may result in the formation of a joint commission of the peace maintenance bodies in the immediate future, they declared.

Surviving troops of Gen. Wang Yi, Commander of the Hainan Garrison, have been dislodged from their bases in the general mopping-up operations launched by the Japanese late in April. Gen. Wang fled and his whereabouts were unknown. The disorganized remnants of the Chinese units have been crushed, Japanese officers claimed.—Domei.

U.S. Army Fliers Crash On Mountain

San Jose, Calif., May 22.

Two army fliers were killed late last night when their attack plane crashed on the top of Mount Hamilton, 25 miles east of here, narrowly missing the dome of the U.S.$500,000 Lick observatory. The men were Lieut. R. F. Lorenz of Illinois and Private W. E. Scott.—United Press.

U.S. Foreign Trade Week Progresses

Definite Drive to Seek Industrial Improvement; Foreign Business Wanted

Washington, May 23.

National Foreign Trade Week moved forward in 39 states and 37 foreign countries today as American businessmen and government officials co-operated in attempting to restore world commerce in "goods for peaceful consumption" instead of war materials.

Businessmen in 39 American states are co-operating in the trade campaign to develop foreign trade possibilities and emphasize to the country the importance of foreign trade to domestic industry and trade.

The New York and San Francisco exhibitions have both announced formal recognition of the trade week and Mr. Grover Whalen, head of the New York World's Fair said he hoped the Foreign Trade Week would be one of the highlights of the New York exposition.

Mr. Fletcher H. Rawls, assistant director of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce, was named chairman of the Foreign Trade Week committee to co-operate with 200 business groups in the United States and several in foreign countries.

Observation Abroad

American consular authorities abroad have been instructed to assist the 37 foreign American Chambers of Commerce in observing the trade promotion week in the following countries: Argentina, Belgium, Chile, China, Colombia, Cuba, the Dominican Republic, Britain, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, Manchukuo, Mexico, Morocco, Poland, South Africa, Spain and Uruguay.

"The importance of Foreign Trade Week to our national economy," Mr. Rawls said yesterday, "now more than ever needs to be clearly understood by all our people and it will be the aim of my bureau to devote its best efforts towards a widening and better understandg and appreciation of our national trade."

Mr. James A. Farrell, chairman of the National Foreign Trade Council, cited the accomplishments attained by American Chambers of Commerce abroad in creating conditions favourable to the negotiation of trade agreements which he said provide the most favourable method of ironing out differences hampering American trade enterprise.—United Press.

CANADIANS are in a dilemma. The beaver has been invested with an aura of sanctity. It has been made the symbolic animal of Canada and is held up as a high example of patience and industry. But it has one drawback—it interferes with salmon. When the water level near the beaver's home is not high enough to meet family requirements, he goes briskly to work to make it higher by building a dam. It does the trick but it also prevents the salmon making their way upstream to the spawning grounds. The salmon is worth well over £1,000,000 to the Provincial fisheries and there it is essential that the salmon runs should be maintained, but in clearing away jams of logs or debris great care has to be taken to see the task is done with tact and discretion as the beaver has established rights of its own.

S.F.B. Officer Detained By Japanese N.C.O.

Sequel to Minor Traffic Mishap in Wayside

Mr. J. Huxley, accountant officer of the Shanghai Fire Brigade, was detained by a Japanese N.C.O. after he had accidentally knocked down a Japanese marine whilst driving his car out of the entrance of the D. K. K. wharf on Monday afternoon. He was subsequently taken to the military headquarters at 430 Yangtzepoo Road but he was released after being questioned for the better part of half an hour.

At the time of the accident, Mr. Huxley was driving his car at a low speed behind a squad of Japanese marines who were marching out of the wharf's compound. Suddenly one of the soldiers, who had obviously not seen the car coming from behind, halted and was hit by Mr. Huxley's car as the brakes, which he applied as soon as he saw the danger of the impact, did not function immediately, the wheels slipping on a metal strip which is fixed to the ground at that point.

The soldier fell down but got up immediately and smiled as the non-commissioned officer walked up to Mr. Huxley, removed the ignition keys from the car, and requested the Fire Brigade officer to follow him to headquarters.

Mr. Huxley's request to be permitted to telephone or to be taken to a commissioned officer was refused by the N.C.O.

Following questioning, Mr. Huxley was released thirty minutes later.

Ambassador Johnson Due In Shanghai Today

Admiral Yarnell, C. E. Gauss to Meet Ship

The United States Ambassador, Mr. Nelson T. Johnson, accompanied by his wife and two children, is due to arrive in Shanghai aboard the President Coolidge this morning. Admiral H. E. Yarnell of the U. S. S. Augusta, with Mr. C. E. Gauss, U. S. Consul-General in Shanghai and Comdr. H. E. Overesch, U.S. Naval Attache, will proceed downriver in the Admiral's barge to meet the President liner and expect to arrive with the Ambassador and his family at the Custom's Jetty at nine o'clock this morning.

It is not known whether Mr. Johnson, who has been in the States for the past four months, will spend a few days in Shanghai or continue on the President Coolidge to Hongkong on his way to Chungking.

New Zealand's £2,000 Golf Offer

Auckland, May 18.

To celebrate the centenary of the country, the New Zealand Golf Association is offering £2,000 as prizes in three meetings, including an award of £5000 to the winner of the New Zealand pen championship, it was announced today.

At Auckland on October 23 and 24, there will be a 72-hole stroke play competition for £300, and a similar event will be decided at Christchurch on November 2 and 3. The "open" is to be played at Wellington from November 9 to 17, together with the professional championship and a foursomes tournament.—Reuter.

Public Health Department Prices

The following prices were obtained from markets and stores in the Western District on May 10.

Article	Unit	Price
Fresh Meat		
Beef		
Sirloin Roast	lb.	0.55
Rib Roast	"	0.45
Rump Steak	"	0.50
Fillet Steak	"	0.90
Topside Steak	"	0.48
Silverside	"	0.45
Brisket Beef	"	0.32
Shin Beef	"	0.28
Stewing Beef	"	0.40
Soup Meat	"	0.30
Suet	"	0.40
Mutton		
Gigot of Mutton	lb.	0.50
Saddle of Mutton	"	0.45
Loin Chops	"	0.45
Shoulder Mutton	"	0.35
Flank Mutton	"	0.30
Neck Mutton	"	0.28
Pork		
Leg of Pork	lb.	0.60
Loin of Pork	"	0.55
Loin Chop	"	0.70
Shoulder of Pork	"	0.65
Lard	"	0.35
Veal		
Veal Leg	lb.	0.75
Veal Steak	"	1.10
Veal Cutlets	"	0.75
Veal Stewing	"	0.60
Buffalo	"	0.33
Goat	"	0.40
Prepared Meat		
Bacon	lb.	0.90
Corned Brisket	"	0.48
Corned Silverside	"	0.48
Corned Round	"	0.48
Ham	"	0.90
Ham, Chinese	"	0.94
Salted Pork	"	0.49
Fresh Fish		
Bream	lb.	0.38
Black Head	"	0.28
Carp	"	0.45
Cod, Ningpo	"	0.28
Cod, Shanghai	"	.028
Crabs	"	0.60
Cuttle Fish	"	0.10
Eel	"	0.48
Flounder	"	—
Halibut	"	0.23
Herring	"	0.23
Lobster	"	1.40
Mackerel	"	0.38
Mandarin	"	0.28
Pomfret	"	0.28
Prawns	each	0.08
Ribbon Fish	lb.	—
Salmon	"	0.33
Samli	"	0.45
Shrimps	"	0.55
Soles, Ningpo	"	0.23
Soles, Shanghai	"	0.45
Whitebait	"	0.25
Yellow Fish	"	0.18
Salted Fish		
Herring	lb.	0.20
Jelly Fish	"	0.15
Ribbon	"	—
Yellow Fish	"	—
Whitebait	"	—
Salmon	"	0.24
Crabs	"	0.20
Vegetables		
Artichokes	lb.	0.08
Asparagus	"	0.70
Bamboo Shoots	"	0.20
" " Dried	"	0.20
Beans Broad	"	0.15
" Chinese Long	"	—
" French	"	0.23
" Haricot	"	0.20
" Kidney	"	0.20
" Lima	"	0.20
" Soya	"	0.20
" Sprouts	"	0.08
" White	"	0.20
" Soaked	"	0.20
Beetroot	"	0.11
Cabbage	"	0.08
" Salted	"	0.15
" Shantung	"	—
" Tientsin	"	—
Carrots	"	0.08
Cauliflower	each	0.40
Celery, Chinese	bunch	0.06
" U.S.	lb.	1.00
Chilies	"	0.30
Cucumber	"	0.17
Egg-plant	"	0.20
Endive	each	—
Garlic	lb.	0.15
Ginger	"	0.14
Green Corn	each	—
Green Peas	lb.	0.20
Green Pepper	"	0.40
Horseradish	"	0.40
Kale	"	0.15
Koh-Bah	"	—
Kohlrabi	bunch	0.10
Leeks	"	0.08
Lettuce	each	0.06
Mint	lb.	0.30
Mushrooms	"	1.20
Okra	"	—
Onions, Amer.	"	0.20
" , small	"	0.30
" , spr.	bunch	0.08
Parsnips	lb.	0.25
Potatoes	"	0.12
Potatoes small new	"	0.25
Potatoes sweet	"	0.06
Pumpkin	"	0.10
Radish	bunch	0.03
Red Cabbage	each	0.30
Rhubarb	lb.	0.33
Spinach	"	0.08
Squash	each	—
Thyme	lb.	2.00
Tomatoes	"	0.30
Turnips	"	0.05
Veg. Marrow	"	—
Water Bamboo	"	—
Big Marrow	"	0.12
Dill	bunch	0.05
Poultry, Game and Eggs		
Capon	lb.	—
Chicken, spr.	"	0.65
Deer	each	—
Duck	"	2.50
Duck, Wild	"	1.00
Eggs (chicken)	doz.	0.72
Fowl	lb.	0.65
Goose	each	3.25
Widgeon Duck	"	0.70
Hare	"	—
Partridge	"	—
Pheasant	"	—
Pigeon	"	0.48
" Wild	"	—
Quail	"	0.50
Rabbit	lb.	0.60
Snipe	each	0.23
Teal	"	0.33
Turkey (Dressed)	lb.	0.70
Venison	each	—
Woodcock	"	0.53
Duck, dressed	"	1.95
Eggs (duck)	doz.	0.50
Goose, dressed	each	2.65
Fruit		
Apples, Korean	lb.	0.23
" , Chefoo	"	0.23
" , Dairen	"	0.23
" , Aust.	"	0.63
Aspricots	"	—
Benanas	"	0.13
Beeboes	"	—
Cherries	"	—
Figs	"	—
Grapes	"	—
" U.S.	"	1.00
Grapefruit	each	0.28
Lemons	"	0.20
Lichees	lb.	0.35
Mango	each	0.28
Oranges, Canton	lb.	—
" , Mandarin	"	—
" , U.S.	doz.	1.20
" , Wenchow	"	—
Peaches	"	—
Pears, Aust.	lb.	0.63
" , Chinese	"	—
" , Peking	"	—
" , U.S.	"	—
Persimmons	"	—
Plums	"	0.10
Pumelo	each	—
Strawberries	lb.	0.18
Water Melons	"	—
Grain and Flour		
Flour: Aust.	49 lbs.	6.50
Can.	" "	7.00
U.S.	"	7.50
Shanghai	50 lbs.	4.55
Rice	220 lbs.	19.60
Milk		
Grade "A" (T.T.)	pint	0.38
Grade "A"	"	0.36
Grade "B"	"	0.24
Fodder		
Barley	110 lbs.	6.80
Bran	" "	4.20
Fuel		
Best Anthracite	Metric ton	52.00
No. 1 House Coal	"	44.00
No. 1 Kitchen Coal	"	43.00
Firewood ...20 large bundles		—
Firewood ....8 small bundles		1.00
Firewood ....15 small bundles		1.60
Charcoal 1st. Quality..27 lbs.		1.60
Charcoal 2nd. Quality .40 lbs.		1.90

Yankee Clipper Lands In Southampton

Southampton, May 23.

The Yankee Clipper arrived here at 12.45 p.m. from Marseilles, from which port it took off at 7.30 a.m.—Havas.

Police Search for Bagpipes Ends

Missing Instrument Turns Up; Piper's Trips

Much to the disgust of Shanghai's very efficient police and the local sassenach community (they don't appreciate good music, says the Scots man) Shanghai's first, and probably last, mystery of the missing bagpipes has been solved. It will be recalled that when playing at an officers' function at the Race Club on May 13 thirsty work this) a Seaforth Highlander piper who had blown lustily and well for the greater part of the evening decided that his lungs needed a little "oiling" and so, between intervals, he quietly slipped across to Bubbling Well Road to perform the task.

During the first two or three journeys he carried his pipes with him, displaying that great affection for his instrument which is common to all dwellers north of the Tweed. Later, however, the pipes became quite an encumbrance which is only natural considering the distance and the fact that the particular bar patronized by the thirsty piper was filled with cheery Jack Tars, most of whom had the idea that Scotland was a London suburb somewhere north of 'oundsditch. And so his last trip he left the pipes on the Racecourse lawn.

Imagine his consternation upon his return to find that his pipes were no longer there. Immediately there was a hue and cry and the co-operation of the Municipal Police was sought, the result being that a vigorous search was instituted among all the pawn shops in the city, although it was feared that this would meet with little success as it was felt that any person (Scotsmen excepted) finding the pipes would preserve them as a relic of some bygone age, not knowing their true use.

Yesterday, however, the mystery was solved to the disappointment of the police who had hoped to record their first bagpipe mystery, when it became known that the pipes had been discovered by a passer-by on the lawn, who had realized what the instrument was and the agony that it could cause if it passed into inexperienced hands. This passer-by, showing great tact, had placed the pipes in the club for safe keeping and later they were returned to the Seaforths.

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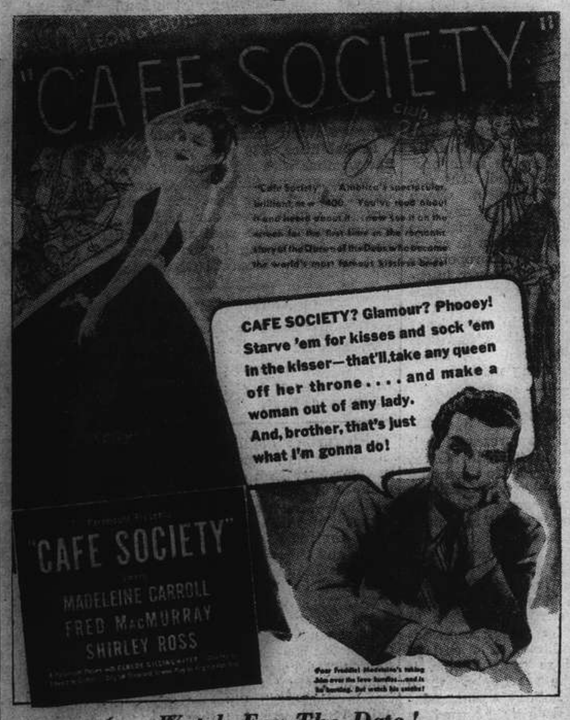
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BIRTH

McGILCHRIST.—At the Country Hospital, Shanghai, on May 23, 1939, to Aileen (née O'Neill), wife of Ian McGilchrist, a son, DONALD GORDON. -7121

DEATH

NAZER.—The late Mrs. ALICE NAZER will be interred in Shanghai. Funeral arrangements will be announced later. 12962

IN MEMORIAM

HUNTER.—In loving and precious memory of my beloved daughter, EILEEN PATRICIA (PAT), who passed away at Shanghai on May 24, 1935. Sadly missed by Mummy and Bobby. -7042

CARDS

W. A. SACHERT

P.P.C. 12979

Mr. and Mrs. H. CIZEK
and EVA
ss. Rajputana

P.P.C. -7146

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

A GOODLY HERITAGE

Mother be proud of thy seed!
Count, are we feeble or few? Hear, is our speech so rude?
Look, are we poor in the land? Judge, are we men of The Blood?.....
Truly ye come of The Blood; slower to bless than to ban,
Little used to lie down at the bidding of any man—
Flesh of the flesh that I bred, bone of the bone that I bare:
Stark as your sons shall be—stern as your fathers were.....
Go to your work and be strong, halting not in your ways,
Baulking the end half-won for an instant dole of praise.
Stand to your work and be wise—certain of sword and pen,
Who are neither children nor Gods, but men in a world of men.

Another Empire Day, another of those milestones in the history of the British Empire has been reached, in circumstances internationally no better than when this day was celebrated last year. The spectre of fear ranges over the whole world, fear of war and all the horrors which the knowledge of mankind has imported into it. And yet from the point of view of the British Empire, that commonwealth of nations conceived by Disraeli, and ultimately brought into perfect flower long after he had died, is better placed now to meet the future than has ever been the case before. This past year will go down in British history as one of the most remarkable through which the Empire has passed. It has seen great decisions made, old usages departed from, disillusionments realized and the lion has been stirred from his complacency. It is well. It would be better if there were some bard such as Kipling to re-sing the songs of Empire. This is no day when minds are turned to nationalities which go to make it up, but rather to that broad concept which Kipling saw when he wrote "The Houses" a song of the Dominions :—

'Twixt my house and thy house what talk can there be
Of Headship or lordship, or service or fee?
Since my house to thy house no greater can send
Than thy house to my house—friend comforting friend:
And thy house to my house no meaner can bring.
Than my house to thy house—King counselling King.

It is in the intimacy of equality that the strength of the British Empire is to be found, in The Blood; not the material blood of men's bodies, but of common ideals, purposes and determinations. There is nothing mean in the conception of empire; the men who founded it did so inspired by that same idea of service to the common cause which still animates the true Briton no matter where fate has caused his lot to be set. The same high courage and lofty hand which created the Empire maintains it and will continue to do so against the envy of less happier lands. The response to the appeal for national service in Great Britain was great; it was not entirely satisfactory because of the immensity of the problems involved, but it was sufficient to show that the heart of Britain is sound, and ready to meet whatever demands may be made upon it in the defence of that Empire of which it is still the nerve centre. Who in his right senses would talk of British decadence in view of such a fact? Who, realizing all that the acceptance of the doctrine of conscription means to the average Briton, would dare believe that the spirit which inspires the Empire is falling away? The wish is too often father to the thought, and in this case desire parents an unwise conclusion. It is indeed a dangerous one, for if those who hold to it seek to base their future behaviour towards the Empire on such untrustworthy ground they may at some future date find themselves uncomfortably disillusioned. It can safely be said that never before in the history of Great Britain and the British Empire has morale been at a higher pitch. The very calmness which was shown during the various crises since last September is the best possible support for that contention, and while with all his heart and soul the average Briton desires that the cup of war shall be withheld from him, let there be no mistake that if he has to quaff it he will drain it to its bitterest dregs. Let those who would seek to proffer that draught beware lest they find the drinking of it be to their own discomfort, for the years of patience which have passed were no signs of weakness, but rather of an earnest desire to explore the avenues of peace. They are not closed yet; they may never be, but if it is sought to close them determination and steel shall again force a passage.

These are not vainglorious words. They would be if the hesitancies of the past still prevailed, if the British in all quarters of the globe were not prepared to defend themselves and their rights to the very last hour of act. It may be—though God forbid,—that by the time another Empire Day comes round Britons may be called upon to make good these words. They will not fail any more than the sun will forget to rise, for if they did it would set upon them forever. There is in this year and age a call for service, for sacrifice, for consecration to the high ideals for which the Empire stands. Those things can only be rendered, with "a humble and contrite heart," and a remembrance of the history of which the Briton can be so proud. A contradiction? Of course it is. Whoever expected to see in the British character that careful consistency which denies inspiration and calls for nothing more than a brute, uncomprehending courage? It is now no time to sing of "the lesser breeds without the law." That type of jingoism undoubtedly served its purpose in its time. The world has passed through much since that spirit was dominant and though it may be more subdued, changed even, the strength and determination which it expressed is still there, possibly maturer but nonetheless real. It is on the note that the Empire and all that it stands for demands, just as much now as it has done in the past, those great qualities which originally brought it into being, that this article must be brought to an end. With Kipling it is still possible to sing "Fair is our lot—O goodly is our heritage," but Britons wherever they are to be found, should remember, as Nurse Cavell did that "Patriotism is not enough." There must be faith and those other qualities so that

Though all we made depart,
The old Commandments stand:—
"In patience keep your heart,
In strength lift up your hand."

A Mere Formality

If the provisions of the German-Italian Military Pact are no more significant than Havas alleged them to be in a report published yesterday, it is a little difficult to understand what all the excitement has been about in connection with the signing of that interesting document at Berlin on Monday. It contains nothing in fact which could not have been anticipated by any intelligent observer of political trends during the past few months, and, as has already been pointed out by more than one commentator, merely sets forth on paper, what has long been recognized as a factor in practical politics. The provisions that the two countries will keep continually in touch with each other regarding their common interests and the European situation is nothing new. They have been doing that consistently all along. The clause dealing with immediate consultation in the event of one or other of them being threatened, and providing for mutual political and diplomatic support is just about as old, while the pledge that each will help the other with their land, sea, and air forces in the event of a conflict imports no new factor into the situation, where this possibility has always been insisted upon by the Dictators themselves in their various addresses, and fully acknowledged by those countries against whom their remarks were addressed. The whole pact merely amounts to a reaffirmation of that political, and military solidarity upon which much emphasis has been laid in the past, and reduces to documentary formality a state of affairs which has always been recognized as existing. It is unlikely that the act of signature will have any profound effect upon present trends in Europe, leaving the situation exactly where it was, but possibly affording some ground for internal propaganda missing while the present lull exists in European affairs. If, as it has been suggested, Great Britain and Russia do enter into a mutually defensive arrangement, that will be of much more importance than what occurred on Monday at Berlin, for it will prove a most valuable addition to the strength of the democracies, and tend to offset whatever advantage there might have accrued from an understood agreement between Italy and Germany which has always been recognized as existing.

View Supported

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Secretary of State for the Colonies, has made it quite clear that the view expressed in these columns regarding the British Government's attitude to the Palestine question was the correct one, for in the course of the debate on Monday, after reviewing the history of the matter, he stated "Surely these assurances meant that the Jewish National Home in Palestine did not mean a Jewish State against the wishes of the Arab population." That that view is held by some Jewish writers is clear from the review of a book written by so eminent a man as Mr. Neville Laski, President of the Board of Deputies of British Jews, entitled "Jewish Rights and Jewish Wrongs," in which he is quoted as saying that the ideas of the National Home in Palestine is defined as "a system which will give both to the Jews and to the Arabs complete political and civil security, and self-government in matters that concern each community alone—neither a Jewish nor an Arab state, but a Palestinian State." That position, it was pointed out last Friday, was made quite clear in the White Paper issued by Mr. Winston Churchill in 1922. Mr. MacDonald now points out that the policy of the British Government is to seek to make such arrangements that the interests of the minority, and the majority in Palestine shall be adequately secured; there is no intention of handing over the Arabs to become members of a Jewish State, and the sooner that is fully recognized the earlier will there be some prospect of peace in that unhappy land. The design to create a Palestinian state in which neither Arab nor Jew shall suffer from any sort of discrimination is the same scheme which has existed all along, and for Great Britain to adopt any other line, no matter how the proponents of the Jewish case may seek to discover interpretations of declarations which cannot in face of the fact be justified, would be to inflict upon the Arabs a wholly unwarrantable injustice. They have their rights as well as the Jews, and it is in the endeavour to satisfy both that Great Britain is succeeding in satisfying neither.

Peace and War Camps

In some of the defensive measures which it has been found necessary to take in Great Britain, an effort is being made to combine military with peace-time objectives. This is the case with the permanent camps which are being constructed in various parts of the country. They will house a number of children who will have to be evacuated from towns and cities in the danger zones in time of war, and they will be used for the recuperation and holidays of school children in peace time. The Camps Bill, which was recently introduced in Parliament, provided for fifty camps, each accommodating about 350 children, at a cost of some £1,200,000. Regarded as peace camps, if used for six months in the year only, these fifty camps will give good holiday accommodation to 200,000 children. Each is planned in such a way that it will serve as a nucleus round which further buildings can be grouped. The camps are thus capable of rapid extension, and in emergency each can at once house double the number of children for which it was originally designed. The camps will be situated in rural surroundings about thirty miles from the large centres of population which they are to serve, and they will form part of a general plan for the improvement of the nation's health. They will be built by companies making no profit, work with capital mainly provided by the Government. The authorities concerned will be given powers to acquire land compulsorily; and in the construction of the camps special attention will be paid to the provision of jobs for men at present unemployed. The chief criticism levelled against the scheme is that it is not extensive enough, but that is a fault which, it is believed, will soon be remedied.

IN PARENTHESIS

Rudiments

"I JUST want him to learn the rudiments of walking," said her ladyship as the maid piloted the baby across the room "He'll always have plenty of cars."

* * *

Warning

"OF course, I shall have to mention your fits of temper, Mary," said her mistress, writing the maid's "character."

"That's all right, mum; p'raps it'll make my new mistress mind her p's and q's."

* * *

Sufferers

"DOES this village boast a football team?" asked the stranger.

"Well," came the reply, "I can't say we boast of it. We just pay our tanner every Saturday and suffer in silence."

* * *

Slater Hated

A YOUNG chicken-farmer called Slater
Had a hen that he loved like a mater.
The hen, just for that,
Laid an egg in his hat,
Which later caused Slater to hate 'er.

* * *

New Float

THERE'S plenty of gradely inventions,
Like Blackpool, and tripe, and pound notes.
But I've just invented a new one—
I've invented a Bath bun that floats!

* * *

Talkative

"BUT, darling," said the prospective bride, "if we marry, I'll lose my job."

"Can't we keep it a secret?"

"But suppose we have a baby?"

"Oh, we'll tell the baby, of course."

* * *

Unwise Disclosure

A CORRESPONDENT, who records elsewhere his amazement "that a drab green is almost universally used for lamp-posts, railings, piers and so on."

One may say that it is, of course, part of Sir John Anderson's pet A.R.P. plan.

* * *

Glad Tidings

SPEAKING at a dinner, Dr. W. Primrose Walker told a story about a school teacher who was removing her hat and coat in the cloakroom, when she was joined by one of her colleagues.

"Good morning, Miss—," said the first teacher. "I hear you are leaving us to get married."

"No," said the second teacher, "I am leaving because I have reached the age limit, but—thank heavens for the rumour."

* * *

Sub-Editor's Secret Life

THE man with the iron teeth, has said with bitter joy that the broken engagement announced between Mr. So-and-so and Miss Such-and-such "is the 34th to be publicly announced this year."

One believes that after each such announcement he opens his door at midnight to let the good news in, and howls like a wolf.

News of the re-marriage of divorced persons is enough to send him to bed for a week. But in his way he revels in life.

* * *

Wager Lost

A CERTAIN cake was so bad we had to ask my nephew, little Albert, to tea the next day to finish it up. Just as he was reaching for his fourth slice, I noticed his hand—it was as black as ink.

"Eee, Albert," I says, "just look at the colour of thy hand."

Well, he looks at his hand and then looks at me.

"I'll bet you a bob there's a dirtier hand at this table," he says. "Taken," says I, always glad to make an easy shilling.

But I lost my bob. Aye—little Albert showed us his other hand.

* * *

In Society

"STATUESQUE women "come right into their own in some of the new summer fashions. Deportment becomes big news in grooming for evening loveliness."

It is a great advantage to have a statuesque woman for a wife at one of those crowded parties. You have only to nudge her and she will proceed under her own steam, knocking them down right and left, and clearing a way for you.

Deportment becomes big news when two statuesque women meet in a head-on collision. The one who remains on her feet says "Ai beg yours!" The one who has crashed to the priceless parquet floor replies "Granted, Ai 'm sure!"

* * *

Heard in Court

MAN: I did not want to arouse the officer's suspicions so I looked plain ordinary and hoped for the best.

Woman: It has always been my custom to look in my shopping bag before I go shopping in case I have already shopped.

Witness: He seemed to have a lot of character. When his wife was shouting at him he said nothing, and looked straight out of the window.

Magistrate: How many times have you been summoned at this court. Sixty?
Defendant: Probably more, sir.
Magistrate: I thought so, but I did not want to offend you.

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min. 63.0	Max. 74.0
Same date, 1938	Min. 66.0	Max. 82.0
Rainfall .44		

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min. 63.7	Max. 70.3
Same date, 1938	Min. 62.8	Max. 83.1

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 22nd:—Low and rising pressure over Japan: unsteady over China. North-easterly to south-easterly winds along the China Coast. Fine weather in the north and our regions. Overcast in Central and south China.

State on the morning of the 23rd:—Overcast and rainy weather. East-south-easterly wind. Pressure rather normal and steady.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Cloudy to fine weather with south-easterly to south-westerly winds around Shantung. Overcast, cloudy at times with rain or mist and north-easterly to easterly winds over our regions. Moderate cyclonic circulation with rain or mist over the Eastern Sea, owing to the depression passing east by north.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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W. Milward	$10.00

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In memory of Mrs. A. P. Nazer:—

Alex and Grace Henderson	$10.00

Tokyo Devises Plan for Reform of S.M.C.

Mr. Miura Said Returning Here with Set of New Proposals; Britain Thinks Situation Too Far from Normal for Discussions

Tokyo, May 23.

THE Japanese Consul-General in Shanghai, Mr. Yoshiaki Miura, will return to Shanghai today with what Japanese reports describe as a "concrete plan for the reform of the Shanghai Municipal Council."

Mr. Miura, who came to Tokyo from Shanghai on May 14, has been conferring with Foreign Office officials since arriving here. Japanese reports indicated he would renew pressure in Shanghai for revision of the administrative system of the Shanghai International Settlement as soon as he returns to the China port. —United Press.

New Demand Made In Tientsin

Japanese Advisers Asked For British Concession; French Ban Meetings

Peiping, May 23.

New demands on the Municipal Council of the British Concession in Tientsin have been made by the Japanese authorities, according to the semi-official press in Tientsin.

These are said to include:

1. Engagement of Japanese advisers by the Council,
2. Joint search by British police and Japanese gendarmes for terrorists.
3. Extradition of any arrested terrorists to the Japanese.

The Japanese authorities, the press adds, have under contemplation the taking over of the Concessions in Tientsin by the "Provisional Government," supervision of their councils by the Japanese authorities, as well as the encirclement of the Concessions to reduce their importance.

The French Consulate-General at Tientsin has issued a notice banning all political movements and public or private meetings, says the Chinese press.

The notice points out that identical notices were issued on August 13, 1937, and on January 21 and September 15, 1938. In part the notice says:—

Anyone whose movements endanger the peace and order of the Concession will be deported to Chinese territory or handed over to the Chinese police bureau. Landlords who give refuge to reactionary elements or fail to report their illegal activities to the French authorities will receive the same punishment."—Reuter.

French Advisers for Chinese Army

Reorganization Said to Have Been Begun

Tokyo, May 22.

A group of eight French military advisers, including two retired generals and four retired colonels of the French army, recently arrived at Chungking, via Hanoi, to serve in the Chinese army, according to a Japanese press dispatch.

They are being employed by the Chinese Government, it says, through the good offices of the French Government.

Keeping their residence in the western suburbs of Chungking, they are stated to have already started activities in an attempt to reorganize the Chinese army. For this purpose, it is claimed, they are shortly inspecting the front lines of the Chinese troops.—Reuter.

Not a Military Mission

Following the publication in the local press of foreign reports pertaining to the arrival in China of a group of "French military advisers," M. Henri Cosme, the French Ambassador to China, has authorized Havas to issue the following statement:

It is totally incorrect that the French Government has placed a military mission at the disposal of the Chinese Government.

He has learnt that a few retired officers, having no longer any ties with the French army, have been engaged individually by the Chinese Government in the capacity of technical experts.

The French Government has, however, no knowledge of the terms and conditions under which their services have been enlisted.—Havas.

Ambassador to Receive Japanese Official

Consul-General in Hongkong Making Call

Hongkong, May 23.

Mr. Akiyoshi Tajiri, Japanese Consul-General, was due to confer today with Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, British Ambassador to China, on an undisclosed matter.

Sir Archibald returned here yesterday afternoon from Hanoi aboard H.M.S. Delight after a stay in Chungking, where he talked with Gen. Chiang Kai-shek and other National leaders. It was reported that he would stay here until the afternoon of May 26 then proceed to Shanghai.

During his stay here the British envoy was expected to submit a report to his Government on his conferences in Chungking and obtain instructions pertaining to policies to be pursued in the future.—Domei.

Honolulu Clipper Forced To Turn Back

Manila, May 23.

Inclement weather forced the Honolulu Clipper, which left Guam for Manila today, to turn back. The Honolulu Clipper is now expected here tomorrow if the weather improves.

The Philippines Clipper hopped off for Guam after cancelling the trip to Hongkong because of three delays due to weather conditions.

The China Clipper is to arrive here on May 30 and the California Clipper on June 6—United Press.

London, May 23.

The landing of American, British and French forces in the International Settlement at Amoy was "with a view to the early re-establishment of the authority of the Kulangsu Municipal Council," declared Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in the House of Commons last evening.

The foreign forces, he added, would be withdrawn, *pari passu*, with a reduction in the number of the Japanese landing party.

Landing Only Temporary

Mr. Butler's statement was made in reply to Mr. Arthur Henderson, Labour member for the Kingswinford division of Staffordshire, who sought information about the situation in the International Settlements at Shanghai and Amoy.

The House was informed that, to the representations made to them on the subject of the International Settlement at Amoy by Sir Robert Craigie, British Ambassador in Tokyo, the Japanese Government replied that the landing of Japanese bluejackets was an emergency measure, but that as the landing party had largely realized its aim they were already effecting a gradual withdrawal.

The Ambassador had expressed an earnest hope that the withdrawal would be expedited.

In regard to Shanghai, Mr. Butler recalled that the Japanese Government had recently put forward suggestions for a revision of the Land Regulations and the constitution of the Chinese courts in the International Settlement.

In reply, Sir Robert Craigie had made it clear to the Japanese Government that, while the British Government would be ready, in consultation with other interested Powers, to participate in negotiations regarding any revision needed, conditions in the Shanghai area were so far from normal that negotiations could not be initiated at present with any prospect of success, and the question appeared to them to be one which should wait for the development of more stable conditions.

Problem of Courts

The same observations, the Ambassador told Tokyo, applied with equal force to the administration of the Chinese courts in the Settlement, which had been established under a multilateral agreement.

The United States Government, Mr. Butler continued, was understood to have given a similar reply.

In a supplementary question Mr. Henderson asked whether the Japanese demands for an increased measure of control in the Settlements at Shanghai and Amoy had been accepted or rejected.

Mr. Butler: "We are awaiting a final reply from the Japanese Government." —Reuter.

Washington Hears of Banned Paper

Shanghai "Ta Mei Pao" Case Being Handled Locally

Washington, May 23.

American consular officials in Shanghai are handling as a "local matter" the question involved in the suppression of the American-owned language newspaper "Ta Mei Pao" at the request of Japanese officials, the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, told the press yesterday.

State Department officials said they had received a communication on the matter directly from Mr. Randall Gould, editor of the suppressed paper and the Shanghai "Evening Post and Mercury," but they declined to divulge the contents of the message.

They added that the question of Americans publishing Chinese language newspapers had been under study for several months, but that no definite decision had been reached as yet as to the manner of treating such cases.

Mr. Hull, in further remarks on the Far Eastern situation, said American officials at Kulangsu, the International settlement at Amoy, had been instructed to handle the situation there "with their own discretion."—United Press.

March Tune Only for Fuehrer's Presence

Berlin, May 23.

A police order, signed by Herr Joseph Goebbels, Minister of Propaganda, today banned the playing of Chancellor Adolf Hitler's favourite Badenweiler March except at public functions which the Fuehrer attends and then only in his presence.—United Press.

Dust Storm Causes Fatal Plane Crash

Coalville, May 22.

A heavy dust storm which the pilot mistook for a cloudbank was blamed today for the death of two men in the crash of a privately owned plane. The dead were pilot Wm. Duck of Oakland and co-pilot C. I. Gardiner of Chicago. Five others were injured.—United Press.

Greece Seeks Credit From London

London, May 22.

The Greek Government will shortly send a delegation to London to secure the grant of export credits to Greece. —Havas.

Negotiations Begun at Kulangsu

Japanese Term Foreign Landing Unfriendly Act

Hongkong, May 23.

A Japanese report from Amoy states that negotiations have commenced between the commanders of the British, American, French and Japanese naval forces at Kulangsu.—Reuter.

French Admiral Arrives

Amoy, May 23.

Rear-Admiral Decoux, Commander-in-Chief of the French fleet in the Far East, arrived here from Saigon at noon today aboard the flagship Lamotte Picquet.

Significance was attached to his arrival in view of the Kulangsu Settlement question. Rear-Admiral Decoux came here because of the gravity of the situation, according to French naval circles.

It was anticipated that he would take part in a conference of high ranking naval officers of Japan, Britain and the United States to discuss a possible joint withdrawal of bluejackets now in occupation of the Settlement.—Domei.

An Unfriendly Act

Amoy, May 23.

Landing of bluejackets at Kulangsu by Britain, France and the United States caused an unpleasant situation and was regarded by the Japanese as an unfriendly act, Mr. Goro Uchida, Japanese Consul-General here, declared in a protest lodged with the Consular Body yesterday, it was disclosed here today.

Mr. Uchida filed a counter-protest to the Consular Body's reply of May 19 concerning the Japanese five-point demands for reorganization of the Kulangsu Municipal Council.

Just when the Japanese Naval Landing Party on Kulangsu had been trying to ameliorate the state of affairs there and had been planning to withdraw in a few days, as the Consular Body had been notified, and at a time when the Japanese Consul-General requested that appeals for landing of bluejackets be cancelled, the foreign authorities "ignored" the Japanese request, the note stated.

This action on the part of foreign authorities of ignoring the Japanese view had produced a very unpleasant effect and it was considered an unfriendly act toward Japan, the protest declared.—Domei.

Demands Repeated

Amoy, May 23.

Reconsideration by the Kulangsu Municipal Council of its virtual rejection of five Japanese demands, presented on May 13, was asked in a note yesterday by Mr. Goro Uchida, Japanese Consul-General here, Domei learned today.

The Japanese official renewed his demands for increases in the Japanese personnel of the Council, the suppression of anti-Japanese activities, and the granting of a voting franchise to Japanese subjects of Formosan extraction.

Mr. Uchida was understood to have declared that the Kulangsu International Settlement was assuming "a dangerous character" by serving as a base for hostile acts against Japanese-occupied Amoy and as a "hotbed" of anti-Japanese intrigue.

Asserting that the maintenance of peace and good order in Kulangsu was of transcendent importance to Amoy, because of the proximity of the Settlement to the city, the Japanese official was reported to have said that a reform of the functions and of the personnel of the Kulangsu Municipal Council was an "urgent necessity" in order to maintain "the vital interests of Kulangsu."

Mr. Uchida further held as insufficient the appointment of twelve Japanese to the Council's police force and insisted that Japanese subjects of Formosan extraction should be granted a voting franchise. This, he contended, would not contravene the Land Regulations.—Domei.

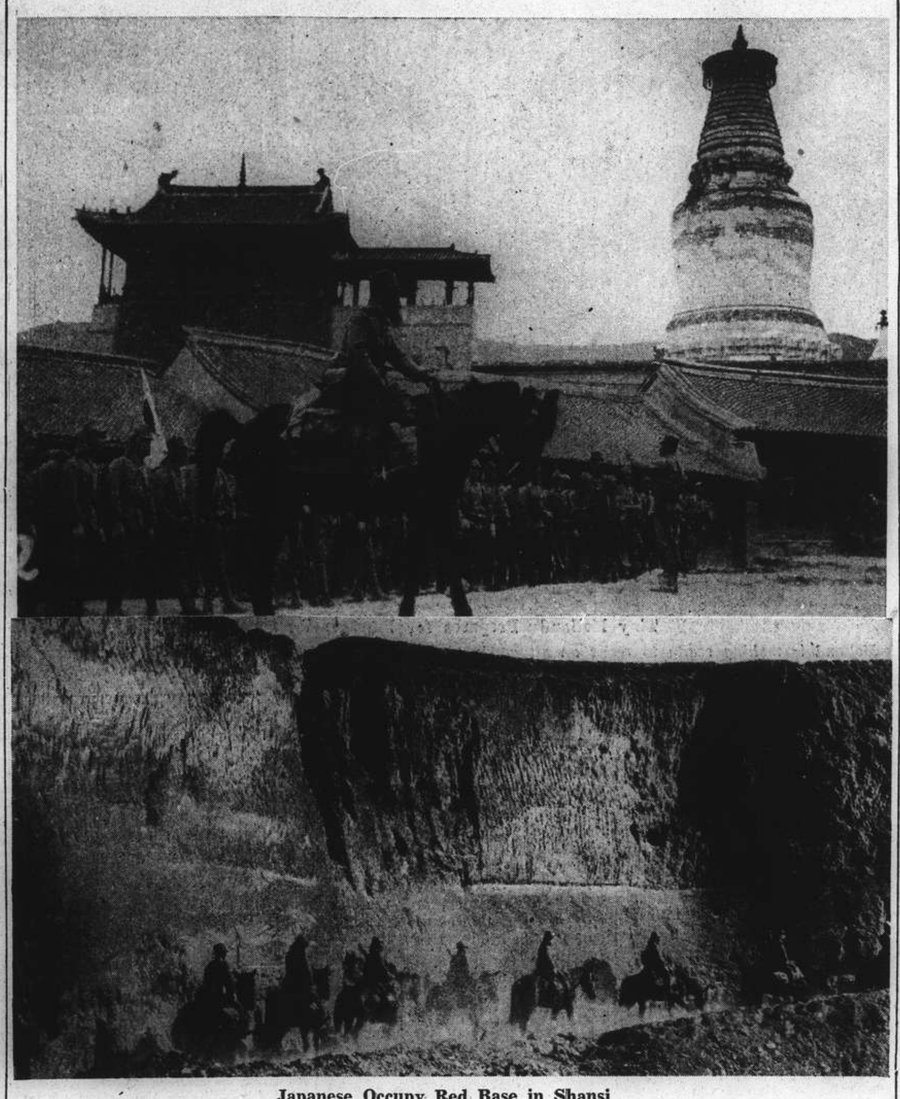
Tokyo Concerned

Tokyo, May 23.

Japanese official circles today viewed with mounting concern the situation in Kulangsu, island on which the International Settlement of Amoy is located, where anti-Japanese agitation was reported to have become increasingly evident.

The cause for this worsening of the situation was attributed to the presence of British, French, and America landing parties, which had the effect of leading Chinese to assume an openly truculent attitude towards the Japanese, whom they seem to regard as having been checkmated by the action of the Powers.

This, reports reaching here said, was affecting Chinese who hitherto had shown pro-Japanese leanings.—Domei.



Japanese Occupy Red Base in Shansi

An indication of the territory held by the Chinese Communist forces is provided by these pictures showing Japanese troops in occupation of the Communist base of Wutai in the Shansi Mountains.

China Appeals to League for Further Financial Aid

Lord Halifax Dissociates Britain from Request; Sympathy with Chinese Struggle Reaffirmed

Geneva, May 23.

AN eloquent appeal for further financial and material aid to China and for an embargo on shipment of war materials to Japan by member states was made by Dr. Wellington Koo, chief Chinese delegate, when the Council of the League of Nations assembled yesterday.

The only other speakers of the day were Lord Halifax, British Foreign Secretary, and Mr. W. J. Jordan, the New Zealand High Commissioner in London.

While expressing sympathy with the Chinese people, Lord Halifax said the British Government felt that it was unable to support the "far-reaching proposals now advanced on behalf of China."

The New Zealand representative, however, wholeheartedly supported the Chinese appeal and announced his adherence to Dr. Koo's recommendations.

Discussion of the question was then adjourned to give M. Ivan Maisky, Soviet Ambassador in London, time to consult his colleagues.

Financial Aid Wanted

In the course of his appeal Dr. Koo asked:

1. For a recommendation to member states to extend financial and material aid to China to fortify her resistance and to succour her refugees, to refrain from anything which might weaken China's resistance, to withhold from Japan the supply of instruments of war and raw materials necessary for a continuation of aggression, particularly aeroplanes and oil, and to restrict the importation of Japanese goods.

2. For the setting up of a body for the purpose of co-ordinating the foregoing measures already adopted or to be adopted.

China, Dr. Koo said, in her determined resistance against Japan, which had impoverished her stock of armaments and worn out her potential resources, both in manpower and economic wealth, had been acting as the vanguard of the world peace front.

It did not require a fertile mind, he asserted, to imagine the effect upon the present tense situation in Europe, and what would happen to the rights and interests of the Democratic Powers in the Far East, if China had capitulated to the Japanese threat at the beginning, or had stopped resisting the invasion and accepted Japan's dominion.

The Chinese delegate made a brief survey of the position, and said that the abandonment of positional warfare in favour of mobile operations had deprived the invading forces of fixed objectives on which to concentrate their attack and had confused them in regard to where to strike a crushing blow against the Chinese army.

Chinese Initiative

The new strategy, he continued, had helped the Chinese to regain considerable initiative of action, and had enabled them to strike against the enemy in different sectors at the same time.

Dr. Koo pointed out that the Japanese had failed in their operations designed to cut the two principal routes of supply from abroad.

He commented favourably on the action of American aircraft companies, which had all responded to the advice of the United States Government last July to refrain from selling more aeroplanes to Japan, with the result that exports had stopped.

In reply to Dr. Koo's appeal, Lord Halifax said that the "eloquence with which the distinguished representative of China has pleaded his country's cause must, I think, have moved us all once again not only to feelings of compassion for the terrible sufferings inflicted upon the Chinese people, but also to admiration for the fortitude and courage they have displayed in bearing them."

"For more than two years now," he proceeded, "the world has been forced to witness the spectacle of a conflict in which all the resources of modern warfare have been brought to bear on the Chinese nation by a neighbouring nation whose final interests, one would have thought, would have lain in fostering friendliness and goodwill.

"The resistance offered by the Chinese people has evoked deep and widespread sympathy, which is fully shared by His Majesty's Government, and it is for no lack of sympathy that His Majesty's Government feel unable to support the far-reaching proposals now advanced on behalf of China.

"Nor does this mean that His Majesty's Government has departed from the policy prescribed for members of the League in previous resolutions in regard to the Far Eastern hostilities.

Just Settlement Wanted

"His Majesty's Government have never faltered in their desire to use all their influence, and to avail themselves of every opportunity that may suggest itself, to secure a just settlement of the conflict, and they have remained acutely conscious of the duty laid on them by the resolution of October 6, 1937, to consider how far they could individually aid China.

"It is in recognition of this obligation, which as members of the League they do not desire to evade, that they have refused to close existing channels with China through British territory, and have facilitated the opening of new channels.

(Continued on page 8)

Creation of a Greater United States Urged at Washington Inquiry

State Covering Territory from Panama Canal to Arctic Circle Advocated on Nationalist Basis

Washington, May 23.

Creation of the United States of America extending from the Panama Canal to the Arctic Circle under the control of Washington was advocated yesterday by Mr. Doudley Pierrepont Gilbert, millionaire social leader, in evidence before the Dies Committee Investigating Un-American Activities.

He said such a United States should be created as a "nationalist state" and added he believed "many Army officers agree with me."

Mr. Gilbert was called to testify before the committee following investigations of an organization alleged to be headed by Major-General George Van Horn Moseley, until last October one of the highest ranking officers in the United States Army. The purpose of the mysterious organization was said to be to combat an alleged movement to overthrow the existing government of the United States.

Mr. Gilbert, who was reported to have contributed $90,000 toward the alleged anti-revolutionary movement, said he believed the United States will soon face a civil war.

Explaining the use of the term "Spanish method" which he used in a letter to Capt. James Erwin Campbell, retired U. S. Army, Mr. Gilbert said: "I figured that very shortly we would face a civil war, except that I thought the American people would have to rise under some American officers of the Francisco Franco type. Otherwise we would have a Red Communist republic."

He denied that he advocated the establishment of a military dictatorship in the United States and said he was not opposed to the present form of American government.

Mr. Dies made the sensational disclosure regarding the existence of the counter-revolutionary organization last week when he called on Mr. Gilbert, Gen. Moseley, Capt. Campbell, and others reported to be connected with the movement, to testify before the Congressional committee.

Mr. Dies claimed the campaign was anti-Semitic and produced correspondence between Gen. Moseley and Capt. Campbell as alleged proof of his charges. One of Gen. Moseley's letters said that the alleged threat of a Communist revolution in the United States should be brought to the attention of Gen. Malin Craig, Army Chief-of-Staff. There is no evidence, however, that Gen. Craig was ever involved in the Moseley organization.—United Press.

Change in Empire Day Programme

The attention of all Scouts, Guides, Cubs and Brownies is drawn to the following:

All will meet at the S.V.C. Drill Hall on Foochow Road at the hour arranged—7.30 a.m. This change has been decided upon owing to yesterday's rain which has made the Consulate Lawn too wet for the flag raising to be held there. Sir Herbert Phillips, K.C.M.G., O.B.E. has very kindly consented to attend the Drill Hall for the flag-raising ceremony. After the ceremony, breakfast will be served to all in the Drill Hall. During breakfast the Band of the 2nd Battalion The East Surrey Regiment will play. After breakfast those attending the Church service in the Holy Trinity Cathedral will form up and march there in the usual way.

Battle Rages on Manchu Border

Seven Mongol Planes Said To Have Been Shot Down; Reinforcements Rushed

Tokyo, May 23.

Heavy fighting is raging in the western section of the Outer Mongolian and Manchoukuo border near Nomonhan, Japanese reports from Changchun said today.

A dozen Mongolian planes, including light bombers and fighters, swept Manchoukuo positions with furious bursts of machine-gun fire yesterday, the Japanese reports asserted.

Manchukuo aeroplanes immediately took to the air and in a counter-attack succeeded in shooting down three of the Mongolian planes. The Mongolian planes were shot down within Manchoukuo territory, the Japanese reports claimed.

Aerial warfare has broken out on a fairly large scale and latest Japanese reports reaching here revealed that air battles were staged today. No details regarding today's air battles were revealed, however, in the Japanese reports.

Fighting first broke out in the area three days ago. Mongolian cavalry attempted to attack Manchoukuo positions on May 20 but was repulsed, and heavy fighting followed the two successive days, with the Manchoukuo troops checking the invaders in all drives, Japanese reports said.

Although a total of seven Mongolian planes was brought down since the fighting first broke out three days ago, the Japanese reports failed to state what losses were suffered by the Manchoukuo troops.

Heavy reinforcements of Manchoukuo infantry and aerial units have been rushed to the scene of the fighting.—United Press.

Japanese Guard Killed

Harbin, May 23.

Mounting tension was reported along Manchoukuo's north-eastern border today following the alleged killing of a Japanese border guard on May 19 near the junction of the Amur and Ussuri rivers by a Soviet frontier patrol.

Trouble first arose in this area on May 16 when a tender of the ss. Joshu Maru, a survey vessel of the North Manchuria Shipping Bureau, was said to have been seized by Soviet authorities in the Fuyuan waterway, the reports said.

Following this action, the Soviet authorities were said to have dispatched patrol boats to cruise near the junction as a demonstration, the dispatches added.

The Japanese border guard was killed on the south bank of the Amur River by fire from across the frontier.

The Joshu Maru has since moved up river on the Amur from the junction, according to the dispatches. —Domei.

Toronto's Tremendous Welcome

Their Majesties Drive Through Enthusiastic Crowds; Quintuplets Presented; Note Thrown

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Toronto, May 22.

THE King and Queen arrived here today and were officially welcomed at the Provincial Legislature by Mr. Mitchell Hepburn, the Premier of Ontario. In reply to Mr. Hepburn's welcoming speech, His Majesty said that he and the Queen were delighted to visit the city but regretted that they were unable to stay longer to see more of it. Immediately after the Legislature ceremony, Their Majesties received the Dionne quintuplets in an adjoining office. Escorted by Dragoons clothed in scarlet and gold, the King and Queen received a tremendous welcome during a drive through the streets. The whole route, which, covered 23 miles, was lined by ex-servicemen and regulars.

Subsequently at the City Hall, in an open-air ceremony, Their Majesties received the City's homage in the presence of thousands of spectators. —Reuter.

Quintuplets Presented

Toronto, May 22.

In an atmosphere of gravity, the world-famous Dionne quintuplets were presented to King George and Queen Elizabeth shortly after their arrival here today.

Each girl was given a blue coat by the Queen, who in turn was given a signed photograph by the girls. Then each child embraced the Queen with a resounding kiss, which Her Majesty returned.

Afterwards, the quintuplets were introduced into the Provincial Legislature by Mr. Mitchell Hepburn, the Prime Minister of Ontario.

Accompanied by their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Oliva Dionne, Dr. Dafoe, and nurses, the five girls were led into the chamber by Mr. Hepburn in procession, which was solemn until, the last child to enter raised cheers and laughter by insisting on waving to all and sundry and toppled over while looking upwards into the galleries.—Reuter American Service.

King to Broadcast Today

London, May 23.

The British Broadcasting Corporation announces that the King will broadcast to the Empire from Winnipeg tomorrow at the conclusion of the Empire Day programme organized by the Canadian Broadcasting Company.—Reuter.

Note Thrown to King

Toronto, May 23.

Police yesterday seized Richard Healey, a Canadian who attempted to throw a note into an automobile in which King George and Queen Elizabeth were returning from the Woodbine race track. The King's equerry left the car and picked up the note. The contents of the message were not revealed.—United Press.

Queen Mary Narrowly Escapes Death

London, May 23.

Queen Mary had a narrow escape from injury or death today when she was involved in a motor accident in a London suburb. Her car completely overturned, but Her Majesty had a lucky escape.

She was unhurt, although she was imprisoned in the car, from which she was helped by a painter. She was taken to the nearest doctor.

Apparently suffering from shock, Her Majesty rested at the doctor's house for a while. She then drove home in another car. Queen Mary will celebrate her 72nd birthday on Friday.—Reuter.

Jewish Womanhood Protests

Huge Demonstrations in Jerusalem

Jerusalem, May 22.

Ten thousand Jewish women led by a 79-year-old American demonstrated against British policy in Palestine today and delivered to the British commandant a petition written in the blood and tears of Jewish womanhood the world over.

The petition said, with regard to the British 1917 pledges to establish a Jewish homeland in Palestine, "we can never acquiesce to this British breach of faith. We pray that Britain's fatal error may be rectified at the eleventh hour, thus averting the gravest injustice ever contemplated by Britain and the greatest catastrophe which the Jewish people have faced.—United Press.

Jews Ask U.S. Help

Washington, May 22.

A committee representing a delegation of 250 Jewish leaders from 26 States today presented a petition to the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, asking the United States to make representations to the British Government on behalf of Jews in Palestine. —United Press.

***Debate on White Paper on p. 12.

Verde Island Residents Returning

Manila, May 23.

The Governor of Batangas, Sr. Vicente Caedo, reported today that residents of Verde Island were returning to their homes because the earthquake shocks, which have been rocking the isle since May 7, had virtually ceased.

The Governor paid a visit to Verde Island to inspect conditions there. More than 4,000 fled because the isle started to sink as a result of the series of tremors.—United Press.

Latest Exchange

The closing Interbank selling rates yesterday were as follows:

Sterling 8¾d. U.S.$ 16 1/32c.

LONDON METALS AND N.Y. CROSS RATE

London, May 23.

Silver prices were fixed ⅛d lower for both positions compared with yesterday.

	May 22	May 23
London spot	20¼d.	20⅛d.
,, forward	19 15/16d.	19¾d.
,, gold	148/5¼d.	148/5¼d.
London/New York:		
One pound U.S.$4.6813		$4.6819
One U.S. dollar 51.267d.		51.262d.

—Reuter.

Anglo-Soviet Pact A Certainty

Full Defensive Alliance Being Negotiated; Talks At Geneva Successful

London, May 23.

Britain is now negotiating with the countries concerned on the basis of a full-fledged defensive alliance, a British Government spokesman announced today.

Until the Cabinet's Foreign Affairs Committee had met last Friday afternoon, a fundamental divergence separated Britain and Russia.

The British suggestion then was that Russia should unilaterally declare her willingness to assist Poland and Russia if called on to help, and that Russia would be expected to offer aid only after Britain and France had actually put their war machines in motion to defend Poland and Rumania.

The Soviets repeatedly rejected such proposals and insisted on their own terms for a tri-Power military alliance plan.

The Cabinet's Foreign Affairs Committee then decided to meet the Soviet Union on this major point and conclude a defensive alliance, the spokesman said. The decision requires the final approval of the full Cabinet which meets tomorrow.

The Cabinet is also expected to endorse the new British note to Moscow. The note, for the first time, will accept a formal agreement in principle of the mutual aid treaty with Russia.—United Press.

Far East Excluded

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, May 23.

Great Britain is awaiting replies to her soundings of the Eastern European countries regarding their attitude towards the proposed agreement between the British, French and Soviet Governments, Reuter learns.

It is generally understood that Turkey would welcome the alliance, and that Greece is also likely to approve, particularly on account of her close relations with Turkey.

It is emphasized that the question of the Far East does not enter into the agreement, the proposals of which are confined to resistance in Europe.

The Polish Ambassador in London flew to Warsaw yesterday. He is stated to have gone for personal reasons, but undoubtedly he will have a full talk with Colonel Joseph Beck, Polish Foreign Minister.—Reuter.

Agreement Certain

Geneva, May 22.

Difficulties impeding Anglo-Soviet negotiations were ironed out during the interviews held today by M. Georges Bonnet, French Foreign Minister, with Lord Halifax, British Foreign Secretary, and M. Ivan Maisky, Soviet Ambassador to London, informed quarters stated tonight.

Possibilities of a failure of parleys may now be entirely discarded, they said.

British circles even predicted that when it would meet on Wednesday, the British Cabinet would "be able to decide on a three-power reciprocal defence agreement between Britain, France and Russia."

Following his Paris and Geneva parleys, Lord Halifax is now convinced of the desirability of such a tripartite accord, they said.

M. Maisky informed M. Bonnet of the points which to date delayed negotiations, and at the issue of the meeting, M. Bonnet was disclosed to be very satisfied with the results attained.

During the interview with Lord Halifax, both statesmen finally agreed that differences between the Soviet and British viewpoints were "almost completely ruled out," informed politicians concluded.—Havas.

Terrific Cyclones in Middlewest of U.S.

Ten Convicts Escape; One Woman Killed

Little Rock, Arkansas, May 22.

A series of cyclones struck central Arkansas today, heavily damaging property and causing death and injuries to at least twelve persons. The State prison farm building, normally housing 200 dangerous prisoners, was demolished.

One hundred and fifty convicts working in fields close by escaped injury by lying on the ground.

Ten convicts took advantage of the confusion to escape. One of the ten, however, returned voluntarily and explained to the prison authorities that "I was scared almost to death and did not know what I was doing. I had to get away to some place."

The other nine convicts were reported to be roaming the countryside and posses have been sent out after them.

One woman was killed, six other women and a Negro janitor were injured.

The furious wind lifted the whole roof of a building at England, Ark., where damage was estimated at U.S.$250,000. The storm cut a path of destruction one mile wide and twenty miles long. Many farm houses were wrecked.—United Press.

German Goodwill Plane Back in Berlin

Berlin, May 22.

Concluding a flight of 34,000 kilometres, the German aeroplane "Hans Loeb" returned here from Tokyo today. In the course of its long trip, the craft toured Manchoukuo.—Havas.

Japan Congratulates Reich On Military Pact

Close Touch Being Maintained with Axis Powers; No Secret Clauses Said to Be in Agreement

Berlin, May 23.

THE Japanese Government has telegraphed congratulations to the Reich Government on the signature of the alliance between Germany and Italy. Herr Hitler exchanged telegrams with both Signor Mussolini and King Victor Emmanuel of Italy today.

The Italian-German pact consists of three articles, including one stating that if one of the parties becomes involved in warlike complications with another power or powers, the other party will come to the aid of the party involved with all her forces, land, sea and air.

It is also laid down that should the common interests of the parties be endangered through international events, they will immediately hold consultations in order to take measures to protect those interests.

Subsidiary articles lay down that Italy and Germany will further intensify their co-operation in the military sphere and in war economics, and that, in the event of war, they are to conclude an armistice in full accord with one another.—Reuter.

No Secret Clauses

Berlin, May 22.

The newly signed Italian-German military pact contains no secret clauses, competent foreign observers declared this evening. The treaty is sufficient in itself to ensure full co-operation both in offensive and defensive military operations, they stated.

Germany will now try to tighten links of military economic co-operation with Italy in accordance with the pact, but no large-scale exchange of garrisons and troops is likely, the same quarters said.

They pointed out that anti-German demonstrations recently occurred in Italy. And although they were officially denied in Rome, that they actually did occur is confirmed here.

Economic co-operation will most likely take the form of mass "imports" of Italian labour into the Reich to make up for the present scarcity of German agricultural and industrial workers, foreign observers disclosed. —Havas.

Japan Maintains Touch

Tokyo, May 23.

Japan, in the interests of world peace, is resolved to maintain close collaboration with Italy and Germany, and to strengthen the relations between the three States, declared, the Prime Minister, Baron Kiichiro Hiranuma, in a statement today.

He expressed gratification at the conclusion of the Italo-German Alliance.

The "Hochi Shimbun" declares that Baron Hiranuma is carefully deliberating ways and means of promoting improved relations with the United States.

Japanese Press Welcome Pact

The Japanese press today emphasizes the "urgent necessity" of strengthening the Anti-Comintern Pact, some newspapers referring to the Kulangsu affair in their editorial comment, on the conclusion of the Italian-German Military Agreement.

Japan cannot remain indifferent to the conclusion of a military alliance between Germany and Italy, according to the "Chugai Shogyo," leading commercial daily.

The paper points out that "it is Japan that is actually combatting the activities of the Comintern, while it is the 'China Affair' in which the Comintern carries out its insidious activities."

Referring to the decision made at the conclusion of the Five-Minister Conference on Saturday regarding Japan's policy in view of the "new European situation," the "Yomiuri Shimbun" expresses the belief that Japan's new policy is designed to proceed along the lines of the Italian-German Alliance in view of Japan's fixed policy to strengthen the Anti-Comintern Pact, although no official announcement to this effect has yet been made.

"New Order in Europe"

Geographically, the paper declares, Japan's circumstances are different from those of Germany or Italy, but all three Powers are inspired by the common aspiration to suppress the activities of the Comintern, shake off the restrictions of the Versailles Treaty, and "construct a 'new order' in Europe, so as to contribute to the welfare of mankind."

Instead of being content with the mere offering of congratulations to Germany and Italy, the paper states, the Government should give definite form to its decision promptly, and further strengthen the ties of co-operation between Germany, Italy and Japan, with a view to contributing towards the establishment of a lasting peace throughout the world.

The "Miyako Shimbun" also believes that the decision of the five-minister conference aims at giving a commitment to Germany and Italy, in order to strengthen the Anti-Comintern Pact.

This, the journal declares, is not only necessary for the joint efforts of the three countries to suppress the activities of the Comintern, but is also the moral duty of Japan, who must reciprocate the friendship shown to Japan by Italy and Germany since the outbreak of the "China Incident."

Referring to the alleged "anti-Japanese" attitude manifested by Great Britain and France in extending assistance to the Chinese Government, refusing Japan's request for the reorganization of the Shanghai Municipal Council, and to the landing of bluejackets at Kulangsu, the "Miyako Shimbun" declares that Japan 'can never co-operate with Britain and France, and therefore must promptly further strengthen her relations with Italy and Germany.

The "Nichi Nichi Shimbun" states that the British and French policy of "encirclement" against Germany is pursued at the risk of the bolshevization of the world.—Reuter.

Situation Little Changed

Paris, May 22.

Germany's hold over Italy is strengthened by the new Italian-German military pact, but otherwise this alliance does not change the European situation since it was known for a long time that the axis Powers had decided to support each other even in war, French observers stated this afternoon.

The publication of the alliance may even be welcomed, they said, for it clarifies the situation in that it proves that the axis Powers are pursuing "a policy of territorial expansion which has not yet been achieved." This only serves as further justification of the Anglo-French policy of security.—Havas.

Manchoukuo Pleased

Changchun, May 23.

Commenting on the signing of the Italo-German treaty of friendship and alliance, Mr. Chang Ching-hui, Premier of Manchoukuo, declared today that it would strengthen the anti-Comintern Pact, to which Manchoukuo was also a party.

Manchoukuo, he added, put the greatest hopes upon the new treaty between Germany and Italy as a co-signatory of the anti-Comintern Pact.

The new treaty, he went on, would bring closer together Germany and Italy, who had hitherto been tied together in the political, economical and cultural fields, as collaborators in the anti-Comintern front.

Mr. Chang stated that the conclusion of the pact would also accelerate the establishment of a "new order in Europe."—Reuter.

Anti-Pole Parades In Danzig

Border Incident Now Said To Be Settled; Security of Officials Guaranteed

Danzig, May 22.

Several demonstrations were staged in towns in the Danzig area as a result of Sunday's shooting incident, in which a German was killed after Nazis had attacked a Polish Customs house, it was reported today.

German residents of Danzig gathered in the Customs building at Pieckel and loudly denounced Poland. Nazi storm troopers, who have been recently filtering into Danzig dressed in mufti, were reported to have broken windows in the building. Similar demonstrations were also reported to have occurred in other points.—United Press.

Incident "Liquidated"

Warsaw, May 23.

The Polish Government announced last night that the Danzig frontier incident at Kalthof on Saturday night was considered "liquidated."

A German storm trooper was killed in the incident which followed an attack by a mob of Nazis on two Polish frontier customs houses. The German was killed when the mob attacked an automobile in which a Polish diplomatic official was riding. —United Press.

Versailles Status "Impossible"

Danzig, May 22.

Latest incidents in Danzig territory prove "that the status forced upon the Free City by the Versailles Treaty cannot be maintained in the long run," a communiqué issued by the Senate asserted today.

The Senate claimed the suppression of the system providing for Polish Customs inspectors in Danzig regions. Such inspectors, it asserted, " are evidence of the age-long Polish distrust of Danzig."

Meanwhile, the Customs inspectors whose house in Kalthof was destroyed by Nazis on the night of May 20, returned to the little border town (on the Danzig-East Prussia frontier) today, resuming their interrupted work.—Havas.

Danzig Note to Poland

Warsaw, May 22.

Measures will be taken to guarantee the security of Polish Customs inspectors in Danzig territory and to permit them to discharge their duties, the Danzig Senate declared in a Note handed today to M. Marian Chodacki, Polish High Commissioner in the Free City, it was officially announced here this afternoon.

Meanwhile, Government quarters declared the recent Danzig incidents would not have serious repercussions on German-Polish and Danzig-Polish relations, which would, however, remain tense.—Havas.

Police Seize Ninety In Hotel Raid

Men and Women to Appear In District Court

As the result of a raid carried out by a police party at the Nanking Hotel in Shanse Road late last night one of the busiest periods for several months was experienced by the staff on duty at Central Police Station.

Carried out by a raiding party under Sergeant King of Louza Station, 90 people, the majority being young girls from various Guide Bureaux, were apprehended at the hotel and were taken to the station for questioning.

It is expected that all the persons arrested during the raid will be charged in the First Special District Court today under sections of the Chinese criminal code dealing with prostitution.

British Cabinet Hold Special Meeting

Question of Ministry Of Supply Discussed

London, May 23.

The Cabinet held a special meeting this morning in order to clear off domestic business so that Wednesday's session may be devoted to consideration of the Anglo-Soviet negotiations.

Among important business discussed today was a Bill for establishing the Ministry of Supply, though the measure will not come before the House of Commons until June.

Lord Halifax, the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, is returning from Geneva in time for tomorrow's meeting and will present a report on his conversations with the French Ministers and M. Maisky, the Soviet Ambassador.—Reuter.

Tiny Holland Prepares for Emergencies

Holland is making ready to resist an attempt to invade the country. Here is one of the great armoured steel gates guarding a bringe over the River Maas. The bridge can be blown up if necessary.

Chinese Pressing on Hangchow

Attack Renewed on Lake City; Aircraft Take Part In New Fighting

Assisted by their air force, Chinese soldiers who crossed the Chien Tang River in order to attack Hangchow have now renewed their attack in earnest and claim to have recaptured Lu Ho Ta (pagoda) and its surrounding areas which are very near the lake city. Chinese reports further claim that Chinese forces have gained the upper hand in the fighting around the lake city, Kashing and Huchow having started the counter offensive.

The Chinese started their attack on Chaikow, near Hangchow last Friday and after a battle which lasted until early next morning when the Chinese air force participated in the fight the Independent Fifth Regiment of the Chinese army eventually recaptured Lu Ho Ta and surrounding areas. They are trying to push towards the lake city, the reports state.

Yuhan, north-west of Hangchow, is expected to fall into the hands of Chinese regulars soon, it is claimed, as Chinese troops surrounding the district have begun their attack. The district is said to be guarded by only between 100 and 200 Japanese soldiers who have asked Japanese military authorities in Hangchow for reinforcements. Fuyang, southwest of Hangchow, has also been attacked and street fighting is in progress in the district as the Chinese are claimed to have dashed into the city through its east gate.

More details about the recapture of Tsungteh were published by the Chinese press yesterday, it being asserted that a brother of the puppet magistrate of the district was killed by Chinese soldiers when they entered the district. The Chinese recently retook Tunghsiang, south-west of Kashing, but it is admitted that they were forced to withdraw later. All bridges on highways near Hangchow and Kashing have been destroyed by the Chinese.

General Tang Sen-hi, garrison commander of Nanking when that city was being attacked by the Japanese more than a year ago, is reported to have now reached Chekiang on foot having flown to Kiangsi from Chungking. He is transmitting instructions from Chungking in regard to the counter attack.

Detachment Defeated

Hangchow, May 23.

Intercepting about 1,000 Chinese troops retreating westward at Shighwangchen, 20 kilometres south-east of Kashing, a Japanese detachment on Sunday defeated them in sporadic fighting which continued until Monday morning. The Chinese left 120 dead when they fled to the south. Kashing is situated about 80 kilometres south-west of Shanghai along the Shanghai-Hangchow Railway.—Domei.

A Chinese message from Chungking received here yesterday afternoon claimed that Fuyang, southwest of Hangchow, was recaptured by Chinese forces on Monday afternoon after more than 24 hour's street fighting. The victorious Chinese troops were said to be chasing the retreating Japanese. Martial law has been declared in Hangchow and the Japanese authorities in Nanking were said to have been petitioned for reinforcements.

Exchange Shop Owner Shot by Robbers

Wounded When Grappling With Gangsters

The owner of a Chinese exchange shop was shot and seriously wounded last night during the course of an armed robbery at his establishment in Ferry Road as he attempted, with the aid of assistants, to grapple with an armed gang. About ten minutes later during another robbery in Taku Road several shots were fired by robbers but no one was injured.

The first robbery occurred shortly after 10 p.m. when an unknown number of Chinese forced their way into the exchange shop, where the owner and his assistants were caught unprepared. Ransacking the shop as an armed member of the party herded the inmates into a corner, the gang was surprised by the owner as he made a dive towards them.

No sooner had the owner made this move when he was shot down by the armed member of the gang, all of whom fled as several of the shop assistants made their escape to raise the alarm. When the police arrived on the scene the gang had disappeared and the injured man was taken to hospital where his condition was said to be serious.

In the second armed robbery, which occurred at House 69, Lane 506 Taku Road, five men, two of whom were armed, entered the premises but were disturbed when one inmate managed to raise an alarm. Firing several shots to deter pursuers, the gang managed to effect an escape but nothing was stolen.

M.P.'s Seek Defence of British Interests

London, May 23.

The House of Commons's committee on Chinese affairs is meeting tomorrow with a view to appointing a deputation to interview Lord Halifax, the Foreign Secretary, and thresh out the question of the defence of British interests in China.—Reuter.

China Appeals to League For Further Financial Aid

(Continued from page 7)

"They have also taken certain financial measures, which I need not describe in detail.

"His Majesty's Government hope and the Chinese Government appeal to recognize, that these measures, although some of them were taken primarily for the defence of British interests, will also prove helpful to China in her present difficulties.

"His Majesty's Government will certainly continue to bear in mind the needs of the Chinese people and the obligations devolving upon them from previous League resolutions.

"The Chinese representative has proposed the establishment of a small committee of members especially interested in the Far East to co-ordinate measures under Article XVI (providing for sanctions).

Co-ordination Not Assured

"Similar measures have been made at previous sessions of the Council, and while the principle of co-ordinate action has been recognized at these meetings it has hitherto been found that the necessary elements for such co-ordination are not assured."

Lord Halifax asked whether representatives of states at this meeting were convinced that there had been any alteration in the situation in this respect since the last meeting of the Council, and whether they considered the elements in question now present and assured.

He thought that those member states who were most directly concerned must admit that this was not the case.

He, therefore, would be less than frank if he held out the hope that, in the present circumstances and with the heavy responsibilities resting on them elsewhere in the world, the British Government were able to undertake the additional commitments comprised in Dr. Koo's proposals.

Lord Halifax added they believed that other governments, who were members of the League, were likely to find themselves in a similar position.

The British Government, therefore, he said, were bound to feel grave doubts whether any useful purpose could be served by adopting the proposal to establish a co-ordinating committee at present.—Reuter.

Elizabeth Bergner, England's foremost actress, revives the dual role, missing from the screen for some time, in "Stolen Life," which Paramount is releasing in the United States. She plays twin sisters.

Heavy Fighting on Tungting Lake

Japanese Warships Move Up to Assist Troops in New Offensive

Chungking, May 23.

Fighting is said to have broken out on the shores of the Tungting Lake, where the Japanese forces to the south-east of Yochow, at dusk on May 21, launched a general offensive against the Chinese positions on the north bank of the Sintsiang River, along a 30-mile front.

The present theatre of warfare, according to Chinese reports, extends from Likoshih, on the shores of the Tungting Lake, in the east, to Sitang in the west. These reports state that fighting was especially severe at a point situated to the south-west of Sitang yesterday morning.

Twelve Japanese warships are said to have steamed up to shell the Chinese positions with naval guns, while four aeroplanes are reported to have heavily bombed the Chinese positions. Heavy fighting was still in progress last night, the reports add.—Reuter.

Chinese Losses Heavy

Hankow, May 23.

In a five-day mopping-up drive in south-western Hupeh four Japanese detachments defeated 6,000 Chinese troops who abandoned 998 dead, according to a field dispatch reaching here today.

Entrenched in the sector linking Chukiashan and Nanshan, 25 kilometres north-west of Tungcheng, the Chinese for some time had been trying to harass the Japanese lines. After the Japanese attacks the Chinese retreated south-ward, leaving a large amount of arms and ammunition.

In northern Hupeh north of the Yangtze nine infantry units and one artillery detachment demolished Chinese positions atop the Tahung Mountains last Saturday night in a pincer drive, another field dispatch claimed.

Five thousand Chinese troops had been operating on the northern side of the mountains with their headquarters on the peak. Assaulting from west and east and assisted by artillery batteries, the infantry units succeeded in routing them.

Four "iron foot" detachments encircled some 5,000 Chinese on the eastern bank of the Han River, 50 kilometres north of Anlu, last Saturday evening. The Chinese fled to the west, leaving 430 dead, according to another message.

Fighting Near Nanchang

While engaged in mopping-up operations in the areas north-west of Nanchang along the Nanchang-Kiukiang Railway several Japanese detachments routed about 600 Chinese stragglers of the newly organized 9th Division in the vicinity of Kohsienmiao, 14 kilometres north-west of the Kiangsi capital. The Japanese attacked from Machwang and Tutsun in two directions.

The Chinese left 219 slain. The Japanese discovered caves in which they had stored arms and ammunition and seized 688 trench mortar shells, 1,123 anti-tank shells and large quantities of other supplies.—Domei.

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Japan Will Not Be Axis Ally

Democracies Relieved Over Reported Refusal to Join Italian-German Pact

London, May 23.

Tokyo reports that Japan does not intend to join the Axis Powers in a military alliance today tended to dissipate the glumness in European capitals as a result of the formal signing of the Italian-German military pact.

The failure of the Axis Powers to draw Japan into the military alliance was attributed to the Japanese refusal to risk a simultaneous war with Russia, Britain and the United States.

The decision on Japan's new foreign policy recently reached by the Japanese Cabinet was understood to involve a tightening of strategic arrangements against Russia, but general platonic assurances regarding the remainder of the European situation without the assumption of new obligations.

British diplomatic circles, however, are aware of the possibility of a change in Japan's policy or a new rising of military extremists favouring a more complete military entente with Germany and Italy.

The British, however, believe that the exclusion of Far Eastern guarantees under the Anglo-Soviet agreement deprives Tokyo of a plausible reason for joining Berlin's anti-British plans launched to counteract the British so-called encirclement movement.—United Press.

Strong Support for Democracies

London, May 23.

Rejection by Japan of a military alliance with Italy and Germany is expected in official circles here despite the recognized strength of the pro-alliance section in Japan.

Those Japanese who are working against an alliance with Italy and Germany, and for Japan's return to the friendly fold of the Democracies, writes the Tokyo correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph," are compelled to do so behind the scenes.

Nevertheless, he states, they are working daily, and among them are some of the most powerful figures in Japan, not only in civilian, but in military and naval circles. Some hold a high official place, he continues, but they are not strong enough to bring about a sudden reversal.

This policy, if it is to be done, the "Daily Telegraph" correspondent concludes, must be done cautiously and gradually.—Reuter.

Rome Hopeful

Rome, May 23.

Japan will automatically join the Italian-German military alliance if the Soviets sign the Anglo-French tripartite pact, responsible Fascists predicted today.

Tokyo has only suggested collaboration, but the outcome of the Anglo-Russian negotiations will determine the extent of the Japanese participation in Rome-Berlin alliance, they said.

High Fascists admitted that Germany and Italy were not anxious to encourage the entry of Japan into their alliance until it becomes more clear whether Russia intends to intervene in Europe.

Failure to exert pressure on Japan to join their alliance was attributed to fear that in the event that Russia remains aloof and Japan adheres to the Italian-German alliance, the United States would actively support the Anglo-French front.—United Press.

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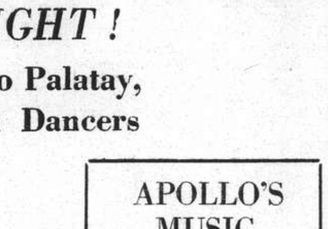

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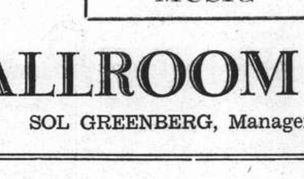

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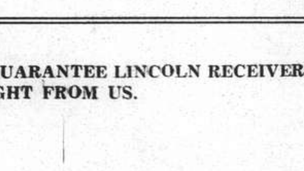

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FROM DAY TO DAY

THE British army's oldest drummer boy is 53. He is A. S. Thompson, who joined the Territorials at 17, attained the rank of company quartermaster-sergeant and then reverted to the ranks when he was 50.

BACHELORS are barred in Scottsville, Ky., from employment with the municipal government. The Council has ruled that future city employees must be married, with preference given to those who have dependents.

FOUND in the tea-room at the M.C.L. Bazaar on Saturday—one child's straw hand-bag and one blue and white saucer. Owners can recover same by giving description to the Secretary of the B.W.A.

IN H.M. Supreme Court yesterday before Judge Sir Allan Mossop, a decree nisi was granted to Mrs. Barbara Nicolas McCann, who petitioned for the dissolution of her marriage to Mr. Edward Guy Fuller McCann. Mr. J.R. Jones appeared for the petitioner.

MEMBERS of the Portuguese Residents' Association (Associacao Dos Residentes Portugueses de Shanghai) are reminded that a reception in honour of their Excellencies, the Portuguese Minister and Senhora de Lebre e Lima, will be held in the Gymnasium of the Clube Lusitano tomorrow at 6 p.m.

THE Union Church Sunday School picnic, which was originally planned to take place on Saturday next, May 27, has unavoidably been postponed until the following Saturday, June 3, when, through the kindness of Mr. Ellis Hayim, it will be held in his garden in Avenue Haig. Full particulars will be announced later.

THE following are the winning numbers of the raffles drawn at the M.C.L. Bazaar on Saturday last at the Race Club:—Cathedral Girls School—1,163,214; 79; 33; 592,280,314; 93; 343,347,198. T. H. Girls School—363,389,262. No. 2 T. H. Girls School—156. Cathedral School—149; 282,146,-349; 466; 505,526; 235,164; 501,65; 5.

MR. Nagao Kita, former chief of the information section of the Japanese Consulate-General in Shanghai, was scheduled to leave for Amoy yesterday morning aboard the ss. Tyosa Maru to assume his new position as chief of the political affairs section of the Amoy branch office of the Asia Development Board, according to the "Tairiku Shimpo."

MR. T. K. Van, for many years Dean of the University of Shanghai, has been elected by the Board of Directors to succeed the late Dr. Herman C. E. Liu as President of the institution, says a report to the "Sin Wan Pao." Since the assassination of Dr. Liu, the report adds, Mr. Van had been the acting president of the university.

THE programme for the thirty-first and last Sunday Symphony concert of season 1938/1939 to be given in the Lyceum Theatre, on Sunday, May 28, at 9 p.m. is as follows:—

First Performance in Shanghai of Brahms' "Requiem" for Soli. Chorus and Orchestra.
Soloists: Ruth Fullam (Soprano)
G. V. Kudinoff (Barthone)
Beethoven's "Emperor" Concerto for Piano and Orchestra.
Soloist: Miss Fausta Saharova.

THE 2nd annual meeting of the China branch of the World Anti-Aggression Association was held in Chungking on May 21, with Mr. Shao Li-tsze, head of the presidium, as the chairman, and attended by several hundreds of high Chinese Government officials and representatives of various public bodies, says the "Shun Pao."

IN recognition of his contribution to the conclusion of the Italo-German political and military alliance, which was signed in Berlin on Monday, King Victor Emmanuel of Italy has conferred upon Herr Joachim Von Ribbentrop, Reich Foreign Minister, the highest decoration within his power to bestow. The insignia was handed to Herr Von Ribbentrop by Count Ciano, Italian Foreign Minister.

ANOTHER contingent of 300 Chinese mechanics from Selangor, Kedah, Perak and Singapore have arrived, or are due to arrive in Kunming, capital of Yunnan, says a Chinese message to the "Sin Wan Pao." The Singapore and Selangor groups, however, the report adds, arrived in Kunming on May 20, with Mr. Hsieh Hsieh-sun, the noted Chinese chess player, who had been touring British Malaya under Chinese Government auspices.

WHEN Queen Mary paid a surprise visit to the King George V Memorial Gardens, Canons Park, Stanmore, Middlesex, she prodded the ivy crawling tenaciously over the mellow brick wall with her umbrella and said to Mr. P. Mitchener, the head gardener, "If I had a pair of secateurs I would cut it off." Mr. Mitchener explained later that he was, however, not allowed to touch it. It was for the Committee to decide that he had no doubt that they would have it taken down in deference to Her Majesty's wishes.

AN unexpected comet of more than ordinary brightness was observed, it is understood, by Mr. Hassel, of Oslo, on April 16, in the constellation Andromeda. Capt. Barlow, of Wadhurst, Sussex, observed the same object, which was easily visible in binoculars. It has a considerable tail and is estimated to be about as bright as a third magnitude star. When first seen it was not far from the bright star Y Andromedae and was moving eastward among the stars. Its rapid motion suggests that it is fairly near the Earth. Observations made at Turku and Copenhagen describe it as big, diffuse, with necleus and tail.

THE following are a further list of contributors to the William C. Belknap Memorial Fund for the athletic department of the S.A.S., which now totals $1,686,—Mr. and Mrs. E. Schuster, Mr. and Mrs. K. Remmele, Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Dalton, Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Schinazi, Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. J. Fistere Jr., Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Bryan Jr., Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Bryson, Mr. and Mrs. W. Mulvaney, Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Derby, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Meyerink, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. O'Bolger, Messrs R. A. Jones, W. C. D. Taylor, W. T. Alexander, "A Princetonian," President, Committee and members of the Shanghai Golf Club and the Everett Pulp and Paper Co.

Police Active in Western Area

Criminals Active Outside Settlement Roads; Armed Robberies Increase

Illustrating the lawless conditions existing in areas adjoining Settlement roads, formerly under the jurisdiction of the Shanghai City Government Police Bureau and now under Japanese military control, is the fact that 140 cases of crime in these districts were investigated by the Shanghai Municipal Police during April, according to the monthly report of the Commissioner of Police. In addition the Settlement police force also investigated a further 15 cases but these were not entered in the records.

Investigations by the Municipal Police, the report states, were carried out on various properties on or abutting Settlement roads, and included one attempted murder, one armed kidnapping, one abduction, eight armed robberies, two armed highway robberies and six opium cases. In addition there were two other robberies, one case of housebreaking, six burglaries, 13 larceny offences, 68 pocket-picking cases, and many other crimes including ten under the heading of malicious damage.

In the International Settlement an increase of 97 cases of crime as compared with the figures for March was reported. Total cases dealt with by the police during the month were 2,121, this being an increase of 453 over the figure for the corresponding period in 1938. Of the total cases, 177 were brought to light by police investigations.

Arrests for crime committed during the month showed a decrease as compared with March and an increase over the figure for February, 1,775 persons having been arrested during the month as against 1,818 in March and 1,637 in February. In addition, 98 persons were taken into custody for crimes committed in previous months and 69 persons were arrested on behalf of other authorities.

Included in the arrests during the month were 71 persons connected with armed crimes committed in the Settlement, while six firearms were seized together with a large quantity of ammunition. Four cases of murder were recorded and there were also two cases of attempted murder, one case of armed kidnapping and one bombing outrage.

Armed Robbery Increase

During the month there were 74 reports of armed robbery, 19 more than in March and an increase of 31 as compared with the corresponding period of last year. Increases also were recorded in shoplifting, opium, robbery, and pocket-picking cases, the latter totalling 162 while 111 arrests were made. Property valued at $253,403.60 was alleged to have been stolen during the month.

During eleven raids carried out by Headquarters, Narcotic Section 57 persons were arrested, while police stations dealt with a further 57 cases and effected 148 arrests. A total of 1,608 ounces of opium, eight ounces of opium substitutes, four ounces of heroin, 62 pipes and one syringe were seized. In connection with the arrests fines totalling $620 were imposed.

In connection with anti-Japanese propaganda in the Settlement a raid was carried out at four bookstores on April 6 when 229 books of a national salvation nature were seized. On April 30 another raid was carried out at two addresses and 10,000 unbound sheets of an anti-Japanese book were seized.

Two strikes occurred during the month, these involving a total of 382 workers and resulting in a loss of 261 working days. The concerns affected were the A.B.C. Press and the Ewo Cold Storage Co. The report adds that it is estimated that there were 165,202 workers employed in various industrial concerns situated in the Settlement and extra-Settlement roads area of the Western District as compared wih 165,128 in March.

During the month there were in the International Settlement 41 camps housing a total of 38,206 refugees in addition to 6,466 others living in alleyways and vacant houses and 887 undergoing medical treatment in ten emergency hospitals.

Foreigner Held Up on Broadway; Robbed

Chinese Gunman Relieves Victim of Cash, Watch

A foreign pedestrian, Mr. Vershinin was held up by three Chinese, one of them armed with a long pistol, at the corner of Arthur Road and Broadway, shortly after 9.30 p.m. on Monday evening. The three thugs relieved the victim of $38 in bank-notes and a "Cyma" pocket-watch, subsequently making good their escape before Mr. Vershinin was able to raise the alarm.

The matter was reported to Hongkew Police station, from where detectives are at present investigating the case. Enquiries have been made in the city's pawnshops with a view to locating the watch.

This is one of the first instances in which a foreigner has been victimized in a hold-up in recent months and the attack was all the more daring as it had been perpetrated in a Japanese-occupied part of the city.

Up to a late hour last night, no progress had been made by the detectives as the latter have no clues on which they could base their investigations.

Now in Geneva

M. Maisky, the Soviet Ambassador in London, photographed with Madame Maisky, on their arrival at Victoria Station when they returned from Paris. M. Maisky is now in Geneva where he is undertaking parleys with Lord Halifax, British Foreign Secretary, on the proposed Anglo-Russian treaty.

Jessfield Park Depredations Bring Increased Charges

Valuable Property, Plants Stolen as Huge Crowds Visit Spot; Season Ticket Charge Increased

WITH larger crowds of people using Jessfield Park each year the Shanghai Municipal Council has been confronted with yet another problem—a problem which has caused plenty of additional expense for some time past. While it is pleasant to note that the popularity of the park has increased to such an extent that this year, which is yet in its early stages, 84,900 daily tickets have been sold as against 42,287 during 1938 and 15,573 in 1937, it is not so pleasant to record that the exceptional crowds flocking to the park have afforded several opportunities for many individuals to appropriate various articles of park property, including some valuable plants.

In his report for April, the Commissioner of Public Works revealed that the concealment rendered possible by such large crowds as now use Jessfield Park had resulted in regular thefts of park property. There had also been a deterioration in the behaviour of visitors, many of whom, emboldened by numbers, and trampled over the flower beds, had dragged park seats across them and had generally disregarded all park regulations. The immense amount of litter that was being strewn about the park had caused disfigurement and though additional litter baskets had been provided and warnings erected in the hope of checking this habit, the numbers now entering the park daily destroyed any hope of preserving the grass throughout the summer.

At the first meeting of the S.M.C. Works Committee for the season 1939-40, under the chairmanship of Mr. O. Okamoto, it was decided, in view of the danger of the destruction of the amenities at Jessfield Park, due to its ever increasing popularity, to give consideration to a proposal for a substantial increase in the charge for season tickets to the parks—a proposal that was not supported by the Committee a year ago. Here it is interesting to note that the maximum numbers visiting the park in one day until the end of May during the past five years were: 1935 (on April 21) 17,022; 1936 (on May 17) 19,184; 1937 (on May 29) 19,417; 1938 (on April 17) 17,211; and 1939 (on April 30) 36,573.

The Committee, after a lengthy discussion, then decided to adopt the proposal to increase the charge at Jessfield Park and it was accordingly recommended to the Council that, effective from June 1, 1939, the commencement of the new season tickets period, the charge for park season tickets would be $3 per season for admission to all parks and $1 per season for admission to all parks except Jessfield Park. The present charges are $2 per season for admission to all parks, $1 per season for admission to Jessfield Park, and $1 for admission to all other parks.

Difference of Opinion

It was duly noted at the Committee meeting that the original purpose of the Council in charging for entry to the parks was not the raising of revenue but to prevent such misuses of the park. It was evident, however, that that the present charge at Jessfield Park was too small for the purpose intended and it was submitted that the proposed new charge was only equal to the cost of 15 daily admission tickets and that it was well within the means of middle-class Chinese, who were the main users of the park. This was shown by the following figures of the sale of daily tickets during the first four months of each of the past three years. In 1937 15,573 daily tickets were sold, bringing in $3,114, in 1938 42,287 were sold, bringing in $8,457, and in 1939 no less than 84,900 tickets were bought, this producing a revenue of $16,980.

Some doubt was expressed as to whether the charge recommended of $3 per season was enough to keep the number of visitors to Jessfield Park within the bounds necessary to permit maintenance of the amenities of the Park, and whether the charge should not be as much as $5 per season. It was urged that some justification for an increase in the fee lay in the cost of the additional maintenance work to preserve the amenities of the park in the face of the present greatly overcrowded conditions.

During the Committee's discussion there was some difference of opinion as to the value of an increased charge as it might tend to diminish the number of visitors, but the view was expressed that persons for whom a charge of $3 was too much could still, for $1 a season, use the Kiaochow Park, which had recently been purchased and laid out by the Council at the cost of $1,000,000, and the Bund Gardens.

Increasing Popularity

In reaching their conclusions there was evidence of a division of views among members, certain of them tending to regard the present charge for admission to Jessfield Park as sufficient to prevent the entry of undesirables and favouring other means to prevent the damage resulting from the large numbers of visitors. On the other hand, a trial of the increased charge at Jessfield Park was favoured, on the grounds that the amount was reasonable and also it might serve the purpose in relieving the congestion by diverting users to other of the parks.

A summary of the annual total number of visitors to Jessfield Park and Zoological Garden from 1935 is as follows:—

Year	By Admission Tickets	By Season Tickets	Children	Total
1935	65,838	643,672	134,903	844,515
1936	84,865	849,743	211,125	1,145,733
1937	59,576	762,184	172,920	994,680
1938	163,914	1,090,522	188,882	1,443,318

The approximate numbers of season tickets sold to date for the 1938-9 season were:—3,000 for all parks, 23,000 for Jessfield Park, and 6,000 for all parks except Jessfield Park.

There was lengthy discussion by members of Council when the Works Committee recommendation was submitted for confirmation. The view was put forward that the fee for Jessfield Park might be raised to $4 or even $5 per season. When the present congested population conditions reverted to normal, the former charges might be re-adopted. By this means, the public could correctly appreciate that the increased fee for Jessfield Park was not made to obtain more money but was due to population congestion and the problem of undesirables visiting this Park.

Daily Admission Unchanged

Members were informed that the increased charges were designed mainly to keep visitors to Jessfield Park within manageable limits and thus prevent serious serious damage, and the need for diverting visitors to Kiaochow Park was emphasized.

The season ticket fee of $1 for all parks, except Jessfield Park, had been left unchanged to encourage greater use of Kiaochow Park. The higher fee for Jessfield Park would not of itself solve the problem of preventing damage, etc., but it would be combined with and make possible intensified staff control aided by foreigners with the powers of Special Police, as well as an educative campaign to convince visitors of the importance of respecting Park Regulations in their own interest, and if possible enlisting their assistance in seeing that they were respected.

Members advocated greater publicity being given to Kiaochow Park and, the suggestion having been made that the small number of visitors to that park might be due to inadequate transport facilities, it was agreed that the Omnibus and Tramway Companies be approached to that end, if possible, of increasing these facilities. By a majority vote, the Council adopted the recommendation of the Works Committee. No change in the daily admission charge is involved.

New British G.O.C. Here Tomorrow

Maj.-General F. K. Simmons Will Inspect Two Guards at Customs Jetty

Major-General Frank Keith Simmons, M.V.O., O.B.E., M.C., the new Commander of the British Military Forces, is expected to arrive in Shanghai tomorrow.

Under present arrangements he will make an official landing at the Customs Jetty at 9.15 a.m. on that day. His arrival will be confined to a military function. Guards of Honour from the 2nd Bn., The East Surrey Regiment and 1st Bn., The Seaforth Highlanders will be drawn up on the Customs Jetty and will receive the new Commander with the general salute. Commanding Officers and the staffs of British regular units will greet the General on his arrival at the Customs Jetty.

Major-General F. K. Simmons proposes to carry out a comprehensive programme of official calls during the early days after his arrival when he hopes to meet all officials and the other Defence Force Commanders.

The son of Mr. Edward Simmons of Crowthorne, Berkshire, where he was born in 1888, Major-General Simmons comes to Shanghai fresh from active service in Palestine where he was Commander of the Southern Brigade from 1936 until his present appointment was announced.

After being educated at Cranbrook School Major-General Simmons joined the Cameron Highlanders and served throughout the Great War being awarded the M.V.O. in 1915 and later the M.C. and Croix de Guerre. From 1928 until 1931 he was British Military Attache in Madrid and in 1937 he was awarded the O.B.E.

N.D.L. Monthly Magazine Dedicated to Der Fuehrer

The April issue of the Norddeutscher Loyd's monthly magazine "Lloyd Zeitung" which has just been received, is a special edition dedicated to Adolf Hitler on the occasion of his fiftieth birthday. Apart from excellent photographs and articles, the publication is superbly printed and contains a number of short stories and other interesting reading material including descriptions of certain parts of Germany and trips in various parts of the world.

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Kansas Politician is Found Guilty

15 Months' Prison and Fine For Income Tax Evasion

Kansas City, Mo., May 23.

Mr. Tom Pendergast, leader of one of the most powerful political factions in American history, pleaded guilty yesterday to charges of evading Federal income tax payments. The Missouri political "boss" was sentenced to 15 months' imprisonment and fined $10,000 by Federal Judge Merrill E. Otis.

Conviction of "Big Tom" followed a personal investigation of Kansas City vice and gambling activities by the Attorney General, Mr. Frank Murphy, and the chief of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Mr. J. Edgar Hoover.

Mr. Pendergast, who built his powerful political organization on the idea of "getting jobs for my boys," reached his zenith of power in 1932 when he first controlled the State Democratic party. Previously, his activities had been centred in Kansas City where his candidates were seldom defeated. His political machine had frequently been charged with election frauds, but the charges were never proven against Mr. Pendergast himself.

Two Grand Jury investigations are under way in Kansas City, one under the direction of Jackson County Judge Allen C. Southern to make a broad inquiry into alleged "unrestrained violations of law, openly and notoriously committed," the other under the supervision of Federal Judge Albert S. Reeves against "higher-ups" in the gambling racket for their alleged failure to pay income taxes on their illicit earnings, and, in the background of the investigations, lies a bitter political feud between Mr. Lloyd C. Stark, Governor of Missouri, and Mr. Pendergast.—United Press.

Former domestic goats, which have since become wild have been gradually eating up the Hawaii National Park. The C.C.C. has been waging a winning war against them, and during the past year 5,000 goats were forced out of the park to other grossing grounds.

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War Has Set Travel in China Back Fifty Years

Modern Means of Transportation Impossible to Obtain; Towards the Front in Army Lorries

FROM REUTER'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

With the Chinese forces Somewhere
In Central China, May 22.

THE speed of travel in the interior of China has been set back fifty years, for the time being, by the war. Notable work has been done by air, shipping and transport companies in maintaining their services, but when travel beyond the terminal points of those services is attempted, one journeys in the spirit of the pilgrims of olden days: one hopes to arrive, but no one knows when or how.

Such pilgrimages have all the fascination of the unexpected. One rubs shoulders with a rich variety of companions and has the feeling that anything may happen round the next bend in the road. From Ichang to Siangyang, the Chinese military authorities gave me permission to travel in an army lorry, handing me a special permit for that purpose. It is interesting to note that increasingly strict supervision of motor transport is now in force in areas near the Chinese front.

Drivers of vehicles must produce permits for all passengers aboard at every traffic inspection point, these being located at about every 50 miles along the road. Besides affording a check on travellers, this system has put a stop to many abuses formerly rampant, especially of drivers carrying all kinds of passengers and cargo for their own private profit.

Each Lorry Guarded

Every lorry now has a military guard, armed with a rifle, whose duty is to protect the load and, more important, to prevent soldiers or other would-be passengers going aboard by force.

Nine o'clock one chilly morning found us groping in the darkness round a convoy of lorries which was to take us to Siangyang, lined up, with roaring engines, in Ichang's main streets.

With gratifying promptness, the convoy started out. The guard, one other Chinese passenger, and myself made ourselves as comfortable as possible on the coils of wire with which our lorry was loaded.

Soon after daybreak, it began to rain steadily, and we crawled beneath a frayed tarpaulin in an effort to keep dry, but in vain. Trickles of water began to pour on our heads, and we grew steadily wetter and more uncomfortable.

The road itself, fair in dry weather, became a morass in which we skidded alarmingly. Soon we were unable to proceed further, and stopped outside the little town of Tanyang for the night.

The next morning, the driver having stated that he intended to wait three hours for the arrival of another convoy, I set out to explore Tanyang.

It presented a monotonously familiar sight. Within its walls all was in ruins, and the few people to be seen hurried through the town apprehensively.

By some curious trick of fate, the Magistrate's yamen was comparatively unharmed, and the Magistrate himself was there. He was a quiet, scholarly man, who greeted me with apologies for the state of his yamen and town, and proceeded to tell me something of local conditions.

Ruined by Air Raids

More than 100 of the population of 3,000, he said, had been killed when the Japanese first raided the town some months previously. Since then, he continued, everything possible had been moved out of the city. For instance only one telephone remained—his own—for air-raid warnings.

The second raid by the Japanese, he declared, had almost completed the ruin of the town, but had killed only a few people.

The district authorities, the Magistrate went on, were busy supervising the organization of the people on a political basis, teaching them "the necessity of resisting the Japanese and co-operating with the Chinese Army."

This work was having encouraging results, asserted the Magistrate, who mentioned that later that morning he intended to visit the corps of political workers who were operating in his district.

Returning to the transport depot, I found my driver had gone, so I boarded the next convoy, which left a half an hour later.

"We must all be careful as this lorry is loaded with hand-grenades," I was told as I clambered aboard.

In the circumstances, the injunction was hardly necessary.

The convoy started, and along we bumped and skidded over the half-dry road. In spite of the driver's care, the small flat boxes with which the lorry was filled were occasionally thrown completely into the air, falling back on the floor of the vehicle with a resounding crash and causing even my Chinese fellow passengers to look somewhat uneasy.

After this had happened several times, we concluded that the bombs must be good ones, and settled down to enjoy the morning sunshine and watch for raiding aircraft.

Wild white climbing roses bloomed gloriously along the roadside, filling the air with their fragrance; the marshy hollows were studded with brilliant kingcups, and where the highway wound sinuously over the chalky up-lands the clear blue of camapanulas matched the sky in colour as they nodded in the wind over the close-cropped turf. It was the height of spring, and we were going to war.

At Shihaipu

Nightfall found us at Shihaipu, a dirty little village at the junction of the roads to Siangyang and Shasi.

"We start at five o'clock sharp tomorrow morning," shouted the energetic lieutenant commanding the convoy as he passed down the line of trucks.

Finding lodging in a tiny Chinese inn, through whose murky atmosphere, thick with the fumes of cooking and rape-oil lamps, came the click of mah-jongg tiles, I spread my bedding on the only available couch, a rickety wooden bed covered with grimy straw which gave promise of an uneasy night.

I had had supper when a servant told me, "There's another foreigner down below."

Impelled by curiosity, I stepped downstairs and found a ruddy-faced Catholic priest having dinner with a Chinese companion. He was a passenger on another lorry. He said he was bound for the Italian mission at Fincheng with medical supplies and other requisites.

The priest greeted me cordially. We found ourselves with no common language except Chinese, and in this tongue, assisted by friendly bystanders, we talked while he finished supper.

He had been eleven years in China, he told me. The position of his colleagues was at present delicate. Not only had their work been increased by refugee and other problems brought about by the war, but political matters were also intruding and tending to make their position onerous.

Incidently, I have met several Italian Catholic priests in various parts of China. Their life is Spartan enough. They have sacrificed much for their faith, in common with their fellow-religionists of other natonalities, as indeed have the best missionaries of all creeds, and I believe that the allegations of espionage which have been made against them in China are without foundation.

Women at War

The next day saw another early start. Searching for my lorry in the pale half-light of dawn, I encountered an interesting domestic tableau.

A woman war-worker dressed in a khaki uniform was seated on the running-board of another lorry feeding her baby, while her soldier husband was busy piling their belongings aboard.

China has decided that the war is going to last a long time, and sees no reason why women should not combine war-work, marriage and even maternity. The fluid nature of the campaign and the fact that in China the army and people are living side by side renders this possible as it could not be in a more intensive campaign.

This day was long and weary. The road was still soft from rain, and throughout the morning one or another of the trucks of our convoy got stuck in the mud or fell into the ditch alongside. When this happened everybody had to turn to in order to dig and push the recalcitrant vehicle out.

"Ai-ya, what trouble!" was the chorus when we saw some leading lorry begin to skid wildly and then slip into a ditch.

Twice we had to unload boxes of bombs before being able to extricate a lorry. We passed numbers of squeaking wheel-barrows laden with bales of cotton and bound for Shasi.

Wheelbarrows Under Sail

Many were big enough to require the efforts of three men to move them. They were assisted by sails set on bamboo poles from the sides in order that advantage could be taken of the brisk following wind. It was the first time I had seen a fleet of wheelbarrows under sail.

Travelling almost continuously till two o'clock in the afternoon, we stopped at the town of Kingmen for food.

Hardly had we climbed down and set off among the few miserable houses remaining outside the city walls in search of a cook-shop, when an air-raid alarm was sounded and we were obliged to race back to the convoy, which tore off up the road in the midst of clouds of dust. The convoy broke up into groups and everyone sought hiding places.

It would have been most unpleasant to have been attacked with our cargo.

The convoy commander decided to continue the journey, and, except for occasional halts for a few minutes, we travelled continuously until 10 o'clock that night, when we finally reached our destination.

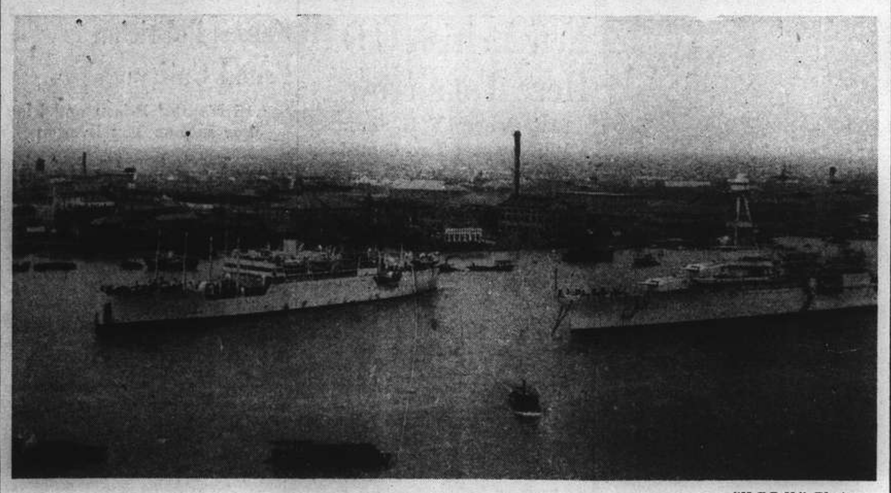
We had been on the move 16 hours with nothing to eat but crude barley cakes baked at the wayside.

It was a good day's journey, even in war-time China.—Reuter.

G-Men Get Robbers

Chicago, May 22.

"G-Men" today held U.S.$4,170 of the U.S.$10,000 lost stolen from the Kansas State Bank at Wichita, Kansas, on February 8, and one of two men alleged to have participated in the robbery, as result of three months surveillance of a north side apartment.—United Press.



"N.C.D.N." Photo.

U.S.S. Chaumont Leaves Shanghai

The American transport, U.S.S. Chaumont pictured as she was leaving buoys 12 and 13 to proceed downriver on her way to Chinwangtao yesterday.

No Effort to Stem Jewish Influx

Statement of Japanese Spokesman; Neutral Ships Must Have Permits

Japanese spokesmen at yesterday's press conference took a definite stand on two issues which were raised—firstly, that they would take no measures to stem the influx of Jewish refugees, intimating that it was not their direct concern and, secondly, that foreign vessels, possessing extra-territorial rights, would have to have permits to proceed from Shanghai to ports in the occupied areas.

The latter regulation would take place on June 1 and it was to be enforced to prevent the transport of essentials from occupied sectors to non-occupied areas. A correspondent wished to know why the rule was applied to neutral shipping, the reply being that it was a measure taken by the authority of the occupied territory.

The arrival of the Jewish refugees, it was suggested, might add to the commercial growth of the port and Japanese would welcome them, if this were the case—their value was not defined as yet.

In reply to another question, the spokesman stated that Japan did not contemplate conversations with Germany to prevent visas being issued, although it was admitted that emigration should be stopped at the source. Inasmuch as the "City Government" has taken over the control of the harbour and river police, could not this authority prevent immigration, it was asked, and the spokesman replied that it never was the custom to prevent the arrival legally of undesirables.

A long discussion on Manchoukuo's official position on the status of Jewish immigration was brought to a sharp close when a correspondent asked "if on a general basis they were welcome there." The reply was in the negative.

"Commercial Ingenuity" Feared

Jewish emigrants flocking into the areas north of Soochow Creek are becoming a serious problem for the Japanese community, the "Shanghai Mainichi" said on Monday night.

Jewish "kingdoms" are being formed near the Astor House Hotel, in the Hongkew sub-agency building of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, and in Yangtszepoo districts, the paper said.

It was possible, the journal stated, that these emigrants from Europe may encroach upon the rights and interests of Japanese residents in Hongkew because of their "peculiar commercial ingenuity."

Their number already is 9,000 and it was expected that it will increase to 20,000 within this year, the daily said.

Chinese Injured in "Ta Tao" Shooting

Gangster pistols went into action again in "Ta Tao" territory, shortly after 7 a.m. yesterday, when one man was seriously injured in the hip and thighs and eventually managed to drag himself unto Brennan Road, some 100 yards North from where the shooting had occurred. An emergency ambulance was summoned and conveyed the man to the Red Cross Hospital on Avenue Haig.

In view of the fact that the shooting occurred in territory outside their jurisdiction, Settlement detectives did not investigate the case beyond questioning the injured man.

Although no details were available on the subject, it was believed that he had not been a party to the shoot-up but merely happened to be in the line of fire.

Military Training Bill Passes Lords

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, May 23.

The Military Training Bill and the Reserve and Auxiliary Forces Bill were read a second time in the House of Lords yesterday without a division.—Reuter.

Strike Continues at British Mill

The "North-China Daily News" was informed yesterday by an official of the China Printing & Finishing Co., Ltd., that there had been no further developments in connection with the strike of Chinese workers at the company's Lun Chong mill on Pootung Point.

Following the dismissal of a Chinese employee in the electrician's shop on Saturday other workers in the mechanics' shop and power house refused to continue their work and the mill was forced to close down owing to the cutting off of the electric power supply. Following an ugly situation later in the day, when a Briton was assaulted by a crowd of workmen, British bluejackets were landed on the premises to protect British lives and property.

Fredk. Snite Arrives At Le Havre

Trailer Caravan Will Take Him to Lourdes

Le Havre, May 23.

Mr. Frederick Snite, Jr., young American paralysis victim known as the "man in the iron lung," arrived here from New York on board the French liner Normandie last night but remained aboard the ship overnight.

Mr. Snite, who is en route to the Shrine of Miracles at Lourdes, will be removed today to his special caravan which drew up beside the ship last night. The caravan, in which Mr. Snite and his party will drive to Lourdes, comprises a tractor, a trailer and trucks carrying a spare "iron lung."

The Snite caravan will begin the three-day drive across France later today.—United Press.

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Japan Not "The Only Wise Guy"

Chungking Journal Comments On Axis Pact

Chungking, May 23.

Commenting on Japan's decision not to join the Italo-German Military Alliance, the "Chungking Daily News" states editorially that Japan must think she is the only 'wise guy' in the world, while every other nation is a fool."

The paper drew attention to two reports, firstly, that Japan is not participating in the Alliance for fear that she may bring the Soviet and Britain closer together, and that this step might result in the extension of British, French and Soviet co-operation to the Far East, which would affect Japan's "aggressive" designs.

The second report to which the journal refers is that Japan is awaiting the outbreak of a European war, when she would seize an opportune moment to make the move most advantageous to her interests.

"But Britain and the Soviet are not fools," the paper concludes.

In a separate article, the "Chungking Daily News" predicts the early collapse of the Hua Hsiang Commercial Bank notes, pointing out the present slump in the yen, and in Federal Reserve Bank notes.—Reuter.

Japan Reducing Consumption

Strict Measures Taken To Economize Nation's Resources

Tokyo, May 22.

A drop in the consumption of goods in Japan to an absolute minimum so far as housing, clothing and food are concerned, and compulsory restraint on people indulging in luxuries, amusements, marriage and funeral expenses, are predicted.

The forecast arises out of new Government legislation, expected to be enforced shortly, to divert all possible supplies to the munitions industry, the expansion of productivity and the promotion of Japan's export trade.

With the Government departments concerned having reached an agreement on the apportionment of essential materials for their own use, formal Cabinet approval of the Government's plan for the mobilization of materials is expected shortly.

One hundred and twenty separate materials will be placed under strict control under the proposed plan. These will be divided into five categories: munitions, industrial expansion, export trade promotion, Government use, and private consumption.

Preference to Munitions

Preference will be given at all times to materials required for munitions, industrial expansion and export promotion, in that order, and the quantities for private consumption will be restricted severely, according to the Japanese press. At the same time, the materials mobilisation programme will be closely interrelated to the Government's price-control policy.

The Japanese Government is depending on national co-operation for the success of the programme, stressing its intrinsic and essential relationship with the plans for the expansion of national production and the promotion of Japan's export trade, both of which are considered primary requisites for the successful solution of the "China Incident" and the strengthening of national defence.

Through its economic police force, the Home Ministry will play a leading role in enforcement of the rationing programme. Economic policemen will be increased throughout the country, bringing the total force to about 1,900 officers and men.

The mission of these policemen will be not only enforcement of the control regulations, but also to convince the masses of the national necessity of control and its bearing on the success of the "China Incident," in order to induce them to co-operate.

At the same time, the police will seek to determine by what means those most adversely affected by the control regulations may be afforded some measure of relief.

Revision of Consumption

Progressive control will effect a wholesale revision of the nation's consumption standards, according to the "Miyako Shimbun," which considers it extremely likely that Article 8 of the National General Mobilization Law will be invoked for more rigid application of control over personal consumption of materials. This Article lays down:

"In time of war when national general mobilization is found necessary, the Japanese Government may, in accordance with provisions of an Imperial Ordinance, give necessary orders in connection with the production, repair, distribution and transfer of general mobilization materials, as well as in connection with their disposal, use, consumption, possession or moving."

Even daily necessities, says the newspaper, will be reduced to the minimum required for sustenance, while all possible materials will be turned into the munitions industries; for the increase of the nation's productive capacity and for the export trade, by which foreign exchange may be obtained to enable Japan to purchase abroad such essential materials as cannot be obtained at home.

Private consumption will be limited to the minimum standards of housing, clothing and food, the "Miyako Shimbun" continues, and the production and importation of anything other that for State purposes will be limited as far as possible to absolute domestic needs.

This means, the newspaper explains, that the Government's authority will extend into every corner of private life, dictating the conditions, extent and circumstances of clothing, dwelling, eating, marriage funeral services, memorial services, coming-of-age ceremonies and other personal affairs.

At the same time, the Government will apply compulsory restraint on spending money for luxuries, amusements, merry-making and anything else that tends toward the undue consumption of materials and commodities.—Reuter.

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Garments of expert cut and workmanship in Tootal, Wemco, Tricoline, Silk, and Crêpe fabrics.

Variety of shades and patterns for choice.

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More than 300,000 Rolleiflex and Rolleicord owners are successful photographers.
£5,500 have been paid as first prizes for two Rolleiflex photographs alone.
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ROLLEI COMPETITION
to be held up to August 31, 1939.
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NOW SHOWING

	CAPITOL PHONE 17100	GOLDEN GATE PHONE 74456	RIALTO PHONE 94110	PARIS PHONE 85205
	142 MUSEUM RD.	745 AV. FOCH	239 KWEICHOW RD.	550 AV. JOFFRE
	2.30, 5.30, 9.15	2.30, 5.30, 9.00	2.30, 5.30, 9.00	2.30, 5, 7, 9.15
FRI. SAT.	MYSTERY OF THE WAX MUSEUM FAY WRAY LIONEL ATWILL	ON THE AVENUE Only To Be Shown at This Theatre.	THE STORM NAN GREY PRESTON FOSTER CHARLES BICKFORD	HER JUNGLE LOVE IN TECHNICOLOR DOROTHY LAMOUR RAY MILLAND
SUN. TUES.	TROPIC HOLIDAY	TRADE WINDS	THERE'S THAT WOMAN AGAIN	THEY MADE ME A CRIMINAL
WED. May 31	ZAZA	THE SON OF FRANKENSTEIN	WINGS OF THE NAVY	IN OLD CHICAGO
	HER JUNGLE LOVE	MYSTERY OF THE WAX MUSEUM	LLOYDS OF LONDON	BETWEEN TWO WOMEN
	33c 55c 75c 1.10	33cts. 55cts. 85cts.	33cts. 55cts. 85cts.	33c 44c 65c 85c

Why no other insecticide is as deadly as FLIT

Flit is sure death to insects because it is a combination of potent killing agents which cannot be excelled. Every tin of Flit contains a product which has undergone the most exhaustive tests and is of known definite killing power. That's why you should always insist on Flit — and refuse all inferior substitutes. Flit spray will not stain, and is harmless to humans. To be sure you get Flit, look for the soldier on the sealed yellow tin with the black band.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

TUESDAY, MAY 23, 1939

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 8 1/16 ..... $ 29.20
U.S. $100 @ 16 ..... $625.00

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 8 1/16 ..... $ 28.87
U.S. $100 @ 16 1/16 ..... $617.76
London—demand 8 1/16
4 months' sight credits 8 3/32
4 months' sight docts 8 3/32
6 months' sight credits 8 1/16
6 months' sight docts 8 1/16
New York—demand ..... U.S. $16 1/32
4 months' sight credits 16 1/4
4 months' sight docts 16 3/8
Paris—4 months' sight docts Fcs. 626

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ..... 8 1/4 U.S. $16 1/32
Hongkong/London 1/2 3/32

Chartered Bank

Canadian $100 @ 16 ..... $625.00
Hongkong $54 1/8 ..... $100.00

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherlands Guilders ..... Buying 30 3/8
Java Guilders ..... " 30 1/4
Netherlands Guilders ..... Selling 29 1/2
Java Guilders ..... " 29 3/4

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100=$617.76 £1=$28.872
Selling U.S.$100=$625.00 £1=$29.201

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 0.94=$1 Belgas 27.40=£1

Italian Bank for China

It. Lire 3.01=$1 Swiss Frs. 0.71 1/4=$1
Tourist Lire 3.32 ..... $1

Other Quotations

Berlin/Hamburg T.T. $100=Rm. 40.00
$100=Reg. Mk. 79.00
incl. License fee

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTERBANK CASH DELIVERY

£ Highest 8 1/4 Lowest 8 1/4
U.S. G.$ 16 1/8 16 1/16
Yen — —

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

SELLING		BUYING	
Cash		May	
£ T.T.	8 5/32	4 m/s. l.c.	8 3/32
G.$ T.T.	16 1/16	4 m/s. l.c.	16 1/8
Fcs. T.T.	605	4 m/s.	616
Rs. T.T.	46	15 d/s.	46 1/4

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	20 1/8	19 1/16
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	42 3/4	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	53.00	—
Mombay offtake $0 bars.		

London silver was 1/8 up both ready and forward, being 20 1/8 for ready and 19 1/16 forward. New York was unchanged at 42 3/4 and Bombay was 1 anna up at 53.00.

It was reported there was some Indian buying. Offerings were small. Market ruled quiet and dull. After the official fixing the market was very quiet, with the metal inclined to be offered at the fixed rate.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 8 3/32 sterling and 16 1/8 U.S.$.

The Interbank market was very quiet and there was very little business, passing steadiness prevailed in the absence of any merchant demand. Sales for June and July sterling were made at fractionally higher rates than quoted below but were not quite definitely sellers. At the close there were sellers at:—

8 1/4	sterling	16 1/16	U.S.$	Cash
8 5/32	"	16 1/8	"	May
8 3/32	"	16.—	"	June
8 1/32	"	15 29/32	"	July
8 3/64	"	15 31/32	"	Aug.

Foreign Exchanges

Bombay Rupee T. T. on: May 22.

Japan	78 3/4	London	1/5 3/32
New York	287 3/8	2 mths	
Shanghai	48	" (sellers)	1/5 7/32
Hongkong	85 3/4	" (buyers)	1/5 5/8

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	468.12	Bombay	1/5 7/8
Paris	176.71	Hongkong	1/2 3/16
Berlin	11.66 1/2	Singapore	2/3 9/16
Amsterdam	8.72 3/8	Yokohama	1/2
Brussels	27.49 1/2	" (Buying)	Unq.
Madrid	42.25	C'slovakia	137.00 S
Milan	89.00	Bangkok	1/10 1/4
Berne	20.79	S—Sellers	
Shanghai	8 1/16 N		

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.12 1/2	Japan	27.31
Spain	Unq.	Shanghai	16.15
Holland	53.68	Austria	Unq.
Paris	2.64 15/16	C'slovakia	Unq.
Brussels	17.03	Hungary	19.75
Italy	5.26 1/4	Rumania	0.72
S'zerland	22.51 1/2	Yugo Slavia	2.30
Sweden	24.12	Greece	0.85 7/8
Norway	23.53	Bulgaria	1.20
Denmark	20.90 1/2	Finland	2.06 3/4
Montreal	99.636	Poland	18.83
Brazil	5.50		

London	4.68 1/4
" Demand	4.68 7/16
" Bankers' 60 days bills	4.67 3/32
" Commercial 60 days bills	4.67 3/32
Buenos Aires, Paper	29.04
" " Market Rate	23.15
Montreal on London	4.69 15/16

—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:	May 22.
Fine Bank Bills, 3 months	0 1/8%
Bank Bills, 6 months	1 1/8%
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months	3 1/4%
Fine Trade Bills, 6 months	3 3/4%
Call Money	1%
New York:	
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0 1/2%B
	0 5/8%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 5/8%B
	0 1/2%A
Call Money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Federal Reserve System

New York, May 22.

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve system, in their report for the week ended May 17 respecting the entire body of reporting member banks of the system, reveal a decrease on total loans amounting to $39,000,000 compared with the previous week, and a decrease of $362,000,000 from the corresponding period last year.

Investments show a decrease of $71,000,000 from last week and an increase of $1,292,000,000 over the corresponding period last year.

Loans during the period under review totalled $8,046,000,000 and investments $13,563,000,000.—Reuter.

Berlin Bourse

Berlin, May 22.

The share market opened this morning on a somewhat more optimistic note than prevailed on Saturday, although turnover took place within narrow limits. Such slight improvements as were discernible were due to the fact that less material was offered for sale. The market closed with business practically at a standstill. Fixed interest securities showed little change. Call money was quoted at between 2 1/8 and 2 3/8.—Trans-Ocean.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

Another idle day was experienced with interest mainly centered in Ewos. However, Kaipings at 29, Wharves at 209 and Telephones at 103 1/2 all advanced to new highs but the turnover was not large. Trams were transacted at 39 3/4 but Omnibuses were neglected. In sympathy with the strength of Kaipings there were several buyers for Explorations at 8 but sellers were less keen. Ewos finished steady at 18.70.

A fall of 1,044 tons in U.K. stocks to a total of 64,933 tons was the main feature in the Rubber section. It is interesting to note that stocks in the U.K. have fallen about 35,000 tons since the peak of 99,725 tons on September 3 last. Though very idle conditions also prevailed here, most shares were in demand with Rubber Trusts changing hands at 4.25.

Official Averages

1939 High	1939 Low		Today's Averages	Change
162.71	105.32	General ..	149.54	+0.98
152.40	95.55	Rubbers	137.04	+0.67 1/2

Total 34,168 shares, 754 bonds.

Morning Session

$1,400	S'hai Land 6% Debs. 1931	$ 96.00
$22,500	S'hai Power 5 1/2% Debs.	$ 88.25
$50,000	S'hai Telephone 6% Debs.	96.50
2,000	Kota	2.65
11,000	Batu Anam	0.98
1,000	Kroewoek	1.22
2,000	Rubber Trust	4.25
600	Tram (Bearer) £1	39.50
1,300	Wheelock	37.00
1,500	New Eng. (Ord)	7.90
50	H. & S. Bank	Hk.$1,362.50
700	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 18.80
100	Wheelock	37.00
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.70
500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.80
85	S'hai Power (Pref)	127.00
1,800	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.70
1,000	New Eng. (Ord)	7.90
500	S'hai Land	8.80
1,000	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.80
200	Kaiping	28.50
200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.70
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.60
50	S'hai Telephone	102.00
50	S'hai Telephone	102.50
50	S'hai Telephone	103.00
50	S'hai Telephone	103.50

ODD LOTS

$200	S'hai Power 5 1/2% Debs.	$ 88.00
$300	S'hai Power 5 1/2% Debs.	88.25
4	S'hai Power (Pref)	127.00
25	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.00
1	S'hai Power (Pref)	127.25
100	S'hai Land	8.75
250	S'hai Loan	5.85
5	S'hai Telephone	103.50
100	Exploration	8.00
7	S'hai Power (Pref)	127.00
200	New Eng. (Ord)	8.00

Afternoon Session

$1,000	S'hai Power 5 1/2% Debs.	$ 88.50
1,000	Cheng	0.44
100	Kaiping	28.75
100	Wheelock	37.00
206	S'hai Telephone	103.50
2,000	China Realty	0.28
1,900	Ewo Mills (Ord)	18.70
500	Kaiping	29.00
196	S'hai Power (Pref)	127.00
215	S. & H. Wharf	209.00
500	New Eng. (Ord)	7.95
150	Tram (Bearer) £1	39.50
500	New Eng. (Ord)	7.90

ODD LOTS

20	S'hai Telephone	$104.00
20	S'hai Telephone	104.00
9	S'hai Power (Pref)	126.75
5	S'hai Telephone	103.00
20	S. & H. Wharf	209.00

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, May 22.

Initial nervousness on the Stock Exchange today, following the weekend Danzig incidents, was quickly dispelled and conditions subsequently remained very steady.

British gilt-edged securities were especially strong on renewed demand which disclosed a shortage of stock. Oils were favoured with Attock moving sharply higher on steady buying. Elsewhere, changes were small with gains outnumbering losses.—Reuter.

	May 19	22
War Loan 3 1/2% Red.)	£93 3/8	94 1/8

JAPANESE BONDS

Japan 5% Stg. Loan, 1907	38	37 1/2
Japan 6% Stg. Loan, 1924	46 3/4	45

Osaka, May 23.

Kogo 5%	Y.104.11

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Allied Ironfounders	19/3	19/-
Armstrong Stevens	6/6	6/6
Assoc. & Elec. Indus.	38/4 1/2	38/1 1/2
Austin Motors, ord.	30/-	30/-
Bristol Aeroplane	20/7 1/2	21/-
British American Tob.	99/4 1/2	100/-
Cable & W., new form	48 1/4	48 1/2
Cammell Laird, ord.	8/4 1/2	8/4 1/2
Courtaulds	25/-	25/-
Distillers	91/9	91/9
Dunlop Rubber	28/3	28/3
General Elec. (Eng.)	79/7 1/2	79/7 1/2
Guinness (A) Son & Co.	107/-	107/-
Hawker Siddeley Aircraft	18/10 1/2	18/10 1/2
Imp. Chem. Indus.	30/1 1/2	30/4 1/2
Imp. Tobacco	130/7 1/2	131/3
Leyland Motors	92/6	92/6
Marks & Spencer "A" ord.	63/-	63/4 1/2
Pressed Steel, com.	17/1 1/2	17/3
Rolls-Royce	106/10 1/2	105/-
Smethwick Drop Forgings	16/3	15/6*
Tate & Lyle	61/6	61/-*
Turner & Newall	77/10 1/2	77/10 1/2
United Steel	24/1 1/2	24/1 1/2
Vickers, ord.	19/1 1/2	19/-
Woolworths	63/6	63/10 1/2

MISCELLANEOUS

Anglo Dutch	26/-	25/9
Rubber Pltn. Inv. Trust	27/-	27/-

MINES

Burma Corp.	8/4 1/2	8/4 1/2
Commonwealth Min.	1/-	1/-
Marsman Invest.	15/-	15/-
Randfontein Ests.	40/-	39/9
Sub-Nigel	220/7 1/2	220/7 1/2
Tanami Gold	3d.	3d.
Western Holdings	12/4 1/2	12/3

OILS

Anglo Iranian	79/4 1/2	78/9
Burmah	80/-	77/6*
Mexican Eagle	9/-	8/7 1/2
Shell Trans. & Trad.	83/1 1/2	83/1 1/2

*—Ex dividend.

CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.

4 1/2% Gold Loan, 1898	£67 1/2	67 1/2
5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	64 1/2	64 1/2
4 1/2% Anglo-French Loan	61	57*
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	36	35 3/4
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	52 1/2	52 1/2
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	17 1/2	17 1/2
5% Honan Rly., 1905	21	21
5% Hukuang Rly., 1913	22	22 1/2
5% " " (Ger. Is.)	20 1/2	20 1/2
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	18 1/2	18 1/2
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	26	26
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	18	18
5% " " G.	18	18
5% " " (Supl. Loan) B.	18	18
5% " " (Supl. Loan) G.	18	18
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	19 1/2	19 1/2
S'hai Elec. Construction	25/- N	25/- N
S'hai Waterworks "A"	19 1/2 N	19 1/2 N
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	30 1/2	30 1/2
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	7 7/8	7 7/8
H. & S. Bank (Ld. Reg.)	84 1/2	84 1/2
" (Col. Reg.)	84 1/2	84 1/2
Chinese Eng. & Min.	19/6	19/7 1/2
Chosen Corp.	5/6	5/-
Pekin Syndicate	2/- N	2/- N
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	18/9	18/9

N—Nominal.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

May 23.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing
Antamok	.27	.275
Atok	.29	.29
Balatoc	8.00	8.00
Batong Buhay	.015	.015
Benguet Consolidated	11.40	11.40
Big Wedge	.25	.26
Coco Grove	.35	.35
Demonstration	.125	.125
I X L	.51	.53
Masbate	.12	.115
North Camarines	.36	.35
Sam Mauricio	1.06	1.08
Surigao Con., Com.	.19	.20
Surigao Con. Voting T.	.195	.195
Suyoc	.15	.155
United Paracale	.51	.52

Turnover 224,000 Pesos.

Shares Index: (Closing prices) 98.33.—Reuter.

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New Yorw, May 22.

Conditions on the Stock Exchange were better today, influenced by improved business news, including the estimated 3.1 per cent. advance in domestic steel mill activity. The steadiness of aircrafts was also a contributory factor in the advance. The impending speech of President Roosevelt kept some traders on the sidelines. The volume of trading amounted to 420,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	132.54	130.50	132.45	+1.23
20 Rails	27.08	26.45	27.05	+0.56
15 Utilit.	22.92	22.59	22.89	+0.20
40 Bonds	——	——	88.18	+0.01
11 Commod.	——	——	49.22	+0.10

	May 20	22
Adams Express	7	7
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	15 3/4	16 3/8
Allied Stores	7 3/4	8 3/8
Allis Chalmers	32 3/4	33 1/8
Amerada Corp.	63 1/2	64 1/4
Amer. Can	B 86 1/4	B 87
Amer. & For. Power	2 3/8	2 1/2
" $7 pfd.	B 16 1/2	17
Amer. Gas & Elec.	33	33 1/2
Amer. Locomotive	16 3/4	17 1/2
Amer. Metal	B 27 1/4	27 1/4
Amer. Radiator	11 3/8	11 3/4
Amer. Rolling Mill	13 1/4	13 3/4
Amer. Smelting	41 1/4	41 1/2
Amer. Sugar Refining	17 1/2	—
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	161 1/4	163 3/8
Amer. Tobacco "B"	78 1/2	81
Amer. Waterworks	9 1/4	9 3/8
Anaconda Copper	23 1/2	24 1/8
Atchison, T. & S. Fe	27 1/8	27 3/8
Auburn	—	—
Baltimore & Ohio	5	5 1/8
Barber Asphalt Corp.	B 12 3/4	13 1/4
Barnsdall Oil Co.	13 1/2	13 3/4
Bendix Aviation	22 7/8	23 1/8
Bethlehem Steel	53	54 1/2
Bliss (E.W.)	9 1/2	9 3/4
Boeing Airplane Co.	21 5/8	22 1/4
Borg Warner	23 1/4	23 1/2
Briggs Mfg. Co.	20	20
Bklyn-Manhattan Trans.	11 1/8	11 3/8
" $6 cum. pfd.	40	—
Can. Pacific Rly.	4	4
Case, J.I.	74 3/4	—
Celanese Corp.	17 3/8	17 3/4
Chase Nat. Bank	B 32 3/4	B 32 3/4
Chesapeake & Ohio	31 1/2	32
Chrysler	65 3/4	67 1/2
Columbia Gas & Elec.	6	6 1/8
" 8% "A" pfd.	B 85	85
Comml. Credit	45 3/8	46
Comm. & Southern (ord.)	1 3/8	1 3/8
" $6 cum. pfd.	56 1/2	58
Consolid. Edison	30 1/8	30 5/8
Consolid. Oil	7 1/2	7 3/8
Continental Can	39 1/4	39
Continental Oil	22 1/8	22
Corn Products	B 59 3/4	61 1/8
Curtiss Wright (com.)	5 1/2	5 7/8
" " "A"	25 1/2	25 3/4
Deere & Co.	19 1/8	19 5/8
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	B 17 1/2	18 1/4
Douglas Aircraft	62 1/2	67 1/2
Du Pont de Nemours	144 1/8	144 7/8
Eagle Picher Lead	9	9
Eaton Manufacturing Co.	20 7/8	B 20 1/2
Elec. Auto Lite	28 5/8	28 7/8
Elec. Bond & Share	7 7/8	8
" $6 pfd.	62 3/4	62 3/4
Elec. Pwr. & Lt.	26 1/8	26 1/4
Flintkote	19 1/8	19 1/2
Food Machinery Corp.	27	27
Gen. Amer. Trans. Corp.	45	45
Gen. Elec.	33 3/4	34 3/8
Gen. Motors	43 1/2	44 1/4
Gen. Rly. Signal	B 16 1/8	B 15 1/2
Glidden Co.	16 5/8	16 1/2
Goodrich (B.F.)	16 1/4	16 1/2
" $5 pfd.	61	—
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	25 7/8	26 3/8
Great Nthrn. Iron Ore	13 3/4	14 1/8
Great Nthrn. Rly.	19 5/8	20 1/8
Great Western Sugar	26 1/2	26 1/2
Greyhound Corp.	18 1/8	18 3/8
Hecker Products	12	12 1/4
Homestake Min.	62	62
Indus. Rayon	B 18 3/4	19 1/4
Int. Harvester	58 1/4	58 3/4
Int. Nickel	48	48
Int. Tel. & Tel.	B 7 1/2	7 3/8
Johns Manville	68 1/2	69
Jones & Laughlin	B 37	B 38
Kennecott	31 3/8	31 1/2
Libby-Owens-Ford Glass	42 1/4	43 1/2
Lockheed Aircraft	25 1/8	25 1/4
Loew's Inc.	42 1/2	43
Manhattan Shirt Co.	—	—
Martin, Glenn L. Co.	34 1/4	34 5/8
McKesson & Robbins	13	13 3/4
Monsanto Chemical	95 3/4	96 1/2
Montgomery Ward	47 3/8	48 1/4
Nat. City Bank	B 25 1/2	B 25 1/2
Nat. Dairy Products	15	15 1/4
Nat. Distillers	—	25 3/8
Nat. Gypsum	11 1/8	11 3/8
Nat. Lead	19 5/8	20
Nat. Power & Lt.	7 3/8	7 3/8
Nat. Steel Corp	59 3/4	60 1/8
Nat. Supply Co.	—	8
New York Central	14 1/4	14 3/8
Niagara Hudson Power	B 6 5/8	6 5/8
North Amer. Aviation	15 1/2	16
North Amer. Co.	20 7/8	20 7/8
Northern Pacific	8 1/4	8 1/2
Pacific Gas & Elec.	30	30 1/2
Pacific Lighting	47	47 1/8
Packard Motors	3 3/8	3 3/8
Paramount Pictures Inc.	8 3/4	8 3/4
Pennsylvania R.R.	17 3/8	17 1/2
Phelps Dodge	31 3/8	32 1/4
Phillips Petroleum	35 1/4	35 1/2
Public Serv. of N.J.	36 1/8	36 1/8
Pullman, Inc.	26 7/8	26 3/4
Pure Oil	7 1/2	7 1/2
Radio Corp.	6 3/8	6 3/8
Republic Steel Co.	14 7/8	15 1/4
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	37 1/8	37 1/2
Richfield Oil Corp.	7 5/8	7 7/8
Safeway Stores	37 3/4	38 3/4
Schenley	13	13 1/4
" 5 1/2% pfd.	—	70 1/2
Sears Roebuck	72 3/4	73 3/8
Seversky Aircraft	3 1/8	3 1/4
Shell Union Oil	11 1/8	11
Socony-Vacuum	11 7/8	12
Sthrn. Pacific	12 7/8	12 3/4
Sthrn. Rly.	20 1/8	21 1/8
Sperry Corp.	41 5/8	42 1/4
Stand. Brands	6 1/8	6
Stand. Gas & Elec.	3	3 1/4
Stand. Oil of Calif.	25 5/8	25 3/4
Stand. Oil of N.J.	42 3/8	42 1/4
Stone & Webster	10 1/4	10 1/2
Swift International	—	27
Technicolor	17	16 1/4
Texas Corp.	38 3/4	38 5/8
Texas Gulf Sulphur	27 5/8	27 1/2
Transamerica	—	5 5/8
Tw. Century Fox	19 1/2	20 1/2
" pfd.	30	—
Un. Carbide & Carbon	73 5/8	73
Un. Pacific	B 91	93
Un. Aircraft	30 3/8	37 3/8
Un. Air Lines Trans.	8 3/4	8 3/4
Un. Corp.	2 3/4	2 1/8
" $3 cum. pfd.	33 1/2	34
Un. Gas Corp.	2	1 7/8
Un. Gas Improvement	12 5/8	12 3/8
U. S. Rubber	37 1/4	38 5/8
" 8% pfd.	102 3/4	104 1/2
U. S. Steel	44 3/4	46 3/8
Vanadium	18 1/4	19 1/4
Warner Bros. Picts.	4 7/8	5
Westinghouse Elec.	90 1/8	91
Woodward Iron	B 16 1/4	16

BONDS

Amer. & For. Power	58 1/2	58 3/4
Brazil	17 1/4	17 1/4
Baltimore & Ohio R.R.	20	19 5/8
Cities Serv. Pwr.	77 1/2	77 1/4
Erie R.R.	9	9
Int. Tel. & Tel. 5s	65 3/4	65 3/4
Minas Geraes	11 1/4	11
New England Gas	62 1/2	64
Peru	9 3/8	9 1/2
Rio Grande do Sul	B 11 3/4	B 11 3/8
Sao Paulo	B 9 3/8	B 9 1/2
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	41	41 1/4
Stand. Gas & Elec.	62	62

B—Bid.

Dow-Jones Summary

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Brokerage houses generally anticipate narrow trading movements on Wall Street over the near term. The relatively sharp spurt in the steel operations rate rallied stocks after the list had drifted lower in one of the dullest sessions recorded since last June. Trading picked up slightly on the recovery, with the general list ruling firm on gains extending to one point in final dealings. Motors and rubbers were in the van of the recovery movement, with some buying attributed to short covering. Profit taking just before the close had only a slight effect on leaders. However, trading showed a tendency to dwindle moderately.

Change of Reichsbank Statute Announced

Berlin, May 23.

The statute of the Reichsbank is to be altered in the near future, it was announced by the Minister of Economics and president of the Reichsbank, Walter Funk, in a speech delivered at Braunschweig on Monday. The object of this change, he added, was to assure that the bank would serve the interests of the German people only and to prevent any capitalistic misuse of the institute.

British Government Policy

Capital Levy Questions; Foreign Investments Half Ban; Attack on Unearned Increment

THERE is no spendthrift, they say, like an ex-miser. It can be ungrudgingly admitted that when the present British Government decides to change its mind, there is a handsomeness about its tergiversation. "When it does it, say, it does it good." The consensus of opinion, undoubtedly, is that recent reversals of Government policy have been much more praiseworthy than the obstinacy which postponed them for so long, says "The Financial News" of May 1.

It may be churlish to criticize the authorities for doing what one has so often urged them to do. It requires much courage publicly to admit that one has not been always right. Only great men are big enough to eat their words. The tale of aphorisms could be indefinitely extended, as a public record of appreciation of the Government's new and bolder policy since the Germans entered Prague. Hitler's speech on Friday was an indirect tribute to the effect of that policy; for there was less of a superiority complex about it than in any of the Fuhrer's oratorical efforts of the last three years.

"More Haste Less Speed"?

Yet there are some who have an uneasy suspicion that the very haste with which the British Government is taking momentous decisions may involve a lack of preparedness and an absence of opportunity to work out, in advance, all their tremendous implications in every branch of the national life. It is extraordinarily difficult to see great things whole unless one sees them steadily. For example, there could never have been a Budget which, like last week's, was robbed of its major relevance within twenty-four hours of its public disclosure by a new announcement of major Government policy. And, in a smaller way, the recent putting of trades and professions on and off the register of reserved occupations has not exactly been the work of a master mind.

The latest official decision on that subject, incidentally, brings out another feature of recent Government decisions—the evidence they carry of inconsistency and illogicality inseparable from hasty extemporisation. Members of the "reserved professions" and ages comprised in last week's list are released for military training—but only in peace-time. If war breaks out they go back to their own occupations. Another domain in which official policy seems hasty and vague is that of special war or near-war taxation. Here the Government seems to have three distinct processes in mind. The first is the taxation of pre-war profits directly attributable to war preparations. The second is the taxation during wartime (and possibly for some limited period afterwards), of excess profits attributable to the war. The third is a levy on increased capital values brought about by war conditions.

Levy on Capital

Now, to any accountant in the first year of his articles, it is clear enough that while the first and second of these are taxes on income, the third is a levy on capital. To Englishmen, with their long tradition in paying taxes, and to the British Treasury, with its long experience in levying them, the whole idea of attracting part of a man's income to the State is entirely familiar. And although the working out of practical details may present formidable difficulties, the objects of special war or near-war taxation of profits are clear and undisputed. They are threefold: (1) to provide additional revenue for the Exchequer at a time when State expenditure is abnormally high; (2) to limit undesirable forms of consumption, so as to increase savings available for Government loans and release men and plants for purposes of national importance; and (3) to satisfy the demands of public opinion that there should be some tax on individual aggrandisement out of a national emergency. The first of these may be called the financial aspect, the second, the economic, and the third, the moral. Now, in the case of what has been loosely called a "levy on war wealth," all three objectives are present, but on close analysis it will probably be found that the third—the moral aspect—is dominant. The "profiteer" is a difficult economic burden to catch, but there is no doubt of his reception once he is put in the public pillory.

Hitherto, the steadfast refusal of the British Treasury to ask Parliament to tax capital has had a good deal to be said for it. The War Wealth Committee of 1920, to whose labours Mr. Chamberlain apparently referred as a possible model last week, seems to have had an uneasy conviction, throughout its labours, that its task was more Harrovian than Etonian. And though it produced what it hoped would be a workable scheme for taxing capital values that had increased during the war, there was no real enthusiasm about its report. The then Chancellor of the Exchequer promptly turned it down; although, only a couple of months before, he had insisted in his Budget, in the face of considerable criticism, in continuing the war-time Excess Profits Duty—a levy on income. It may perhaps be argued that if the capital levy proposals of 1920 had been put forward during the War, instead of a year and a-half after the conclusion of hostilities, they might have had a different fate. But that assumption is questionable, because the cause which brought them to birth was the (as it then seemed) intolerably high level to which the War, as a whole, had raised the National Debt. That motive only acquired its urgency when the War was over, and the task of clearing up the mess had begun.

Unearned Increment

The whole question needs looking at closely. The object of actual attack is our old friend, Unearned Increment—a Protean concept which need not have its origin in war at all. An investor whose £1 share rises to £5 in a market boom, if he sells at the top, pays no tax on his gain. Time and again the Treasury has been firm on that point. If the value of pasturage sour enough to turn cows' milk is raised to a couple of thousand an acre by an arterial road, the State gets none of the increment. Lord Snowden was allowed to play with the idea, but when he ceased to be Chancellor it quietly died. The moral case, however, in all these questions appears to be identical with that of a levy on war values. The fortunate possessor of a capital asset finds that its value has increased through no merit of his own, and there is certainly a suggestion that his gain is in some respect at the expense of the community as a whole. But is the question one of ethics or of expediency?

The experiment of 1920, abortive as it was, carries another lesson. The Select Committee's report was issued almost at the moment when values were right at their inflationary peak. Within a month or so, a dizzy fall had begun. And within a couple of years, values had been halved. If the Government had made its levy, the plight of those who were compelled to contribute would later have been unenviable. It may be argued that estates which pay capital duties based, say, on Stock Exchange values at the top of a boom, run the same risk. But death is a reaper whose harvest has the merit of continuity, whereas a Government levy is unique and discontinuous. And it is almost certain (in spite of Mr. Keynes) that the same cause which is held to justify the levy—namely, war—will produce an inflation which, in the nature of things, cannot persist indefinitely once its cause is removed.

This is neither the time nor place to attempt to arrive at a final conclusion on the advisability of any levy of the type the Government appears to have in mind. The object of the present discussion is merely to drive home the moral that some of the measures now decided upon, or in contemplation, demand the closest possible analysis before being applied. They should neither be enacted in haste, nor justified on emotional grounds only. Since they will have widespread economic consequences, they ought to be able to survive the strictest economic tests. Moral values are difficult enough to determine at any time—and in war, or near-war, doubly so.

Wanted—A Lead

The Government, again, needs to be constantly on its guard lest its appeals to the popular conscience are only an indication that it has not been able to make up its own mind. The real argument against the voluntary system of recruitment for national service was that it put too heavy a burden on the individual conscience. In a different field, the same objection applies to Sir John Simon's half-ban on overseas investment by Britain. The Treasury, here, will give no lead to the market—the decision, it contends, is a matter for the conscience of individual investors, who now know what the Chancellor's wishes are. Unfortunately, the really conscientious investor has no one to go to when his own conscience seems undecided what it ought to tell him. The rector, on whom one commonly relies in moral matters, is unfitted to give a really expert opinion on this one. And among those who have the financial cure as much uncertainty exists today as in any other section of the community.

It is pointless to say (as has been suggested) that a purchase of Pennsylvania Railroad is entirely sound and permissible unless the investor wishes to get his money out of the country. As the effect of the transaction anyhow will be that the investor will hold a foreign asset instead of English sterling, the argument means that it is the wish, rather than its effect, which makes the action permissible or reprehensible—which is absurd. Nothing is with the Treasury, but thinking makes it so. The only conceivable construction to put on all this is that the Treasury has not made up its own mind as to what it wants. To put the burden on the individual investor, stockbroker, or financial adviser is not fair. A clearer lead ought to be forthcoming from the authorities without delay.

U.S. Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, May 22.

Cotton prices early declined on lower Liverpool advices and some liquidation of nearby options. Later, an upward move was witnessed on trade buying and covering by shorts, in which early losses were regained. At the final bell, quotations ruled from 3

White Paper Heatedly Opposed In House of Commons

Opposition Propose Amendment; Violations of Promises Alleged; Government Defends Move

London, May 22.

DECLARING that the Government's Palestine proposals were inconsistent with the letter and the spirit of the Mandate, and were not calculated to secure the peaceful and prosperous development of Palestine, Mr. Tom Williams, Opposition Labour member for the Don Valley division of Yorkshire, moved an official Opposition amendment to the Government's White Paper proposals in the House of Commons today.

Parliament, declared Mr. Williams, should not be committed pending the examination of the proposals by the Mandates Commission of the League. He argued that the White Paper "destroyed the very basis of the Balfour Declaration." Clearly, he stated, Lord Balfour visualized the possibility of a Jewish state.

Mr. Williams quoted Mr. Wilston Churchill, Lord Milner and President Wilson in support of this view. He declared that the Government's scheme turned back the wheels of history, had no moral foundation, was wholly inconsistent with the terms of the Mandate, and sacrificed moderate Jews and Arabs to administrative expediency.

He asked the House not to accept Mr. Malcolm MacDonald's reading of Parliament's obligations, which, if accepted, would once more forfeit the confidence, not only of Great Britain, but also of all parts of the Empire and of the United States.

Arab Case Supported

Mr. Anthony Crossley, Conservative member for the Stretford division of Lancashire, sponsoring the Arab case, said that the compromise now presented did at least show some regard for truth and honesty towards the Arabs, who sought only legitimate self-government in their own land.

Mr. James Rothschild, Labour member for the Isle of Ely, urged Mr. MacDonald to ask the League's permission to make Palestine a British colony. He declared that permanent British rule was not only a satisfactory safeguard, but it could also ensure a régime in which neither Jew nor Arab need fear the domination of the other.

Colonel Josiah Wedgwood, Labour member for Newcastle-on-Tyne, described the White Paper as a "surrender to force." He urged the Jews to resist.

Mr. Leopold Amery, Conservative member for the Sparkbrook division of Birmingham, described the White Paper as a confession of failure, a direct negation of the principles on which British administration in Palestine had been based, and a repudiation of the pledges on the strength of which the government of Palestine had been entrusted to Great Britain.

The Government, he declared, was trying to appease the Arabs by breaking faith with the Jews.

The Government should try the expedient of governing Palestine, restoring order, and admitting any number of Jews they considered proper. He asked the House not to consent to the Government's proposals until they had been examined by the Mandates Commission of the League. Mr. Amery intimated that he would support the Opposition amendment.

Jewish Enclave Suggested

Sir Stafford Cripps, Labour member for East Bristol, suggested that a limited part of Palestine should temporarily be set aside as a Jewish enclave, where Jewish self-government would be allowed to develop, while Arab self-government could be developed in the rest of the country.

If, during the period of partition, an intense development of Arab economic life was carried on, at the end of ten years the standards of the two races would be much closer, and there might be an opportunity of them working together.

Mr. Philip Noel-Baker, Labour member for Derby, described the Government's proposals as a "surrender to terrorism." He alleged that the disturbances in Palestine were financed and aided by Italy and Germany, and contended that, but for outside propaganda, the Jews and the Arabs would live in harmony.

Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, stated in reply that the Government maintained that, by bringing both sides in Palestine up against stark realities, and showing them that certain of their claims were unrealisable, they would bring nearer the date of co-operation and understanding.

The facts were that immigration could not continue indefinitely at the present rate without worse trouble, and that Palestine could not be exclusively either a Jewish or an Arab State.

Mr. Butler paid tribute to the "statesmanlike attitude" of the Arab states at the London conference, and said he felt sure that these qualities would assist the Government in the difficulties that lay ahead.

Mr. MacDonald's Statement

Earlier in the debate on Palestine, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Secretary of State for the Colonies, made a lengthy statement on the Palestine situation. Referring to the promise made by the British Government to the Jewish people, Mr. MacDonald said that Lord Balfour had promised in 1917 that the "Government will use their utmost endeavours to see established a national home for the Jewish people in Palestine."

It had sometimes been suggested that this promise meant definitely that Palestine should become a Jewish state. Certainly the possibility of a Jewish state was not excluded. It was far from excluded, because Mr. David Lloyd George, who was Prime Minister in 1917, had assured them of that.

Nevertheless, Mr. MacDonald went on, the authors of the Balfour Declaration intimated, but did not acually say, that a "Jewish state" would be established. They used a more indefinite expression. They recognized that Jewish settlement in Palestine on a grand scale was an experiment, the extent of which must depend upon certain incalculable factors.

So, deliberately, they chose the phrase a "national home," which could mean a Jewish state in Palestine, but which also might mean something very much less. At the time when the Balfour Declaration was made, it was said that its purpose was to give a people who had no country a country that had no people.

Mr. MacDonald said he wished the phrase had been as true as it was picturesque. He wished that Palestine was an empty land, so that its boundaries were only limits set to the remarkable creative work of a devoted people, who were building a national home. But Palestine was not empty.

Promises to Arabs

In 1918, it had a population of 600,000 Arabs, whose ancestors had been in undisturbed occupation of the land for countless generations. Specifying the Government's promises to the Arabs, Mr. MacDonald said that he was not referring to the MacMahon correspondence, but to a later promise.

When the Balfour Declaration was issued, the Government had sent a messenger to Jeddah to explain to the Sheriff of Hussein that the British Government looked with favour on the return of the Jews to Palestine, that the Government was determined that no obstacle should be placed in the way of this return, but that this would only be allowed as far as it was compatible with the political position of the existing population.

The Sheriff was informed that the British Government was determined that no people in Palestine should be subject to another.

This was the same Government of which Lord Balfour was still Foreign Secretary, and therefore there could have been no misunderstanding.

"Surely," Mr. MacDonald declared, "these assurances meant that the Jewish national home in Palestine did not mean a Jewish state against the wishes of the Arab population."

Mr. MacDonald claimed that the Government was acting absolutely consistently with pledges made to the Jews and to the Arabs. Referring to immigration, regarding which, he said, the Government also had been charged with a breach of its promises, the Colonial Secretary said it was true that the Government had said in 1922 that immigration should not exceed the economic absorptive capacity of the country.

Qualification

But, he pointed out, the Government could not accept these declarations as meaning that they were bound for all time and in all circumstances to maintain that strict principle, without qualification.

Under that principle, the Jewish population grew from 80,000 in 1922 to 450,000 today.

Mr. MacDonald said that it would be contrary to the Mandate if Britain did not begin to work now towards a self-governing institution in Palestine. When it came to constitution framing, the work would rival that of the framers of the Indian Constitution. Because it was difficult, however, they must not abandon it.

The whole spirit of these arrangements was that the interests of the minority and of the majority in Palestine should be adequately secured, and that they should be satisfied that they were adequately secured before completely surrendering mandatory control over the country.

Britain would need to be satisfied that, in her treaty with Palestine, there was provision for maintaining military and air forces sufficient to secure Britain's interests, the use of military facilities, such as ports and aerodromes, and mutual assistance in case of trouble.

The Government, Mr. MacDonald declared, wished that it was possible to present its policy under different circumstances.

When the House last debated the Palestine question, Mr. MacDonald went on, it was hoped that, despite better years of strife, there was still a possibility of some understanding between Arabs and Jews regarding the future. These hopes, however, had been dashed, so that the Government had come out with its own policy. This presented the most grave head-and heart-searching problem.

Conflict of Rights

It was the Royal Commission which visited Palestine in 1937 which said that the conflict that had arisen there between the Jews and the Arabs was not a conflict between right and wrong, but a conflict between right and right. That, Mr. MacDonald stated, was true.

To come to a judgment between the claims of two parties in those circumstances, and to find a firm line of justice between them, was indeed as difficult a task as the House had ever had to perform. The situation in Palestine was born in the tumult of war, when the great nations of the earth were engaged in a deadly struggle, and were searching around for friends and allies. There were two peoples interested from the point of view of a settlement in Palestine—the Arabs and the Jews.

Largely on the strength of a promise made to them by His Majesty's Government, each had played a certain part in the Great War. Each took certain risks for the Allied cause. This question, then, was a matter of honour. The good name of Great Britain was involved.

The obligations contracted towards the Jews and the Arabs during the War were debts of honour, which could not be paid in counterfeit coinage.

In some quarters during the last few days, the Government had been charged with breaking its promises. The Government confidently repudiated that charge.

Force Not Justified

Mr. MacDonald dealt with the Jewish claims, and then turned to the Arab case. "No doubt," he declared, "physically we could force on the Arabs in Palestine any kind of Jewish home. But we could not do that with any moral justification. We must keep our promises to the Jews, but we must also keep faith with the Arab world."

There were some people who urged in effect that they should ignore the feelings of the Arabs in Palestine. They said that, over a vast part of Arabia, the Arab peoples were free largely as a result of the help given to them by Britain in war and in peace; and that their peninsular was filled with kingdoms and principalities which today acknowledge no foreign master.

"'Surely', these critics say, 'when we have got all that, we can override the wishes of the Arab population in that tiny fragment of land between the Jordan and the Mediterranean."

The Colonial Secretary repudiated such a policy.

"When the Balfour Declaration was published at the end of 1917," Mr. MacDonald went on, "it was a shock to the Arab world."

"Our advisers in the Near East were apprehensive that this might even make the great Arab revolt hesitate in its magnificent stride across the desert.

"They feared lest its effect might be to dampen the enthusiasm of that valuable ally."

Benefits from Jews

Mr. MacDonald contended that there was no denying that Jewish immigration and Jewish development were bringing to Palestine great material benefits, in which the Arabs shared, but he recalled other considerations of increasing seriousness which had compelled its reconsideration.

The Arabs were not free to recognize or appreciate the material benefits of Jewish immigration, and at the same time they were haunted by the fear that, as a result of indefinitely continued Jewish immigration they would be dominated both numerically, economically and politically in the land of their birth.

That fear had gripped the Arabs, and had resulted in three years in a revolt which had caused a severe setback to the economic progress of Palestine.—Reuter.

Hua Shing Notes in Circulation

Hua Hsing banknotes were accepted by some foreign banks, the spokesman at yesterday's press conference asserted, but he did not know which. He referred a correspondent to the American banks when he inquired if they accepted them. He also definitely refuted the suggestion that they were handled at a discount, pointing out that the head office sold foreign currencies in exchange for them and that the Japanese banks would exchange National currency for them. So far no arrangement had been made with the Customs to accept them.

President Supports New Deal

U. S. National Recovery Sought; Republicans May Ask Cut in Expenditure

Washington, May 23.

President Roosevelt told the forum of the American Retail Federation last night that his Administration would not abandon any of its social and economic reforms and defended the New Deal's huge spending programme.

The president said widespread efforts were being made to aid the "submerged classes" and that these efforts would continue unabated.

Mr. Roosevelt assailed critics of the national debt and accused Republican leaders of "merchandizing horror" by holding a "National Debt Week" this week.

Dole Opposed

The President reaffirmed his opposition to substitution of the dole for work-relief and demanded that the present proportion of taxes payments by consumers and big and little business be maintained.

Striking an optimistic note, the President said the nation was in an excellent position to move forward into a period of greater production and greater employment. He invited all business leaders to co-operate with the Government in improving the outlook for business.

The Secretary of Commerce, Mr. Harry Hopkins, told the Federation that there must be no compromise with the underlying principles of the New Deal's social and economic reforms.

He added, however, that the Administration "recognizes the necessity for fair business profits as an essential basis for increasing employment and private investment."

Mr. Hopkins said that within those limitations, the New Deal was willing to do its utmost to aid business and work toward a national income of $80,000,000,000.

Responsibilities Dodged

Mr. Joseph W. Martin, Jr., Republican Representative of Massachusetts, alleged last night that the Administration, by seeking early adjournment of Congress, was dodging grave responsibilities for the national welfare.

Addressing the National Retail Federation, Mr. Martin said Republican leaders were willing to subordinate partisan issues and enact a twelve point programme for business recovery. His programme includes immediate reduction of Government spending, revision of the tax system and amendment of the Wagner Labour Act.

Mr. Martin has become leader of the Republican members of the House of Representatives and has been mentioned frequently as a possible Republican Presidential candidate in 1940 or 1944.—United Press.

U.S., Britain Making Barter Pact

Commodities Exchanged For War Reserves

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, May 23.

Negotiations are proceeding between Great Britain and the United States regarding a huge barter transaction.

Authoritative quarters in London state that they have no knowledge of a tentative agreement having been reached, as reported from New York, for the barter of approximately 1,000,000 bales of cotton for about $50,000,000, worth of crude rubber.

Both countries, according to the New York report, would hold the commodities as war reserves, and the barter plan would involve an increase in rubber production and, thus, obviate the risk of disrupting the open market by large-scale direct purchases.—Reuter.

Police Closing in on Escaped Convicts

Boise, Idaho, May 22.

Possemen reported today they were closing in on four escaped convicts from the Idaho State Penitentiary who are believed trapped somewhere between the south and middle forks of the Payette River. The four convicts escaped on Saturday by sawing through bars of their cells and climbing over the prison walls.—United Press.

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VIA BALI AND JAVA or VIA SINGAPORE

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	Tonnage	Leave Batavia 1939	Leave Singapore 1939	Arrive Genoa/Marseilles 1939
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	June 7	June 9	June 28
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	June 14	June 16	July 5
ms. Baloeran	17,000	June 21	June 23	July 12
ss. Jan Pieterszoon Coen	11,140	June 28	June 30	July 22
ms. Christiaan Huygens	15,700	July 5	July 7	July 26
ms. Sibajak	12,000	July 12	July 14	Aug. 2
ss. Slamat	11,600	July 19	July 21	Aug. 9
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	July 26	July 28	Aug. 16
ms. Dempo	17,000	Aug. 2	Aug. 4	Aug. 23
ss. Johan de Witt	20,400	Aug. 16	Aug. 18	Sept. 7
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Aug. 23	Aug. 25	Sept. 13
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Sept. 6	Sept. 8	Sept. 26
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 15	Oct. 3
ms. Christiaan Huygens	15,700	Sept. 27	Sept. 29	Oct. 17
ms. Sibajak	12,000	Oct. 4	Oct. 6	Oct. 24

SINGAPORE—GENOA/MARSEILLES ... 18 DAYS

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Post Office Notices

Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is requested in order to make connection with the below-mentioned closing times.
(Last connecting time from Sub-Offices to Head Office is 19.35 on week days and 19.05 on Sunday).

Date and Destination	Per		Reg.	Ord.
WEDNESDAY, May 24.				
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Kaiping		*20.00	8.00
Chinwangtao	Kaiping		7.30	8.00
Swatow	Sinkiang		11.00	11.30
Kwangtung	Sinkiang		11.00	11.30
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	Hunan		11.30	12.00
Kiangpei Offices via Lindienkong	Tejo		16.30	17.00
Aust. N.Z. and Manila	P. Coolidge		19.00	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	P. Coolidge		19.30	20.00
Wenchow	Hanna		19.30	20.00
Swatow and Hongkong	Chaksang		19.30	20.00
Kwangtung	Chaksang		19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, May 25.				
Tsingtao and Dairen	Tsingtao M.		*20.00	7.15
Aust. N.Z. Manila S.S. Ceylon India Suez Europe	Victoria	A	*20.00	8.30
Hongkong and Canton	Victoria		8.00	8.30
Ningpo	Meinan	X	9.30	10.00
Tsingtao Chefoo Tientsin	Dahpu		12.00	12.30
Tsingtao	Sungshan M.		15.30	14.00
FRIDAY, May 26.				
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	Nagasaki M.		*20.00	7.15
Japan Honolulu U.S.A. and Europe via Pacific	Kamakura M.		18.00	20.00
Indo-China (Z) via H'phong	Kiangsu	B	—	—
Swatow H'kong Haiphong	Kiangsu		19.30	20.00
Kwangtung	Kiangsu		19.30	20.00
Wenchow	Chungking		19.30	20.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for S.S., F.M.S., Ceylon, India, Egypt, E-Soudan, Italy and other countries, closes at 16.00 24th.
B Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 26th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service (Hongkong-Bangkok-London and Hongkong-Bangkok-Singapore-Australia) per ss. President Coolidge, on May 24, at 7 p.m. for registered and at 8 p.m. for ordinary, and due Marseilles on June 4, and London on June 5.

Pan American Airways Service (Hongkong-San Francisco) per ss. Aeneas, on May 27, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary, and due San Francisco on June 7.

Air France (Hongkong-Marseilles) per ss. Empress of Canada, on May 30, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary, and due Marsellies on June 9, and London on June 10.

Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Bandoeng-Amsterdam) per available steamer to Hongkong for transmission via Hanoi.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per available steamer to Hongkong for transmission via Hanoi.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service :—Air mails close daily at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary.

Train Mail

Light mails for or via N.S.R. close daily at 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Light mails for Kiangpei Offices west and north of Jukao close daily at 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Light mails for or via S.H.N.R. close daily at 11.30 a.m.; for Hangchow local daily at 11.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Light mails for or via T.P.R. north Pinghan and Lunghai (east of Chenghsien) close daily at 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Light mails for or via Wuhu, Hwaining, Hankow, Wuchang and Hanyang close daily at 9.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Light mails for or via River Ports beyond Nanchang per available steamer via Yungkia.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Via Siberia by steamer to Tientsin or Chinwangtao for transmission.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows :—

ss. Victoria, via Suez, May 25, due London June 20.
ss. Kamakura, via Pacific, May 26, due London June 28.
ss. Scharnhorst, via Suez, May 30, due London June 25.

Weather, Time and Tide

Wednesday, May 24, 1939 (6th day of 4th moon) — SICCAWEI

	May 22 16.00	May 22 21.00	May 23 4.00	May 23 9.00
Barometer inches	29.71	29.74	29.74	29.77
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.03	—0.05	—0.01	—0.03
at 32 F. (,, ,, 12 hrs.)	—0.07	—0.06	+0.03	+0.03
Wind (direction)	E	ENE	E	E
,, (miles per hour)	13.7	12.4	6.8	6.8
Temperature (Fahr.)	78.8°	67.8°	63.0°	66.7°
Humidity %	73	97	100	99
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	2	9	10	10
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	0.11

Siccawei Abridged Report May 22	Mean 1939	24 hrs. variation	66 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.76	—0.02	29.83
Temp. Min. 61.°9 Max. 84.°7	73.°3	+2.°2	67.°6
Total rainfall January to 1 midnight before last (inches)	12.47	—	13.94

Time and Tide	24/5	25/5	26/5	27/5	28/5
Sun rises at Shanghai	4.54	4.53	4.53	4.53	4.52
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.48	18.49	18.49	18.50	18.51
Moon rises at Shanghai	22.44	23.25	—	0.02	0.37
Moon sets at Shanghai	8.44	9.37	10.30	11.23	12.16
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	13.59	15.02	16.27	17.50	0.00
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	18.22	7.16	8.20	9.32	10.41
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	15.38	16.39	18.13	6.16	7.55
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	10.16	9.88	9.60	9.20	8.57

Vessels Discharging

NANKING. The Swedish East Asiatic Co.'s m.s. Nanking, Captain O. Abenius, is now discharging all her cargo at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Hunt's Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to be exchanged for delivery orders and take immediate delivery of their goods. All claims against this vessel must be sent in within ten days after completion of vessel's discharge, or they will not be recognized. All risk of Fire at the Wharf and Godowns is to be borne by the Consignees of the cargo. Examination of damaged cargo will take place at the Wharf by Messrs. Angus & Company on May 27, at 9.30 a.m. Agents: The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd., Hamilton House, Foochow Road Entrance. Tel. 11330. 24-5

KING EDGAR. The P. A. O. S. N. Co.'s chartered s.s. King Edgar, from Bombay and Ports.—This steamer is discharging Cargo at the Pootung Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Pootung Wharf on Wednesday, May 31, at 9 a.m., by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 25-5

DARDANUS. From New York arrived on May 22, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Free storage period expires on June 1, 1939. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Monday, May 29, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 26-5

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From LIVERPOOL: Achilles, due 5.30 p.m. Holt's Wharf.

From LOS ANGELES: President Coolidge, with mail, due 5 a.m. Buoys 11-12. Passengers expected at Customs Jetty 9 a.m.

From TIENTSIN: Shuntien, due p.m. French Bund.

From HONGKONG: Taisang, due 7 p.m. Roosevelt Terminal.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From GDYNIA

Antilochus	4/4	31/5
Teucer	2/5	26/6

From COPENHAGEN

Danmark	1/3	27/5
Africa	1/4	10/6
Panama	1/5	4/7

From OSLO

Trianon	17/3	1/6
Triton	13/4	15/6
Peiping	27/4	17/6
Tarn	20/5	10/7

From HAMBURG

Oder	13/5	27/6

From BREMEN

Sauerland	4/4	27/5
Preussen	18/4	9/6
Leverkusen	2/5	21/6
Rheinland	16/5	3/7

From ANTWERP

Glenfinlas	1/4	28/5
Neckar	20/4	4/6
Coburg	4/5	4/6
Zuiderkerk	17/4	10/6
Glengarry	15/4	11/6
Glenearn	29/4	24/6
Oder	17/5	27/6
Rheinland	23/5	3/7
Glenogle	13/5	9/7
Tarn	24/5	10/7
Grootekerk	22/5	15/7

From GLASGOW

Sarpedon	8/4	25/5
Deucalion	22/4	8/6
Patroclus	6/5	22/6
Memnon	20/5	6/7

From LIVERPOOL

Lycaon	22/4	8/6
Deucalion	29/4	8/6
Patroclus	13/5	22/6
Eumaeus	20/5	5/7

From LONDON

Katori M.	14/4	25/5
Ranpura	21/4	28/5
Behar	15/4	29/5
Yasukuni M.	28/4	2/6
Rawalpindi	5/5	11/6
Soudan	29/4	11/6
Calchas	6/5	16/6
Kasima M.	12/5	20/6
Patroclus	19/5	22/6
Glenearn	13/5	24/6
Chitral	19/5	25/6

From MARSEILLES

Aramis	28/4	26/5
Athos II	12/5	9/6

From GENOA

Panama	24/5	4/7

From TRIESTE

C. Verde	10/5	4/6
Volpi	30/4	20/6

From PORT SAID

Coburg	13/5	5/6
Athos II	16/5	9/6
Triton	13/5	15/6
Peiping	16/5	17/6
Leverkusen	24/5	21/6

From SUEZ

Preussen	12/5	9/6
Glengarry	11/5	11/6
Kasima M.	24/5	20/6
Teucer	23/5	26/6

From DJIBOUTI

Athos II	20/5	9/6

From ADEN

Rawalpindi	21/5	11/6

From BOMBAY

C. Verde	22/5	4/6
Soudan	22/5	11/6

From KARACHI

Eihuku M.	3/5	1/6
Monteplana	4/5	4/6

From COLOMBO

Yasukuni M.	23/5	2/6
Zuiderkerk	21/5	10/6

From SINGAPORE

Ruys	20/5	27/5
Behar	20/5	29/5
Trianon	4/5	1/6
Neckar	19/5	4/6
Africa	22/5	10/6

From SOERABAIA

Tjisaroea	15/5	2/6
Tjinegara	19/5	3/6

From BATAVIA

Tjisaroea	19/5	2/6

From MANILA

Sauerland	21/5	27/5
Lossiebank	21/5	28/5
Ch. Prince	23/5	29/5
Niel Maersk	24/5	30/5

From HONGKONG

See "China Ports" below.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK

S. Scientist	3/4	26/5
Lossiebank	6/4	28/5
Chi. Prince	11/4	29/5
Silveryew	24/4	9/6
G. Maersk	25/4	10/6
C. of Derby	18/4	13/6
Grete Maersk	10/5	24/6
Siesvig	28/5	26/6
Eskbank	6/5	4/7
Silverwalnut	25/5	7/7

From PANAMA

Grete Maersk	21/5	24/6

From LOS ANGELES

Asama M.	12/5	7/6
G. Maersk	17/5	12/6

From VANCOUVER

Tyndareus	4/5	29/5
Emp. Canada	13/5	30/5

From HONOLULU

S. Scientist	7/5	26/5
Emp. Canada	18/5	30/5
Asama M.	20/5	7/6

From HONGKONG

See "China Ports" below.

From YOKOHAMA

Aeneas	19/5	25/5
Nordmark	20/5	25/5
Hakusan M.	21/5	29/5
Tyndareus	22/5	29/5
Serooskerk	24/5	7/6

From KOBE

Aeneas	23/5	25/5
Nordmark	23/5	25/5

From NAGASAKI

Nagasaki M.	24/5	25/5

From KEELUNG (Formosa)

Hakuken M.	23/5	25/5

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN

Ruys	19/4	27/5
Boissevain	17/5	24/6

From DURBAN

Boissevain	23/5	24/6

From MELBOURNE

Nankin	3/5	8/6

From BRISBANE

Nankin	15/5	8/6

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN

Dairen M.	24/5	25/5
Tjisalak	28/5	30/5

From TIENTSIN

Pronto	19/5	25/5
Yusang	20/5	25/5
Yatshing	23/5	28/5
Tingsang	25/5	29/5
Wosang	25/5	29/5

From HONGKONG

Katori M.	20/5	25/5
Sarpedon	21/5	25/5
Newchang	19/5	26/5
Kiangsu	21/5	26/5
Aramis	24/5	26/5
Kamakura M.	24/5	26/5
Szechuen	21/5	27/5
Danmark	5/5	27/5
Sauerland	19/5	27/5
Lossiebank	20/5	28/5
Fooshing	24/5	28/5
Glenfinals	24/5	28/5
Shantung	25/5	28/5
Ranpura	24/5	28/5
Antilochus	24/5	29/5
Taiseunhong	27/5	30/5

Passenger Lists

DEPARTURES

Per Holhow, May 23, for **Tsingtao:** Dr. & Mrs. H. Alexander, for **Chefoo:** Mrs. J. Tocher, Mrs. M. Danilevitch, for **Tientsin:** Mr. G. Hoth, Mr. W. Tauch, Mr. H. Zelenka.

Per President Doumer, May 23, for **Hongkong:** Mr. H. G. Heyser, Mr. T. Yoshida, Mr. P. Lissner, Mr. R. E. Shyetz, Mrs. de Borodaewsky, Mr. L. Sachter, Mr. & Mrs. A. E. Xavier, Mr. M. Cherbakoff, Mr. & Mrs. Ivashkevich, Mrs. V. Holseyev, Rev. Father Lonsterlie, Rev. Father F. Ditmanson, Rev. Father J. L. Benson, for **Marseilles:** Major & Mrs. J. Colombani, Capt. C. R. Peel, Mr. J. Lorenzi, Mrs. H. McBain, Miss A. M. Caffarena, Rev. Father J. M. Tremorin, Mr. J. Dolivet, Mr. P. Amettler, Mrs. S. Lapus, Miss T. Hukai, Mr. & Mrs. R. Bbossuet, Mrs. E. A. Berthet, Mrs. Plassard and child, Mr. A. Riondet, Mr. J. Nicolem, Mr. R. Vigny, Mr. J. Joerg, Mr. W. Beckman, Mr. R. Stemmer, Mr. L. Kervella, Mr. J. Roudant, Mr. Traulle, Mr. Y. Hamon, Mr. A. Detrez, Mr. H. Gamelon, Mr. A. Jost, Mr. J. Barrat, Mr. R. Conan, Mr. G. G. Rodriguez.

Per Tsinan, May 24, for **Hongkong:** Mr. Lam Ping, Dr. Max. Klein.

Vessels Discharging

PETER MAERSK. The Maersk Line m.s. Peter Maersk, from New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, Norfolk, Savannah, Los Angeles, Yokohama and Kobe via Ports is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within (15) fifteen days after the vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo to be examined at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes Davy on Friday morning, May 26, at 9 a.m. Maersk Line Agents: Melchers & Co., 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 25-5

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

HUNAN May 24. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Wednesday, May 24, at 2 p.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 24-5

DAHPU May 25. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Buoys on Thursday, May 25, at 3 p.m. Tender from Customs Jetty 2 p.m. Thursday. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 25-5

SHUNTIEN May 27. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Saturday, May 27, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 27-5

TAISANG May 27. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, May 27, at 9 a.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 27-5

FOOSHING May 30. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Tuesday, May 30. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 30-5

SOUTH CHINA COAST

SINKIANG May 24. SWATOW.—From French Bund on Wednesday, May 24, at 2 p.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 24-5

CHAKSANG May 25. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Thursday, May 25, at 7

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-San Francisco Line
via Honolulu
KAMAKURA MARU .. May 27
ASAMA MARU ..... June 14

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HIKAWA MARU .... May 27

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
NOSIRO MARU ..... May 30

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Hongkong
KAMO MARU ..... May 27

European Mail Line
London, Hamburg and Marseilles via Hongkong, Straits, Ceylon and Aden
HAKUSAN MARU ... May 30
HARUNA MARU .... June 13

Nagasaki Express Service
*NAGASAKI MARU .. May 26
SHANGHAI MARU .. May 28
NAGASAKI MARU .. May 31
SHANGHAI MARU .. June 2
NAGASAKI MARU .. June 5
SHANGHAI MARU .. June 7
NAGASAKI MARU .. June 10
*O. S. K. Wharf.

Shanghai-Yokohama Service
KATORI MARU ..... May 26
YASUKUNI MARU .. June 3

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C AGAMEMNON June 10 M'lles, Casablanca, London, R'dam, H'burg and Glasgow
C LAOMEDON June 2 Liverpool, Bromborough and Glasgow.
A SARPEDON June 24 M'lles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow
C DEUCALION July 8 M'lles, Casablanca, London, R'dam, H'burg and Glasgow
A PATROCLUS July 22 M'lles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow

A monthly service is also maintained from Hongkong and Japan to Pacific Coast

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For Keelung and Takao
TYOSA MARU ..... June 4
TYOSA MARU ..... June 19
For Keelung and Amoy
HUKUKEN MARU .... May 29
HUKUKEN MARU .... June 11

Hongkong Sailings
For South America via S. Africa
LA PLATA MARU ..... May 24
BUENOS AIRES MARU June 22
For South America via E. & S. Africa
MANILA MARU ..... June 2
AFRICA MARU ..... July 7
For Bombay
MELBOURNE MARU .. June 17
*MANSEI MARU ..... July 5

Keelung & Nagasaki Sailings
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
BANGKOK MARU ..... June 3
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
*TAKAO MARU ..... May 24
GANGES MARU ..... June 4

Kobe Sailings
For New York via Panama Canal
*TOSAN MARU ..... June 13
For European Ports via New York
*KINAI MARU ..... June 24
For Australia and New Zealand
SYDNEY MARU ..... May 30
TOKYO MARU ..... June 29
For West Africa
*SYUNKO MARU ..... July 12

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ms. **LAURA MAERSK**
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ms. **PETER MAERSK**
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	arr. Shanghai
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ms. GRETE MAERSK	June 24
ms. SLESVIG	June 26

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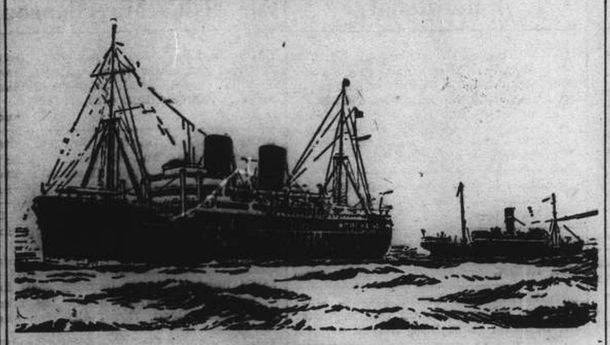
TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



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		From Shanghai	Tonnage
June	6	RANCHI	17,000
	13	‡*BHUTAN	6,100
	20	RANPURA	17,000
	27	‡*BEHAR	6,100
July	4	RAWALPINDI	17,000
	11	*SOUDAN	6,700
	18	CHITRAL	15,000

		From Shanghai	Tonnage
Aug.	1	CORFU	15,000
	15	CANTON	16,000
	29	CARTHAGE	15,000

*Cargo only; calling at Casablanca, Havre, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp.
‡Calls at Port Sudan

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

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SIRDHANA		June 3
SHIRALA		June 17

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Steamers	Commanders	Lv. Shanghai via Japan	Leaves Hongkong	Arrives Sydney
TANDA	M. B. Skinner		June 3	June 22
NANKIN	E. T. Pilcher	June 9	June 30	July 19
NELLORE	H. C. Stratford	July 11	Aug. 4	Aug. 23

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SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave	Arrive Kobe	STEAMERS	Leave Kobe	SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave for Marseilles
May 26	May 29	May 31	Aramis	June 3	June 5	June 6
June 9	June 12	June 14	Athos II	June 17	June 19	June 20
June 27	June 30	July 2	Chenonceaux	July 4	July 6	July 7
July 7	July 10	July 12	Felix Roussel	July 15	July 17	July 18
July 21	July 24	July 26	MAREC. JOFFRE	July 29	July 31	Aug. 1

FREIGHT SERVICE
ss. SIKIANG .... will arrive at Shanghai about June 10 and will sail for Kobe on the same day

---

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mv. DUISBURG June 14 1939. Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg.
mv. SAUERLAND July 2 1939. Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg.

Outward vessels latest movements:

		Due Shanghai	
mv. SAUERLAND	Left Manila	May 21	May 27
ss. PREUSSEN	Passed Suez	May 12	June 9
mv. LEVERKUSEN	Left Rotterdam	May 11	June 21

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D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival.	Departure.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	May 23	May 25 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	May 25	May 27 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	May 28	May 30 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	May 31	June 2 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	June 2	June 4 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	June 5	June 7 at 9 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN LINE
(Freight only)

ss. HAKKA MARU ..... May 26
ss. KOGA MARU ..... June 2

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NAPLES AND GENOA
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Hand packages only will be accepted by tender.
Heavy luggage must be sent to Messrs. Marden & Co., Ltd., Race Course Market Godown, Corner of Myburgh and Burkill Roads, where it will be accepted during office hours, from May 23 to May 24 at noon the latest.
No nailed cases will be accepted unless escorted by a Customs Permit, obtainable through Messrs. Marden against payment of a small fee.

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Telephone 16885 26 The Bund Telegr. LLOYDIANO

East Asiatic Co. Ld.

of Copenhagen
Outwards from European Continental Ports

	Due	Sails	For
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ms. AFRIKA	June 10	June 11	Japan Ports

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ms. ASIA .. .. loading about June 6

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Outwards
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ms. Trianon	left	Hamburg	Mar. 29, due Shanghai June 1
ms. Triton	left	Hamburg	Apr. 30, due Shanghai June 15
ms. Tarn	leaves	Hamburg	May 29, due Shanghai July 10

Homewards
For Casablanca, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Oslo via Hongkong Singapore and Port Said

ms. Tamerlane	loads Shanghai	June 29
ms. Triton	loads Shanghai	July 18
ms. Tarn	loads Shanghai	Aug. 18

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The News of the Week

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THE NORTH-CHINA HERALD
17 THE BUND, Shanghai TELEPHONE 11055

Danger of Infectious Disease In Overcrowded City

Arrival of Jewish Refugees Limits Hospital Accommodation, States April Health Report

COMMUNICABLE diseases during April, apart from an increase in the notifications of measles and diphtheria, showed little change as compared with the previous month states the Commissioner of Public Health in his report for April. Smallpox had practically disappeared, although on "All Flowers' Day," when weather conditions happened to be far from favourable, the satisfactory total of 17,823 vaccinations were obtained. This, the Commissioner states, although by no means a record figure, should be considered most satisfactory in the prevailing circumstances.

The Smallpox vaccination campaign ended during the month and the figure of 1,116,190 doses sold or administered free was considered very good for a town of this size and with the available facilities, the report adds. Over 600,000 of these cases were dealt with by the department. It was clear that with the immunity carried over from last year well over two-thirds of the population was protected under present circumstances. It was quite likely, however, that this would have little effect on the possible further outbreak of smallpox next year as non-immunes were constantly flocking into the town and scattering over a wide area rendering the task of reaching them difficult.

The recent arrival of Jewish immigrants in large numbers had raised among others the question of hospital accommodation. Should infectious disease break out among the foreign population, it could only be met by isolation facilities in adequate proportion to the foreign population living in the town, regardless of whether such residence was permanent or of indefinite duration.

86 foreign births were recorded, including 75 residents of the International Settlement (37 males and 38 females) and the rate was 22.64 per mille. Of the 75 resident births, 59 were Japanese. Opportunity was taken on "All Flowers' Day" to check up births amongst Chinese which had not previously been notified. A total of 2,125 Chinese births were recorded (an increase of 820 over last month) of which 2,014 were residents (991 males and 1,023 females).

Foreign Deaths

There were 60 deaths amongst the resident foreign community (an increase of 13 over last month) of which 38 were non-Chinese Asiatics (36 Japanese, one Indian and one Filipino). The death rate was 18.11 per mille, and the death rate for communicable diseases was 3.62 per mille. Major causes of death were pneumonia, tuberculosis and other diseases of the respiratory system. Chinese deaths recorded were 2,319 (including 1,496 exposed corpses) as against 2,806 in March and 3,557 in February. 284 deaths were due to communicable diseases. The major causes of death were tuberculosis, pneumonia and bronchitis.

There was very little change in notifications of communicable diseases when compared with March. A few sporadic cases of smallpox occurred, and by the end of the month the disease had practically disappeared. Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis remained steady and, although it rose towards the middle of the month, it never attained epidemic proportions. Measles and scarlet fever increased slightly over March, notably amongst the foreign population. Tuberculosis also increase, a total of 241 cases being notified as against 161 in March.

Hospital Division

At the Anti-Rabic Institute 46 persons, including 40 from the Settlement, five from Outports and one from the French Concession called for advice, cauterisation and/or treatment, and in 44 cases treatment was advised. Nine received a full course and 31 a precautionary course, and four failed to complete the treatment advised. 133,983 ccs. of cholera vaccine, 1,510 ccs. of typhoid—paratyphoid vaccine and 110,475 doses of smallpox vaccine were distributed. A total of 231 new cases of disease were notified as a result of laboratory examinations.

The major disease amongst the foreign population requiring hospitalisation during April was diphtheria, 11 cases being admitted. Scarlatina was second on the list of nine admissions. Other cases treated were cerebrospinal fever, three cases; typhus, smallpox, mumps and acute tonsilitis, one case of each disease. 21 mental cases continued to receive treatment in the Russian Orthodox Confraternity Hospital, Mental Annexe. In the temporary Sanatorium, 22 cases received treatment. There were five admissions, five discharges and one death. The majority of early cases continued to make satisfactory progress.

The Chinese Isolation Hospital was much busier than during March. 314 cases were admitted with 59 deaths. Measles headed the admission list with 66 cases, 32 of which occurred in refugee camps. Cerebrospinal fever was second with 63 admissions. Scarlatina and diphtheria were again admitted in fairly large numbers to both sections of this hospital. Smallpox showed a further decrease with only 25 admissions.

The Municipal Police Hospital also experienced a busy month. There were 148 admissions, 138 of which were to the Chinese Section. Medical work in the Municipal Gaols followed the usual routine. The V. D. Clinic recorded 1,714 attendances, whilst the T. B. Clinic registered 82 attendances and 12 new cases.

School Medical Service

Municipal Schools showed an average sickness rate of 11.1 per cent. for all schools in a total enrolment of 7,739, a reduction on the previous month of 3.1 per cent. In the Foreign Municipal Schools there was a marked improvement in health records—a reduction of 11.1 per cent. of incidence of sickness being recorded. In the Chinese group of schools, however, the recorded reductions may have been due to school closure during the Spring Holiday.

During April 142 cases of communicable diseases were reported or discovered in the Municipal Schools. Measles and mumps continued to be very prevalent, whilst a marked recrudescence in the incidence of acute conjunctivitis again occurred.

In the Food Division no great change had taken place during the month. Licence fees had been adjusted in several markets in the Eastern District which would assist in relieving the hawker nuisance in the vicinity of these places. Large quantities of the poisonous "Oodung" fish were seized from market stalls and destroyed under supervision. Owing to the difficulty experienced in transporting live stock the pork stalls were reporting a decrease in supplies with a corresponding increase in the price of pork. A new private market was opened in the Connaught/Ferry Road area and has considerably reduced the hawker nuisance. During the latter part of the month the ice cream and cold drink business showed signs of activity, and the usual precautions against hawking and unlicensed sales were taken.

Import Inspection

The number of pigs imported during the month was 25,914 in comparison with 48,496 last month. This considerable decrease is mainly due to disturbed conditions up-country. There was a gratifying decrease in the mortality and injured figures of pigs arriving on the Bund, viz., 0.48 per cent. and 0.34 per cent. respectively.

106,656 vaccinations against smallpox were carried out as compared with 69,818 in March, an increase of 52.7 per cent., due mainly to the 17,823 vaccinations done on "All Flowers' Day" which fell on April 1.

Although the Cholera Inoculation Campaign was not scheduled to commence until April 17, a modified service was started in the Eastern District on April 6. 43,052 inoculations were carried out during the month. Cholera Inoculation Certificates were in great demand, and a special staff had to be detailed to take care of this extra work. On occasions, police assistance was required to regulate the crowds requiring inoculation, who had caused minor damage to furniture and fittings in some of the French Health Offices.

Refugee Camps

41 refugee camps were functioning with a population of 40,835 persons, which showed a reduction of 11 camps and 2,525 refugees. No cases of typhus fever were recorded, and the health of the refugees was satisfactory.

An outstanding feature was the increase in the number of foreigners in the Eastern District due to the influx of Jewish refugees. A third camp was started in Medhurst College, and the top floor of a school in Chaoufoong Road was converted into an isolation block. With further refugees about to arrive, the Jewish Refugee Committee were faced with a serious problem in finding suitable accommodation.

2,613 exposed unclaimed corpses and coffins were cremated. 627 coffins were sent up-country and 710 registered coffins were transported to the burial grounds. Coffins stored in funeral parlours and coffin repositories totalled 18,600, an increase of 842 as compared with the previous month. Supervision over funeral parlours and coffin repositories resulted in the removal for burial of twelve coffins found to be of unsound construction.

Spraying of all known and potential mosquito breeding places commenced on April 3. A total of 7,510 gallons of larvicide was used in the weekly treatment of some 406 water accumulations comprising approximately 375,420 square feet of water surface.

Special measures were taken to control mosquito breeding in the raft waters of large buildings. 3,040 Gambusia affinis mosquito fish were transferred from the hatcheries to forty-four private ornamental ponds.

PRIVATE Thomas Richardson, of the 9th Battalion Durham Light Infantry, has been adjudged the best cook in the Territorial Army at Aldershot. Apparently he taught himself during his term of unemployment by helping his wife with the cooking for their five young children. He is aged 35. The family live at Clarke Street, Gateshead Durham and have an income of £1. 19s. 6d. in unemployment relief. Richardson's motto is: Never waste anything that will make a meal. Champion cook of the Regular Army is Sergeant Thomas Edward Carney aged 26 of the 1st South Lancashire Regiment.

Children's Home Issues Report

Door of Hope Publishes Results of Work During Past Year

Rescuing sing song girls, domestic slaves, orphans and street waifs, the Door of Hope and Children's Refuge has cared for a total of 500 children during the past year, according to a report recently issued by the organization. Of this number some 300 are maintained in the Children's Refuge, 100 in the first year home, 50 in the industrial home and 50 in the hospital. A total of 58 in-patients and 500 outpatients were treated at the hospital in 1938.

The receiving home, where all entrants to the institution are kept for a time prior to entrance into one of the various divisions, took in 112 girls of whom 45 were later sent to the first year home and 34 to the children's refuge.

Work Helps Pay Expenses

The Door of Hope, an organization designed to care for unfortunates under the age of fifteen maintains, besides the receiving home and the hospital, three other divisions. In each of these some work is provided for the children, and according to the report the knitting which has been done in the children's refuge, the manufacture of dolls which is carried out in the first year home and the embroidery work which has been done in the industrial home have all brought in good returns which help to pay for the expenses of the institution.

Members of the home have, in many cases, colourful pasts, as some of the girls have been rescued from sing song houses, others have arrived with their families from the provinces, and still others have been rescued from households where they were being kept as slaves. Several interesting biographies of girls now kept at the home are contained in the report and the surprising fact that some of the inmates are unwilling guests is revealed. Some of the girls who have been taken from better class sing song houses where they have been dressed in silks and satins and allowed to entertain appreciative guests do not readily accustom themselves to the more sedate regime maintained in the Refuge. Most of these girls come to the home after having been taken from their "guardians" because they were under fifteen years of age.

Many Have Colourful Pasts

Other inmates are turned over to the home after the police have found them wandering the streets alone, and the stories the unfortunates tell range all the way from escapes from burning cities in the interior to kidnappings in Canton. Not all of the girls are orphans however, as the Refuge takes in some children upon the request of parents who are unable to support them and yet do not want to sell them or give them up for adoption.

Given an education and taught a means of livelihood, many of the girls are able to find positions when they are of an age to leave the Door of Hope. Some marry, and others, trained as nurses and teachers, take up work in the institution or in the refugee camps where they have been of great help during the present period of trouble in Shanghai.

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FOR SALE, baby's carriage, bed and play pen. Telephone 72612. 12976

FILET gloves in 25 latest shades, 40 cents; lace curtains, $3.20; 54-in. cross-stitch tea-sets, $2.10; appenzell pillow cases, 90 cents. Latest creations in stock at lowest prices in China. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road (first-floor). 14992

BURROUGHES & Watts full-size billiard table for sale, in first-class condition, with accessories. Address Box 3657, NCDN. 12968

DO you know the world-known mosquito defence, Knockout? Apply to Périguaud, Fabrication des Production Cosmetiques. 454 Kinchow Road. -6987

A NEW shipment of featherweight English material for shirts and pyjamas on hand for making the summer more tolerable. Shirts made to measure $6.50. Razon's, shirt specialist, 12 Central Road. 12585

COLLECTION China, Treaty Ports, rare stamps, errors. Stephens Stamp Company, Medhurst Apartment A1, Telephone 37837. -6303

PATHE baby cine camera with projector and screen, good condition, $200. Telephone office 80030, home 70341. -7037

TWO bedrooms, one dining-room sets, for sale. 291 Amiral Courbet. View from 1-4, ask Doorman. -7077

NEW gasoline engine generator, 150W, 20A, 7.5V, $260. Windcharger 6V, 20A, $160. Western electric battery charger 15-30A, $125. Apply 361 Avenue Foch. -7094

SINGLE, double crepe and serviceable chiffon stockings, from $2.40. 461 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 53. -6929

SHIRTS. Made to measure. Guaranteed fast colour. English Cellular, $7.50; Duro, $8.50; Tootal, $12.50. Razon's, Central Road. 12603

NICK'S second-hand furniture store. Buying and selling new and second-hand furniture, household effects. 146A Route des Sœurs (inside). Telephone 73937. -6012

FOR SALE, American baby-grand, Chickering Boston walnut casing. Apply Telephone 71764. -6295

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before May 25, after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 2846, 3205, 3253, 3262, 3265, 3288, 3374, 3384, 3390, 3392, 3436, 3498, 3549, 3630, 3666, 3670, 3685, 3693, 3739, 3783, 3784, 3839, 3875, 3877.

Motor Cars and Cycles

CASH for Austin recent model or will exchange for Ford 1937. Replies Box 4182, NCDN. -7111

RENAULT 1932, 4-door sedan perfect condition throughout, bargain. Telephone 70766 for demonstration. -7149

1932 Plymouth, four cylinders, four-door sedan, for sale at $1,650. Apply to Shanghai Motors Service, 555 Avenue Foch, Telephone 78305. -7157

FOR SALE, two-seater Morris car just overhauled and ducoed, new battery, economical. 24 m.p.g. Price $750. Owner leaving. Telephone 74941, Room 10. -7141

STUDEBAKER President, 1934, 8 cylinders, excellent condition, two new tyres. $3,000. Apply Box 4176, NCDN. -7102

MAJESTIC motors. Authorised Nash distributors. Bubbling Well Road, corner Hardoon Road, Telephone 39893. 12889

FOR monthly service or any repair job call on Shanghai Motors, 425 Rue Ratard, Telephone 73135. -5713

FOR SALE, Hotchkiss 1934, six-cylinder 16 h.p. Good condition. Reasonable price. Telephone office 80030, home 70341. -7037

STANDARD Nine saloon, good running order, bargain $1,250. Owner must sell. Telephone 22853, 1-30 to 2-30 or after 6. -7078

FOR SALE, used Benz open touring car, price $1,800, cost originally about ten times this amount at old exchange. On view Bills Motors. 12936

FOR SALE, Chevrolet Standard sedan 1936 in excellent condition. Owner leaving. Address Box 4169, NCDN. 12951

REQUIRED for cash, second-hand four-door sedan. State particulars and lowest price. Reply Box 4173, NCDN. 12952

FOR SALE, 1933 Fiat Balilla, 2-door sedan, good appearance and condition. $1,800 or nearest offer. Telephone 76469 from 12.30 to 1.30 or 5.30 to 7 p.m. -7069

BRITISH economical sedan, 6-cylinder, 1934 model. Smart-looking, perfect running (owner-driven). Please telephone till noon 34612. -7095

FOR SALE, Austin 10/4 1935, 1 owner, excellent condition throughout, £120. Apply Stonyer Telephone 30010. -7046

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -6418

FOR SALE: second-hand, two-seater Pontiac in good condition. Telephone 15615 during, and 21481 after, office hours. 12916

WANTED used motor cars, any model, pay cash. Telephone 39935. -5981

Office Cars

LADY requires lift twice/thrice, Gascogne/Szechuen Road. Address Box 4195, NCDN. -7131

Houses and Land

FOR SALE, $87,000, apartment building, French Concession. 25 rooms, 11 bathrooms and kitchens, 12 servants' rooms. Title-deed land. Box 4043, NCDN. -6899

WANTED to buy, small house with land, price not exceeding $15,000. Settlement/French Concession. Box 4202, NCDN. -7145

CHOICEST residential lot near Avenue Petain. Area 0.800 to one mow approximately. Sold at reasonable price. Apply Telephone 12048 C. G. Hoh after 11 a.m. or 2.30 p.m. -7152

WELL-designed and solidly-constructed modern residence of eight rooms. Well-laid-out garden. Large garage, ample servants' quarters. Area 1.473. Address Box 3991, NCDN. -6790

FOR SALE, leasehold property in one of most exclusive residential districts of the French Concession, 21 years to run. Area mow 3.168. Buildings consist of four well-constructed modern residences. Annual rental $9,600. For further particulars please address Box 3992, NCDN. -6791

Summer Resorts

SUMMER resort Novina, Lukomorie, Yankovsky, North Korea. Cool summer, trout fishing, bathing in sea, river and hot springs. Beautiful scenery. Motor-car drives. Picnics. Personal interview with Mr. Yankovsky till June 1, mornings till 10 a.m. 132 Route Vallon, Apartment 18, Telephone 72774. -7110

SPEND your Summer at peaceful Weihaiwei. British Naval Summer resort, sunny bathing beaches, lovely walks in the hills. Furnished bungalows at Half Moon Bay. Moderate rentals. Apply Lavers & Clark, Weihaiwei. 12967

FOR RENT, Peitaiho beach: cottage, facing sea, 2 minutes from beach, 2 bedrooms and 1 small bedroom, living room, large verandah half glassed-in, 2 bathrooms. Crockery, cooking utensils, 6 beds with mattresses, pillows. Electric lights, well, garden. $600 the season. The house is open and ready for occupation on June 1, 1939. Box 4193, NCDN. -7129

TSINGTAO. Excellent accommodation available. All private bathrooms. Apply Mrs. Ellis, American Villa, Tsingtao. -6999

TSINGTAO. Good accommodation in first-class boarding-house available, close to German and Strand Beaches. Excellent food, moderate rates. For further particulars address Mrs. Wasselewsky, 39 Lai-Yang Road, Tsingtao, or telephone 12255, 10-10.30, 1.30-2.30. -6606

TSINGTAO, Iltis Huk. Villa Lucia, first-class Italian pension. Large rooms with sea view. Garden. Home-grown vegetables. 4 Chih Chuan Road, Tsingtao. -5491

BEAUTIFUL Peitaiho Beach: Splendid properties for sale; a few good furnished villas left for rent. For all particulars, address "Eastham," Peitaiho Agency, States Hotel, Tientsin. 12501

Offices, Shops, Godowns

ENGLISH professional man requires very small or part office space. Telephone 11932. 12959

TO LET in foreign dress-shop, window and shop space for milliner. Bubbling Well district. Box 4144, NCDN. -7050

Wanted to Rent

TWO/three rooms wanted with bathroom and kitchen. Furnished or unfurnished. Unger, Burlington Hotel, Room 315. -7136

WANTED furnished apartment or room with private entrance and private bath. Settlement preferred. Box 3920, NCDN. -6669

WANTED furnished apartment or house. Willing pay best price for furniture and key-money. Telephone 74850. -5798

WANTED three/four-roomed apartment or four/five-roomed house; unfurnished or partly furnished. Address Box 3880, NCDN. -6609

WANTED furnished house or residence, six/eight rooms. Telephone 76039. -7092

WANTED immediately unfurnished flat or small house, three bedrooms, two living rooms, bathroom; rent not to exceed $250 a month. Address Box 4170, NCDN. 12954

WANTED house or residence, five-ten rooms. Willing to take over furniture, fittings. Telephone 78499. -5798

Radios

RCA Victor Console radio phonograph model 9U all wave automatic record changer, plays eight ten or twelve inch records, with 60 Victor records classical and modern and two special shortwave antennas. All in excellent condition. Like new. $1,200 local currency. Telephone 12558. Ask for Miss Brown. 12970

FOR radio repair call International Radio Service, 9 Cardinal Mercier, Telephone 75897. -5705

COMPLETE line of RCA-Victor radios in stock. Radio Corporation of Asia, 361 Avenue Foch. Telephone 86964. -6180

SALE. Used Victor 10T radio phonograph, $140 and Philco car-radio $110. 361 Avenue Foch, Telephone 86964. -7094

Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private-class lessons, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -6768

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given, readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, 10-7 p.m., 153 Nanking Road, Flat A2, fourth floor. Room 401. Telephone 12160. -6792

LADY gives general and reducing massage to ladies only. At client's home. Telephone 74618, ask Small Room. -6936

LADY gives general massage, pedicure, from 11-8, 304 Kiangse Road, First Floor, Flat 5. -6701

1205 BUBBLING WELL Road, Apartment 15, Massage. -6248

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road. Apartment 30. Second Floor. 12462

LADY gives electric massage, manicure, pedicure, removes ingrown nails. Flat 9, Central Arcade, upstairs, corner Szechuen, from Ezra Road. Also at client's home. Telephone 11984. -6826

Rooms Without Board

FROM June 1. Well-furnished room, modern conveniences, separate bathroom, to let. With/without board. Bachelors preferred. Telephone 76297. -7113

LARGE room, furnished or unfurnished, ground floor, with use of kitchen, vicinity Roi Albert. Address Box 4188, NCDN. -7120

JUST redecorated, well-furnished room, two box-rooms. 455 Rue Lafayette, 104 Park Apartment. Telephone 32912. -7140

LARGE furnished room, all conveniences, steam-heating, lift, roof-garden, frigidaire, balcony. Apartment centre Concession. Telephone 75914. -7162

TO LET, large room with separate bathroom and verandah. Board if desired. 2 Avenue Petain. -7165

FURNISHED, large, south room with all modern conveniences. Bathroom attached. Meals optional. 1060/14 Avenue Edward VII Racecourse Apartments. -7156

FURNISHED rooms to let. 117 Route Vallon. -7142

DENTAL Surgeon gewaehrt Mitbenutzung grossen Raumes in bester Lage. Schriftliche Offerten an Dr. Silbermann, c/o Swan Cafe, 86 Broadway. -7106

TO LET: very large room in apartment, well-furnished, all conveniences, hot water, telephone. View after 2 p.m. 7 Route Grouchy, Apartment 1. -7091

TWO, well-furnished rooms, all comforts, garden, best residential district French Concession, to let. Reply Box 4190, NCDN. -7124

FRENCH Concession near tram, nicely furnished large room, private telephone, bath attached, balcony, quiet, breakfast optional. For single person. Address Box 4196, NCDN. -7131

LARGE, beautifully furnished room, single person or two bachelors; or two-roomed apartment, suitable couple, south, large verandah, all modern conveniences. Avenue Road, Telephone 38658. -7128

ONE or two; big, south, furnished room, with balcony. 7th floor. Board optional. French Concession. Telephone 78469. -7053

COSY, furnished room in quiet house. All conveniences. Garden. Bachelor only. Bus stops 7/9. House 600/1 Avenue Haig. -6958

DESIRABLE accommodation available, steamheated, quiet, clean house, for transient guests, daily terms $3-$5. Telephone 74982. -5819

VERY nice room, bath, verandah, nice garden, telephone. From June 1. 7 Columbia Road corner Great Western Road. Bus 2 stop. -6746

TWO well-furnished rooms in apartment to let for four months. Reply Box 4162, NCDN. -7099

COMFORTABLE, furnished room, for single gentleman, preferably British, in private house, very quiet, all modern conveniences, near bus, tram stops, in western district. Telephone 73544.

LARGE room offered to young girl to share with another. 34 Route Grouchy, Top Floor. Witlin. -6916

Rooms with Board

LARGE, south facing, double room, in English-owned house. Mrs. Chalmers, 45 Route Ghisi, Telephone 78219. 12931

BEAUTIFUL, large room for married couple, private bathroom and verandah. Lovely garden, excellent cuisine. 90 Route des Soeurs, proximity Cercle Sportif. -7045

FURNISHED rooms and apartments, all conveniences. Excellent board. New house. 2032 Avenue Joffre, corner Haig. -7054

Furnished Houses

5-roomed furnished house, newly done up for rent. Fixtures and furniture to be taken over for $500.—Low rent. Inquire 234 Broadway East. -4215

TO responsible party, agreeable summer residence, big garden, six main rooms, French Concession, $350, four months from June 15. Box 4183, NCDN. -7114

Furnished Apartments

IN centre of Bubbling Well, three big roomed apartment, furnished or unfurnished. Suitable for doctor, office, residence. Telephone 76754, Agent. -7147

TW